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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIV NO. 288 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

WILL The KING ABDICATE?

Press Pleads For Way Out Of "Impasse"

"King's Wife Need Not Be Queen"

PREMIER DISCREDITS SUGGESTION

Baldwin's Uncompromising Attitude

Commons Pause And Ponder

Mr. Baldwin's exhaustive statement in the Commons repudiating the suggestion that the King's wife need not be queen, that the Government were not prepared to make any new legislation to overcome the difficulty and that the Dominions would not give their assent in that respect, made some members of the House pause and ponder and reserve the expression of their views till the next sitting.

CALAMITY MUST BE AVERTED

The British Press is almost unanimous in its view that the King's abdication, if it is allowed to happen, will be a calamity for the Empire and hopes a way may be found out of the present impasse.

COMMONS MEET IN TENSE ATMOSPHERE

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Throughout its long history, the House of Commons rarely met in such an atmosphere of tension as this afternoon when it assembled in force to hear the Prime Minister's statement, regarding the King. This turned out to be inconclusive in so far as it afforded no solution of the present situation but did make it clear that certain suggested possibilities in the nature of a compromise must be ruled out.

The proceedings were followed attentively from the Peers' gallery by several members of the Cabinet and others. The loud cheers which greeted Mr. Baldwin on entering the House showed that he had the sympathy and support of all parties in his difficult position.

EXISTING LAW STANDS.

The subject was reintroduced in the form of a question by Major Attlee. Mr. Baldwin rising immediately declared there was no constitutional foundation for the suggestion that the King's wife need not be the Queen. As the cheers subsided, he added there was no such thing known to our law as a Morganatic marriage. More loud cheering punctuated the declaration that Government were not prepared to introduce legislation to overcome the existing law on the subject.

A deep impression was created by his assertion that he was satisfied from enquiries that the Dominions, whose assent was necessary to a change, would not agree. That was as far as Mr. Baldwin went and Major Attlee's only comment was that the statement was one which would require the House's very great consideration.

MR. BALDWIN

No New Legislation

Continuing Mr. Baldwin said:

The Royal Marriages Act of 1772 has no application to the Sovereign himself. Its only effect is that the marriage of any other member of the Royal family is null and void unless the Sovereign's consent declared under the Great Seal is first obtained. This Act has nothing to do with the present case. The King himself requires no consent from any other authority to make his marriage legal; but as I said, the lady whom he marries, by the fact of her marriage to the King necessarily becomes Queen. She herself, therefore, enjoys all the status, rights and privileges which, both by position in law and custom, attach to that position and with which we have been familiar in the cases of her late Majesty Alexandra and Queen Mary and her children would be in the direct line of succession to the Throne. The only possible way in which this result could be avoided would be by legislation dealing with a particular case. His Majesty's Government are not prepared to introduce such legislation.

NO COMMENT YET.

At the conclusion of Mr. Baldwin's statement, Major Attlee said at this stage it would be undesirable to comment or discuss the Prime Minister's statement. It is one to which we should all have to give the greatest consideration."

No further questions were put and the House adjourned.—Reuter.

The members gathered in groups on the gangways and the floor of the House.

It is understood that the Premier is remaining in Downing Street during the week-end instead of paying his usual visit to Chequers.—

KING'S WIFE NEED NOT BE QUEEN?

Premier Clears Misunderstanding

Replying to Major Attlee Mr. Baldwin said the suggestions had appeared in certain organs of the Press that if the King decided to marry, his wife need not become the Queen. These ideas were without any constitutional foundation. There was no such thing as Morganatic marriage known to our law. Government were not prepared to introduce legislation to facilitate the King's proposed marriage.

"Moreover, the matters to be dealt with are of common concern to the Commonwealth as a whole and such a change could not be effected without the assent of all Dominions. I am satisfied from inquiries I have made that the assent would not be forthcoming. I have felt it right to make this statement before adjournment of the House to-day in order to remove widespread misunderstanding. At the moment I have no other statement to make."—Reuter.

47 KILLED & 40 WOUNDED

Casualties Sustained By Tribesmen According To Govt. Communique

NEW DELHI, Dec. 4.

Forty-seven were killed, 40 were severely wounded and others wounded are estimated in the minimum at seventy. These casualties were sustained by tribesmen during the military operations of the Government in the Khaisora Valley between November 25 and 27, says a communique issued today.

The communique adds:—

"Following the Government intentions in the Khaisora Valley the representatives of the Zarinai Wazir section of Lower Khaisora absented themselves. A certain Shaktu Mahsud Jirga has deposited rifles as security for good behaviour. Normal tribal caravans conveying timber down the Tochi Valley to Bannu, have continued this traffic as usual.

"The Faqir of Ipi remains in the neighbourhood of the lower Khaisora Valley. He is endeavouring to obtain support and collect hostile persons.

"Since November 27, when the columns reached Mir Ali, with the exception of an attack on armoured cars near Damdil there has been no clash between tribesmen. The Mir Ali area has been quiet"—United Press.

TRIBESMEN'S CLASH WITH AFGHANS

QUETTA Dec. 4.

News has been received here of a clash between Afghan sepoys and several tribesmen in the Chaman district across the Chaman Frontier.

It is stated that these tribesmen were returning to the Afghan territory bringing with them several sheep, the export of which is restricted from Afghanistan. They were confronted by the Afghan sepoys and in the encounter shots were exchanged and one Afghan sepoy was killed, while the tribesmen retreated into British territory with one wounded.

An enquiry into the incident is being conducted by the extra-Assistant Commissioner, Chaman. —A. P.

Intense Activity In Downing Street

LONDON, December 4.

King Edward was early astir after snatching about four hours' sleep, but he was not seen taking his early morning stroll in the gardens of Fort Belvedere, as is his usual practice.

Intense activity in Downing Street was resumed this morning prior to the Cabinet meeting which was held in the House of Commons before the House met.

Visitors to No. 10 included the Private Secretary to the Duke of York.

It is learned that Mrs. Simpson is at present staying with friends in one of the home counties believed to be Surrey.—Reuter.

DIMITROFF AND LITVINOFF AT LOGGERHEADS

Moscow Quarrel Over Line Of Action Regarding Spain And Germany

MOSCOW, Nov. 25.
(By Air Mail.)

An intense party fight amongst the big guns of the Kremlin has been going on ever since the beginning of the Spanish Civil War.

The International section, headed by the Bulgarian, Comrade Dimitroff, Secretary of the Third International, has been urging on two lines of action: open support of the legitimate Government and taking a strong line in regard to the insolent attitude of Berlin.

What may be called the Moderate Party led by Litvinoff, however, has been advocating a policy of the closest collaboration with France and Britain and to that extent subordinate the sympathy of the Soviet masses for the Spanish people.

The matter has now come to a head over the trial of several Germans [illegible] trials. To the German demand that the German Engineer Stierling, sentenced to death in a Siberian Court should be pardoned, the International section want to reply with a speedy carrying out of the sentence.

Secondly, the International section believes that it is time that the Kremlin called the German Bluff once for all.—United Press.

ARBITRATORS DIFFER

Ahmedabad Wage Dispute May Have To Be Decided By Umpire

WARDHAGANJ, December 4.

Differing awards are understood to have been given by Mahatma Gandhi and Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai on the question of the proposed wage cut in the Ahmedabad mills referred to them as arbitrators. They have issued the following statement:—

"Certain definite matters have been referred to us by the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association and the Ahmedabad Labour Association for arbitration. We had a three-days' conference with the respective representatives at Wardha and Shegaon. We hope to deliver our awards not later than the 15th instant."

From a talk with one of the millowners, it is learned that Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai contended that there was a case for the millowners as regards the wage cut, whereas Gandhiji did not concur with this view. It is, therefore, expected that the two arbitrators will issue differing awards and the will naturally necessitate the appointment of an Umpire to give his final judgment.

Seth Kasturbhai is proceeding to Delhi to-morrow.

For want of time other questions in the dispute were not taken up and evidence in respect of these will be submitted in writing.—A.P.

Baldwin Consults High Commissioners

LONDON, Dec. 4.

There are indications in well informed quarters that as a result of last night's events when the King was in touch with his mother and brothers as well as the Premier, the situation has now been considerably ameliorated.

ACCEPTABLE TO ALL?

It is believed that a proposal, which it is hoped, will be acceptable to all concerned—the King, Cabinet and the Dominion Governments—is now under consideration.

Mr. Baldwin is consulting the High Commissioners to-day.

It is unlikely, however, that any public pronouncement will be made during the day.—Reuter.

SEARCH FOR WAY OUT

The statement that the situation is ameliorated (which is issued here by the Press Association) as the result of a proposal which is now being considered providing a way out which would be found acceptable to all, throws light on Mr. Churchill's request in the House of Commons to Mr. Baldwin yesterday asking him to give an assurance that no irrevocable step would be taken before a formal statement had been made in Parliament and Mr. Baldwin's promise to consider the question.

STOP PRESS

LONDON: Dec. 4.

Mr. Baldwin's marriage declaration ends Parliamentary week which demonstrated the traditional ability of the Commons to unite under the head of the Government in a moment of national crisis. While national affection and sympathy for the King has been evident throughout, there is marked confidence in the Prime Minister manifested from all parts of the House.

Normal reaction from unanimity on big occasions has revealed Labour minority willing to contemplate the proposed marriage. Also a split in the Opposition Liberal ranks, and also Conservative minority opposed to abdication.—Reuter.

47 TRIBESMEN KILLED.

NEW DELHI, Dec. 4.

The following Communique has been issued:—

An announcement of the intentions of the Government in connection with the situation in Khaisora Valley was made to the Tori Khel, Wazir and Shaktu Mahsud Jirgas on 2nd December. Representatives of the Zarinai Wazir section of lower Khaisora absented themselves.

Following reliable information has been received regarding casualties sustained by tribesmen during the operations between 25th and 27th November in Khaisora valley: killed 47, severely wounded 40, other wounded estimated minimum 70.—A. P.

People Do Not Want King To Abdicate

SUPPORT TO WEDGWOOD

General Election Will Show Country Is Behind Their Sovereign

Col. Wedgwood has received fifty letters and telegrams supporting his view that at all costs the King must not abdicate and that a General Election would find the country behind the King.

Popular Support

Further evidence that the people in England are behind their Sovereign was witnessed at the Albert Hall on Thursday night when large crowds called out cheers to the King and sang the "National Anthem" with unprecedented fervour.

Fleet Street Alarm

Fleet Street has also, it would appear, changed its tone in response to the popular reaction to the intense feelings worked up by the politicians. It seems to be alarmed at the disaster that would befall Britain if the King abdicated.

Calamitous To Empire

"The Daily Mail" declares that "the people want their King" and says that his abdication would be calamitous to the Empire "The King and his Ministers must find a way out which they can do if they leave no avenue unexplored".

"Are We To Lose Him?"

"The Daily Express" asks: "Are we to lose the King or keep him?" while the "News Chronicle" says that there is growing sympathy for the King and a widespread feeling that his abdication would be a calamity.

COUNTRY BEHIND KING

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The King Edward remained at Fort Belvedere. During the morning the Duke of York drove to Marlborough House and had consultation with Queen Mary.

ALL AT DOWNING STREET.

Meanwhile, the Cabinet, after sitting for two hours adjourned just before lunch. It is likely that the discussions will be almost continuous, as all Ministers have cancelled their engagements for the day.

COUNTRY BEHIND KING.

Col. Wedgwood has received fifty letters and telegrams supporting his view that at all costs the King must not abdicate and that a General Election would find the country behind the King.

CANADA'S HOPE.

Ottawa: The Canadian public is anxiously awaiting news of the constitutional developments in Britain. The situation is being discussed everywhere and unquestionably the predominant feeling is the hope that the King, who is held in such deep esteem and affection in Canada, will follow the advice of his Ministers.—Reuter's Special.

MRS. SIMPSON

PRESS SYMPATHY FOR KING

The growing popular reluctance to see the King abdicate has found expression in several National papers with big circulations this morning.

The "Daily Mail" referring to the Albert Hall meeting last night at which a gathering of 7,000 cheered the King and sang the National Anthem with unusual fervour says that abdication is out of the question, because its possibilities of mischief are endless and its effect on the Empire would be calamitous, depriving the Commonwealth of a ruler who has exactly the gifts and knowledge required for its service in a period of unprecedented international crisis. It must never happen.

The King and his Ministers must find a way out, which they can do if they leave no avenue unexplored. The people want their King. The Nation's heart goes out to him who has served the Empire so faithfully and zealously.

The "Daily Express" asks:—Are we to lose the King or to keep him? He knows the answer that the people want to hear, but it must not be good-bye, for the citizens of these shores would say that word only with hearts loaded with grief and heads bowed in sorrow.

Mrs. SIMPSON'S MOVEMENTS

PARIS, Dec. 4.

There is every reason to believe that Mrs. Simpson arrived at Dieppe by the night boat from Newhaven. She left at 02.50 hrs. for Rouen by motor where she spent the night, proceeding from there to Cannes.

The other occupants of her car were two persons, one of whom is believed to be a Scotland Yard official and the other her Secretary.

A later message records her arrival at Villa Trianon Versailles.—Reuter.

Mrs. Simpson For Rouen

PARIS, Dec. 4.

Mrs. Simpson and her companions lunched at a hotel at Evreux. Mrs. Simpson then telephoned to London. Later she left by motor car for Rouen.—Reuter's Special.

Mrs. SIMPSON PASSES ORLEANS

ORLEANS, Dec. 4.

Mrs. Simpson passed through here proceeding southwards.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted, good-looking, educated Bride (16) knowing Tamil or Kanarese, for well established Brahmin youth. Write with photo Box No. 7378, "Bombay Chronicle."

Young gentleman (Diplomaed Accountant) of a respectable Roman Catholic family and well settled in life wishes to marry an educated, beautiful and fair girl of a respectable family. No communal restrictions. Correspondence confidential. Please write with full particulars and photo if possible to Box No. 7373, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a Gujarati L.C.P.S. as a House Surgeon for Dr. Chamanlal Mehta's Hospital for Women, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. Salary Rs. 50—10—100 with bachelor quarters and board. Apply with testimonials. (7381).

Wanted a fully trained Nurse, Bombay qualified, Hindu or Christian for Dr. Chamanlal Mehta's Hospital for Women, Sandhurst Road, Bombay. Knowledge of English essential. Salary Rs. 50-5-80. No quarters. Apply in writing with testimonials. (7381).

Wanted an educated Hindu Lady knowing some handicraft and without encumbrances to work as Assistant Superintendent. Boarding and lodging free. Apply stating terms:—Secretary, Shradhanand Mahilashram, Matunga, Bombay. (7370).

Wanted an expert dyer with practical experience in silk dyeing and printing factory in Bombay for a year; for a silk printing firm in Calcutta. Apply with copies of testimonials. Stating expected salary to M. C., Box No. 8903, Calcutta. (7356).

Wanted immediately a Gujarati-knowing B.Sc. Graduate with Mathematics for the Matriculation class. Pay according to qualifications and experience. One with distinction, B.T. or S.T.C. qualifications preferred. Apply stating experience, age, minimum pay, etc., to the Manager, D. E. Italia S. High School, Chikhli (District Surat) on or before 15th December, 1936. (4443).

12. TO BE LET.

To Let—Residential and Office Rooms, Godowns, at moderate rent, "Ramchandra Building," Carnac Road Junction of Picket Road. (7377).

To Let in Ajmer, best business locality, block, first floor for office and residence, one and separate, with water and electricity, consisting of 8 big rooms, bath and kitchen, immediately available, facing Kutchery Road. Apply B. S. Bhargava, Dwarka Bhawan, Ajmer, or D. P. Bhargava, Rajputana Films, Bombay 7. T. No. 42822. (7362).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

Wanted a 5 to 6 rooms house with compound for a small school between Matunga and Dadar. Write particulars to Box No. 7382, "Bombay Chronicle".

27. HOTELS

Dave Hindu Hotel, Mahableshwar, Unique hotel on Royal hill enviably excellent situation. Reputed for best food, service and management. Inquire Dave Sweet Mart, Grant Road Dadar. Phone 42919. (7385)

44. MEDICAL.

Rejuvenation. No Gland Grafting, or Surgical Ligatures. Latest method. Results mystifying. Apply W. Turner, Rejuvenation Specialist, 8, Elphinstone Road, Poona. (7366)

Without Operation and Drugs.—Appendicitis, Epilepsy, Insanity, Eczema, Diabetes, Hysteria, Leocorrhoea. Perfectly cured. Free Prospectus in English, Urdu, Hindi or interview, Dr. R. R. Khetti, New Delhi. (7010).

53 DENTISTS

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th January. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S. Hospital Road, Karachi. (7355).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Admissions for Senior Cambridge December and July examinations are now open. Regular day school started. Staff efficient. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, 379, Lamington Road. (7386).

74 AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted—Booksellers, Stationers, Newspaper Agents, Shopkeepers and Sparetime Canvassers all over India to sell large 20" x 15" Poultry Propaganda Wall Calendars for 1937 (with 12 Numbers on each) retail at four Annas each (postage two annas extra). Handsome Discounts offered on quantities over 25 Copies Delivered Free by Rail in India at Wholesale Trade Rates. Send a Stamp for Free Specimen Sheet with further particulars and Trade Terms. A complete Calendar for 1937 (with 12 Numbers) will be sent Post Free on receipt of six Annas. Apply immediately: The Asian Poultry Institute. 11 West Connaught Road, Poona.

123. FURNITURE.

Gujarat Furniture Works means "Quality Furniture" in Modern style. Showroom and factory, Shree Krishna Panta Nivas, near Prarthana Samaj, Girgaum. Phone 25498. 7316.

132. BEAUTY REQUISITES.

Baltimore's bewitching beauty. Captivator of an emperor's heart?? Just as Baltimore has produced blonde who won over heart of mighty king, so also Baltimore gives the world Koxzema Antiseptic skin and face cream which has proved to be panacea for all skin diseases and beauty increasing, as testified by its sales in America over 14,000,000 jars yearly. Ask your dealer for trial jar for six annas or from United Trading Society, Sole Agents, C-11 Parvati Mansions, Bombay 7. Stockists wanted everywhere. (7383)

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

For sale valuable property at Dadabhai Road, Santa Cruz. Please apply Box No. 7380, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale, Hire or on Long Lease—Up-to-date Studios of two units well equipped with Modern machineries and appliances of rare quality to be found in Indian Studios, Laboratory, etc., with well furnished spacious garden and Tank and two princely houses for rehearsal rooms and other blocks situated in Calcutta, is for sale, hire or on long lease. Apply to Box No. 4423, "Bombay Chronicle."

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikhalwadi.

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(Railway Board).

NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR THE TRANSPORT OF COAL FOR STATE-MANAGED RAILWAYS FROM CALCUTTA TO RANGOON DURING 1937-38.

TENDERS ARE INVITED from Shipping Companies for the transport of approximately 200,000 tons of coal and 940 tons soft smithy coke in bulk from the Port of Calcutta to Rangoon during the period 1st April 1937 to 31st March 1938 in accordance with the programme to be given by the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board.

Tenders are to be deposited in the Tender Box kept in the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, up to 3 P.M. (Calcutta Time) on FRIDAY, the 11th December, 1936 and will be opened in presence of such Tenderers as may like to attend at 3-15 P.M. (Calcutta Time) on that date.

Conditions of Tender may be obtained on application to the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, Calcutta.

The Shipping Company will be required to enter into an Agreement for the transport of the above quantity.

There is no special Tender Form.

J. R. HARRISON,
Chief Mining Engineer,
Railway Board.

Calcutta:
Dated, the 18th Nov. 1936 4350.

MADRAS & SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in England).

NOTICE.

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF COAL DURING 1937-38.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of the following Steam Coal to the Madras & Southern Mahratta Railway during the 12 months ending 31st March 1938:—

Coal to be delivered by sea at Mormugao into wagons to be provided by the Railway ..... Up to 75,000 tons.

2. The coal must be either of Selected Grade or Grade 1, either hand-picked or screened and be free from Shale or other deleterious matter. It must be fresh coal. "Weathered" coal will not be accepted.

3. Forms of Tender, Specifications and Instructions to Tenderer may be obtained from the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, No. 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of Re. 1 for each set.

4. No tender will be considered unless it is submitted in the prescribed Form.

5. The Tenders which may be submitted for the whole or for any portion of the quantity noted above should be addressed in sealed covers to the "Agent, Madras & Southern Mahratta Railway, c/o the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, Calcutta" superscribed "Tenders for the supply of Coal." The Tenders should be lodged in the Tender Box kept in the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, before 11-00 A.M. (Calcutta Time) on FRIDAY, the 11th December, 1936.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender or to assign any reason for non-acceptance; he further reserves the right to accept any Tender wholly or in part at his option.

J.R. HARRISON.
Chief Mining Engineer,
Railway Board.

Calcutta:
Dated, the 18th Nov. 1936. 4348.

WANTED,

TEMPORARY AGRICULTURAL CHEMIST FOR BURMA.

1. Candidates must be British subjects of good character and sound physique, age not to exceed 35 years on 30th June, 1936, except in the case of candidates with exceptional qualifications.

2. Qualifications required:—Honours degree in Chemistry of a British University and a pass in the Examination in Agricultural Chemistry by the Institute of Chemistry, London. Research experience will be regarded as an additional qualification.

3. Selected candidate will be employed on research work in the Agricultural College, Mandalay, and may also be required to lecture to students.

4. The appointment will be on agreement for three years terminable on six months notice on either side. Pay will be offered according to the qualifications of the successful candidate but will in no case exceed Rs. 750. There is no prospect of permanent employment.

5 The successful candidate if selected in India, will get first class passage for himself and family from his place of residence to Mandalay (the headquarters) and return; leave will be admissible according to the Burma Leave Rules applicable to temporary officers.

6. Candidates will have to appear for a personal interview at a suitable place, if necessary, and before a Medical Board for examination.

7 Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support from Government officers or other persons of influence will disqualify him for appointment.

8. Applications on printed forms obtainable from the Registrar, Forest Secretariat, Rangoon, will be received up to the 15th December, 1936.

TIN TUT,
Secretary to the Government of Burma,
Forest Department.

Rangoon,
The 2nd November, 1936.
4296.

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.
For Appointment 'Phone 21627.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of the Insolvent.	Dividend intended to be declared.
1.	7 of 1935.	Khanderao Damoder Gupte	First
2.	10 of 1935.	Florence Purification D'Souza.	"
3.	36 of 1935.	Ivan Robert Honeyford.	"
4.	41 of 1935.	Ratansey Shamji Khona.	"
5.	51 of 1935.	Richard Schooner.	"
6.	71 of 1935.	Joseph Anunciation D'Souza.	"
7.	89 of 1935.	Bhalchandra Krishna Patki.	"
8.	101 of 1935.	Reginald Menezes.	"
9.	110 of 1935.	Lucas Periera.	"
10.	148 of 1935.	Naraindas Tarachand.	"
11.	152 of 1935.	Stephen Joseph Calmiano.	"
12.	186 of 1935.	John Cleridge Hill Newbegging.	"
13.	20 of 1935.	Cecil William Crowe.	First & Final.
14	43 of 1935.	Abdul Rehman Haji Ismail Memon	"
15.	62 of 1935.	Mangesh Narayan Gersappa.	"
16.	69 of 1935.	Hirachand Maganlal Sha.	"
17.	79 of 1935.	Byramji Dadabhoy Workingboxwalla.	"
18.	86 of 1935.	Pallala Vijayaraghava Raju.	"
19.	117 of 1935.	Chiranjilal Harchandrai Poddar and another traded as Sampatrai Bajranglal and as Asarwa Stores.	"
20.	130 of 1935.	Stanley Vere Featherstone.	"
21.	154 of 1935.	Ramji Virji Thucker (Personal).	"
22.	171 of 1935.	Gopinath Abaji Pradhan.	"
23.	384 of 1932.	Shankar Bhiwaji Talekar.	Second
24.	380 of 1932.	Narhar Dinker Phatak.	Second & Final
25.	412 of 1932.	David Reuben	"
26.	58 of 1935.	Motiram Krishnarao Trilokeker	Preferential distribution.
27.	154 of 1935.	Ramji Virji Thucker and Dharamsey Karsondas Thucker traded as Virji Damji and Co., a firm.	"

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the office of the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rents, lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within 14 days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay, this 1st day of December, 1936.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
4442

Public Notices.

THE CENTRAL PROVINCES RAILWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of The Central Provinces Railways Company, Limited, will be held on TUESDAY, the 15th day of December, 1936 at 4-30 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, Home Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1st.—To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 30th September 1936.

2nd.—To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

3rd.—To elect a Director in the place of Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Kt., who retires by rotation, but is eligible and offers himself for re-election.

4th.—To confirm the election of Mr. R. C. Lowndes as a Director.

5th.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

6th.—To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Monday, the 7th to Monday, the 21st December 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 25th November, 1936.
4439.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai JAMNABAI, widow of Naranji Dwarkadas has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client:—

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance mortgage, sale, gift lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 35, Dalal Street, Examiner Press Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:—

All that piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being at Bangaga Road, bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 57 & 58 of Malabar and Cumballa Division and Municipal D Ward No. 3033 and Street No. 91B and admeasuring about 307 square yards.

Dated this 4th day of December, 1936.

HARIDAS & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
4440.

Public Notices.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS and REGISTER OF MEMBERS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th day of December, 1936, to the 19th day of December 1936 both days inclusive.

W. A. C. BROMHAM,
Secretary.

Bombay, 3rd December, 1936.

Legal Notices.

SUMMONS FOR SETTLEMENT OF ISSUES

(Rules 1 and 5, Order V Act, V of 1908).

Civil Suit No. 1B of 1936.

IN THE COURT OF SUB-JUDGE 1ST CLASS AT RAIPUR.

HARIDAS MOHTA .... Plaintiff.
PUNAMCHAND & 4 others. ..... Defendants.
CLAIM Rs. 5,000.

To,

(1) Narayandas Lohati, Commission Agent, Alai-ka-Pallya, Bombay 9.

(2) Balkishan, Broker and Commission Agent, c/o Govindram Narayandas, Silver Hall, Kalkadevi, Bombay No. 2.

(3) Deokishan, Broker and Commission Agent, Brahmin, c/o Govindram Narayandas, Silver Hall, Bombay No. 2.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for dissolution and account of partnership you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person, or by a Pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions on the 14th day of December, 1936, at 11 o'clock in the afternoon to answer the claim; and you are directed to produce on that day all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day beforementioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 2nd day of November, 1936.

(Sd.) J. E. SOLOMAN,
Sub-Judge, 1st Class.
Raipur.
3282

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(Railway Board).

NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF COAL TO THE STATE-MANAGED RAILWAYS AND TO THE ASSAM BENGAL, BENGAL & NORTH WESTERN, MADRAS & SOUTHERN MAHRATTA AND SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAYS DURING THE YEAR 1937-38.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of the following quantities of coal for the above Railways during the period 1st April, 1937 to 31st March, 1938:—,

	Tons.
1. Steam Coal, by Rail ..	32,33,000
2. Steam Coal, by Sea ...	2,00,000
Total	34,33,000
3. Coke Breeze	3,100
4. Soft Coke for Workshop purposes	6,500
5. Hard Coke	4,530
6. Soft Smithy Coke by Sea	940
7. Steam Rubble Coal	6,500

Forms of Tender, Specifications and Instructions to Tenderers may be obtained from the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, No. 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of Re. 1 for each set.

The successful Tenderers will be required to execute an Agreement (paying the Stamp Duty thereon) on a Form provided by the Company-Managed Railways mentioned above, if so desired. The Agents of the Company-Managed Railways do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender or to assign any reason for non-acceptance of Tenders; they reserve the right to accept any Tender wholly or in part.

Tenders should be deposited in the Tender Box, kept in the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, before 11-00 A.M. (Calcutta time) on FRIDAY, the 11th December, 1936 and they will be opened at 11-15 A.M. in the presence of Tenderers on the same day.

J.R. HARRISON,
Chief Mining Engineer,
Railway Board.

Calcutta:
Dated, the 18th Nov. 1936. 4349.

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Public Notices.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

The following plots will be put up for Public Auction in this Office at the time and on the dates shown against them:—

Scheme No.	Estate or locality.	Plot No.	Approximate area in square yards	User	Date of auction at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.)
	EX TRUST PLOTS TO BE LEASED.				
5	Dadar Matunga	264-A	2,500	Shops & Residences	11-12-1936
8	Sandhurst Road East	110	819	„	11-12-1936
37	Sydenham Road.	53-B	354	„	11-12-1936

Copies of full particulars of auction and special conditions relating to each of the plots to be leased with a site plan will be supplied on application to the undersigned on payment of ANNAS EIGHT in each case. Conditions of the Lease and other particulars can be inspected at the office of the undersigned during office hours on any working day except Saturday.

H. M. ABHYANKAR,
Estate Agent & Land Manager.

Bombay, 1st December, 1936 4402

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2039 of 1936.

(1) KARSONDAS TOKARSEY SAMPAT and (2) KESHAVJEE VASANJEE DUTIA both of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitants, residing respectively at Walkeshwar and Charni Road, without the Fort of Bombay the Joint Honorary Secretaries of the Bhatia Bairakshak Vidayalaya Ex-Students' Association on behalf of themselves and all other members of the said Association save and except the Defendants. Plaintiffs

Versus.

(1) JETHMAL LALJI VED and (2) CHANDULAL KARSONDAS SAMPAT, both of Bombay Bhatia Hindu Inhabitants, the 1st residing at Mint Road, within the Fort of Bombay and the last at Matunga without the Fort. ..... Defendants.

To,
The MEMBERS of the Bhatia Bairakshak Vidayalaya Ex-Students' Association.

Sirs,

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wadia on the 20th day of November, 1936, Notice is hereby given under Order 1, Rule 8, of the Code of Civil Procedure that the above suit has been filed in this Hon'ble Court by the abovenamed Plaintiffs on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Bhatia Bairakshak Vidayalaya Ex-Students' Association inter-alias against Jethmal Lalji Ved and Chandulal Karsondas Sampat the defendants abovenamed for the following reliefs:—

(a) That the Defendants may be ordered to sign the withdrawal slip and/or to do all acts necessary for the purpose of enabling the Plaintiffs to withdraw the moneys standing in the said Home Savings Bank account in the Central Bank of India Ltd., mentioned in the Plaint herein.
(b) that for the aforesaid purposes all necessary directions may be given and Orders passed.
(c) that pending the hearing and final disposal of the Suit a Receiver with all necessary powers may be appointed to take charge of the said moneys.
(d) that pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit the defendants may be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Hon'ble Court from withdrawing or dealing with the said moneys.
(e) that the defendants may be ordered to pay the plaintiffs costs of the suit.
(f) that the Plaintiffs may have such further and other reliefs as the nature of the case may require.

AND PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the 17th day of December 1936 has been fixed for the hearing and final disposal of the said suit.

Dated this 1st day of December, 1936.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

This 1st day of December, 1936.
Messrs. TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO.,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.

4444.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1963 of 1936.

(1) RATANSEY DAMJI and (2) VELJI KHIMJI. of Bombay Jain Inhabitants, residing at Mandvi without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1) DAMJI SHAMJI, of Bombay Jain Inhabitant, residing at Ghatkopar, Bombay Suburban district sole, trustees of the Pinjrapole at Jakhau (Cutch) and (2) MANEKJI VELJI, and (3). HIRJI DEVJI BHAGAT both of Bombay Jain Inhabitants, residing at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay on behalf of themselves and all other members of the Cutchi Desha Oshwal Jain Mahajan of Jakhau (Cutch) ..... Defendants.

To,
The members of the Cutchi Dasha Oshwal Jain Mahajan of Jakhau.

Sirs,

Pursuant to the Order made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Wadia on the 6th day of November, 1936, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order 1 Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that the above suit has been filed by the plaintiffs abovenamed inter-alia against Manekji Velji and Hirji Devji Bhagat the defendants. Nos. 2 & 3 for themselves and for and on behalf of all the members of the Cutchi Dasha Oshwal Jain Mahajan of Jakhau for the following reliefs:—

(a) that the first defendant be removed from his office of trustee.
(b) that the first defendant be ordered to render an account of his management and administration of the said Pinjrapole and the said funds.
(c) That a scheme be framed for the management and administration of the said trust funds and that proper person or persons be appointed trustee or trustees thereof.
(d) that it may be ordered that the said trust funds do vest in the said newly appointed trustee or trustees and that the first defendant do hand over to the said newly appointed trustee or trustees the trust estate, if any, in his possession.
(e) That for the purposes aforesaid all accounts be taken inquiries made, directions given and orders passed as this Honourable Court may think proper.
(f) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit a receiver be appointed of the trust funds with such powers as this Honourable Court may think proper.
(g) that pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit the first defendant be restrained by an order and injunction of this Honourable Court from dealing with or disposing of the trust estate if any, in his possession.
(h) that some provision be made for the Plaintiffs' costs of this suit.
(i) for such further and other reliefs as the nature of the case may require.

AND PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the 8th day of February has been fixed for the hearing and final disposal of the said suit.

Dated this 16th day of November, 1936.

JHAVERY & CO.,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.

4441.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

A PUBLIC AUCTION for the sale of right of opening a Vacuum Pan Sugar Factory at Sri Ganganagar in the Gang Canal Colony area of the Bikaner State will be held in the Office of the Colonization Minister, Sri Ganganagar, on the 15th January, 1937. The period of license will be tenable for 20 years in the first instance renewable every year on the terms of the license.

The Government of Bikaner have already under contemplation introduction of a Company Law on the lines approximately of similar law in British India.

Full particulars may be had on application personally or by post and license form on payment of Re. 1 from the,
COLONIZATION MINISTER,
Sri Ganganagar,
(Bikaner State.)
4445.

BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION (BOMBAY BRANCH.)

Under the auspices of the Bombay Branch of the British Medical Association, a meeting of the Medical Profession will be held on MONDAY, 14th December, 1936, at 6 p.m. at the Anatomy Theatre of the Grant Medical College.

Dr. G. C. ANDERSON, M.D., Secretary of the British Medical Association, London, will address the Meeting. All members of the Medical Profession are cordially invited to attend.

4424

THE DHARAMSI MORARJI CHEMICAL CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Registered OFFICE, Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of December, 1936, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To approve and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts as at 31st December, 1935.
2. To elect Directors who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 4th day of December, 1936, to the 28th day of December, 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
DHARAMSI MORARJI & CO.,
Agents.
Sudama House, Wittet Road,
Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay,
25th November, 1936.

4425

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co. of complete Bungalow Furniture, Godrej "D" quality safe, Godrej double mirror Steel Cabinet, H. M. V. Gramophone, Singer Foot Machine, Remington and Corona portable typewriters, Zunda Cabinet, Organ, Perambulator, Chesterfield sets, Paris Safe, Drawing Room Cabinet, etc.

N. Y. K. LINE

Passage Rates from Bombay.

	SINGLE Cabin	SINGLE T'st.	RETURN Cabin	RETURN T'st
	£	£	£	£
Colombo	7-0	5-0	12-12	9-0
Singapore	19-0	12-0	30-0	18-0
Hongkong	26-0	17-0	46-16	30-0
Shanghai	30-0	19-0	50- 0	30-0
Kobe	35-0	22-0	50- 0	30-0
Yokohama	36-0	23-0	50- 0	30-0

Reduced Through Rates to San Francisco Los Angeles, Vancouver and Seattle on application.

Revised Passage Rates from Colombo

		London £	M'Seilles £
1st	A	69-0	64-0
	B	66-0	61-0
	C	54-0	49-0
	D	49-0	44-0
2nd	A	44-0	40-0
	B	34-0	30-0
	C	31-0	27-0

Reduced 3rd class Students' Rates from Colombo to Europe on application.

For particulars of passage and sailings etc., please apply to:—
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Lloyds Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone No. 22041. Telegrams: 'YUSEN'.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Appointments And Anncuncements

The Bombay Government Gazette dated December 3, announces the following appointments:—

Mr. M. H. Kazi, Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Pandharpur, to be Extra Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Gokak, and Hukeri, and to work at Hukeri.

Mr. Ganapati Shivram Gaitonde, to be Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge on probation, and to do duty as Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Pandharpur.

Mr. J. H. Chinmulgund, Officiating Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Jalgaon, to officiate as First Class Subordinate Judge, Jalgaon.

Mr. H. P. Suryawanshi, Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum, to be Extra Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Jalgaon, and to officiate as Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Jalgaon.

Mr. D. K. Patil, Additional Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum, to be Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum.

Mr. B. K. Khade, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Chinplun, to be Additional Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Belgaum.

Mr. D. R. Ugrankar, Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Nasik, to be Second Class Subordinate Judge, Chiplun.

Mr. T. P. Ghogale, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Kumta, to be Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Nasik.

Mr. Mukund Khanderao Trilokekar to be a Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge on probation and to do duty as Second Class Subordinate Judge, Kumta.

Mr. H. P. Suryawanshi, Officiating Joint First Class Suboridnate Judge, Jalgaon—Rs. 500—Court of the First Class Subordinate Judge of Jalgaon.

Khan Bahadur Abdul Rehman Taher, J.P., is appointed to be a non-official visitor of His Majesty's House of Correction, Bombay, and the Arthur Road Prison, Bombay.

Mr. J. Simmons, Superintendent of Police, Bombay City, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, vice Khan Bahadur K. J. Petigara, C.I.E., O.B.E., I.S.O. pending further orders.

Mr. S. G. Barve, I.C.S., Assistant Collector in the District of Ahmedabad, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the Third Class in that district.

Mr. M. K. Nathani, Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge of Bhusawal, invested with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognisable by such Courts up to the amount of Rs. 100 of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court of Bhusawal.

Reverend J. F. W. Ruddell, Additional Chaplain, St. Mary's, Poona, to be Junior Chaplain on the Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment in the Bombay Diocese.

Mr. B. W. Budd, I.C.S., to be Assistant Collector, Ahmedabad.

Mr. S. B. Jadhav, Agricultural Overseer, to officiate as Divisional Superintendent of Agriculture, Deccan Canals.

Mr. V. N. Kulkarni, Veterinary Inspector, Southern Range, to act as Deputy Director of Veterinary Services, Bombay Presidency.

Mr. R. B. Desai, M.B.B.S. (Bom.), as Honorary Venereologist at the Civil Hospital, Dharwar, for a period of two years.

BAR COUNCIL.

The following Advocates have been proposed as candidates for the ensuing election of members of the Bar Council of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, to be held on Friday the 11th December 1936:—

(1) Mr. Nilkanth Ghanasham Nadkarni, B.A. LL.B, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate (O.S.); (2) Mr. Manibhai Purushottamdas Amin, B.A., LL.B., Advocate (O.S.), (3) Mr. Yeshavant Bachaji Rege, B.A., LL.B., Barrister-at-Law, Advocate (O.S.); (4) Pandurang Vaman Kane, M.A., LL.M., Advocate and (5) Mr. Ramniklal Ratanlal Mody, B.A., LL.B., Advocate.

Mr. A. V. Purandare, officiating Assistant Income-tax Officer, Salaries Branch, Bombay is appointed to officiate as Income-tax Officer, Salaries Branch, Bombay.

Mr. J. E. Samuel, officiating Inspector, Bombay City, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Income-tax Officer.

Military Assistant Surgeon J. B C. deLemos, I.M.D., posted as Assistant Surgeon at the St. George's Hospital, Bombay.

Mr. M. B. Sait, Inspector of Police, Bombay City, to be Inspector of Police, Bombay City C.I.D.

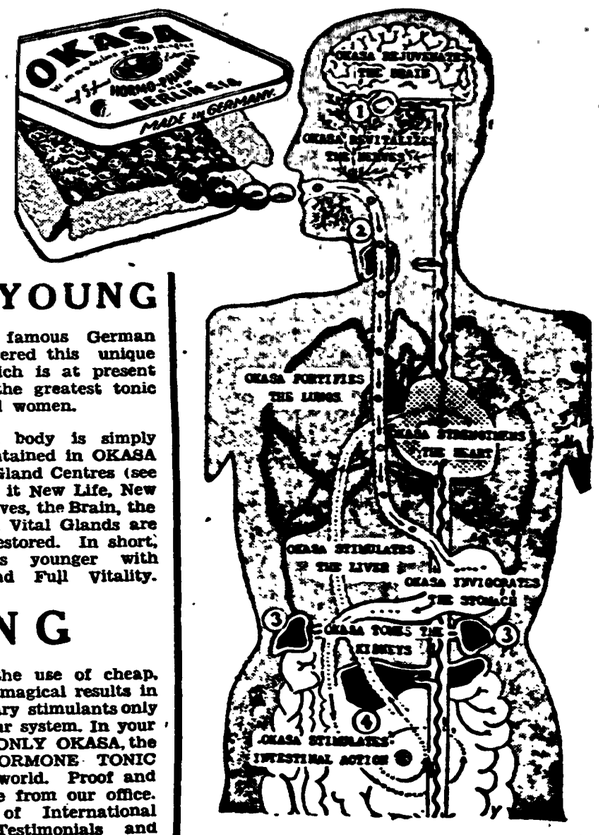
Deputy Inspector Bapu Dhaku Sawant to officiate as Inspector of Police, Bombay City.

The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. D. K. Kanga, B.A., LL.B., Assistant Registrar, Presidency Magistrates' Courts, Bombay, to officiate as Registrar, Presidency Magistrates' Courts, Bombay, vice Mr. P. A. Mankar proceeding on leave and to officiate as a Presidency Magistrate within the limits of the Town and Island of Bombay for the period during which he does duty as Registrar, Presidency Magistrates' Courts, Bombay.

Mr. V. N. Pradhan to continue to officiate as a Second Grade Deputy Collector and to do duty as City Magistrate, Bandra.

RENEWED VITALITY LONG HEALTHY LIFE with OKASA

WORLD'S GREATEST GLAND-TONIC GUARANTEED



TO KEEP YOU YOUNG

After great scientific researches the famous German Scientist, Professor Dr. Lahusen, discovered this unique Gland-Hormone Product OKASA, which is at present recognized throughout the World as the greatest tonic for complete rejuvenation of men and women.

The action of OKASA on the human body is simply marvellous. The special Hormones contained in OKASA act simultaneously on the important Gland Centres (see figure) of the entire organism, giving it New Life, New Strength and Radiant Health. The Nerves, the Brain, the Heart and Lungs are all strengthened, Vital Glands are rejuvenated and Vigour is definitely restored. In short, by the use of OKASA you feel years younger with Better Health, increased Energy and Full Vitality.

WARNING

We beg to warn the public against the use of cheap, unreliable preparations claiming quick magical results in one day. Such medicines act as temporary stimulants only and cause more harm than good to your system. In your own interests we request you to use ONLY OKASA, the standard and unsurpassed GLAND HORMONE TONIC used and recognized throughout the world. Proof and statistics of this can be had any time from our office. Send for complete literature, copies of International Diplomas, legally certified Medical Testimonials and letters of appreciation. Study these thoroughly and convince yourself of the highly scientific nature of the ingredients and the supreme efficacy of OKASA.

STUDY THE ACTION OF OKASA

Rejuvenate The Glands & Keep Young with OKASA

OKASA Co. BERLIN (INDIA) Ltd. 12, Rampart Row, Fort, P. O. Box 396, Bombay

AROUND THE COURT

BOMBAY, Friday.

Gaina Mona, arrested yesterday by the Agripada Police on a charge of kidnapping his neighbour's girl-wife, was placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day, and ordered to be remanded into Police custody for a fortnight, pending further Police inquiries.

The Police stated in their application that the girl was still missing.

A Chinaman, arrested by the Police, for breach of Curfew Order, asked for a foreigner's privilege to-day, before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon. He was admonished by the Magistrate and ordered to be discharged.

Maldaran arrested on the charge of murder of Sakharam Balwant Samant, on November 24 last, at Chumadhatti Lane, was remanded to custody for a fortnight today.

Charged With Looting

Syed Khan was ordered to be remanded to custody for a fortnight, arrested in connection with looting, by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court.

Keshavlal Mohanlal Trivedi, who had been missing for some time with a sum of Rs. 1,000 entrusted to him by his employer reported to his employer yesterday that he had lost the money.

Keshavlal was arrested by the police on a charge of criminal breach of trust as a servant, and placed before Mr. I. S. Haji Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded to custody for a fortnight.

A peon attached to the Coroner's Court gave evidence before the City Coroner to-day, at the inquest held on an employee of the Grant Medical College, named Bapu Govind Ambre, who was knocked down by a motor-car on Parel Road, opposite the G. M. College Hostel on the morning of November 25 last.

S. A. Rane, the peon, stated that he was walking along the road with two other companions. Then Ambre was near the footpath and the motor-car was coming towards them from the direction of Byculla Bridge.

Witness and his companions crossed upto the middle of the road and stood there as they saw another motor-car coming from Bhendy Bazar direction. It was proceeding towards Byculla Bridge.

When they were standing there, waiting for the motor-car to pass, they heard a thud from behind and, turning round, they saw Ambre falling down.

Witness and his companions then ran towards the car which had stopped and extricated the man from underneath it.

Driver Bolts

Rane could not say who was driving the car but as they were extricating the man, a Parsi got down from the car and told them that the driver had run away.

Mubarak Abbas, a bidi-shop employee, said in evidence that he was seated in his shop at the time and he saw four men crossing the road from west to east.

When a motor-car was coming from Byculla side, three men had gone up, but the fouth who was behind hesitated when the car came near him. The driver sounded the horn, but the man was struck by the left front wheel.

The Coroner's Jury, in giving a verdict of death, classified the case as "a street accident."

"I must think. persons founc with sticks, exactly the same way as there found with knife" observed the Magistrate to-day in sentencing Shaza-Dah Khan, arrested last night by the Nagpada Police, to one week's R. I The accused was found with a stick.

Another man, Pandurang Narayan found with a knife was reported by the Marbhovdi Police to be deranged in mind and was sentenced to one week's R. I.

Ismail Kalyoo, found in possession of a knife, put forward the plea, that he wanted the knife to polish his mirror, "as it was his way to do so."

The accused was fined Rs. 20 or in default one month's rigorous imprisonment.

DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE VISITS SUGAR RESEARCH STATION

(From A Correspondent.)

Mr. W. J. Jenkins, Ag. Director of Agriculture, Bombay Presidency, visited the Sugarcane Research Station, Padegaon, Bombay Deccan, on the 27th and 28th November and the Bombay Dry Farming Research Scheme, Sholapur, on the 29th and 30th for making preliminary arrangements at the Stations in view of the forthcoming visit of Sir John Russell.

INSTITUTE OF SUCCESS AND SELF-CULTURE

A correspondent writes:—

The Adarsh Seva Sangh of Pahri, Gwalior, which has been conducting activities of Education, Khadi production with dyeing and printing and rural reconstruction for the last 16 years, has started the "Institute of Success and Self-Culture", in Bombay.

MISS SHIRIN N. MERCHANT

(From A Correspondent)

Miss Merchant who lately returned to Bombay had proceeded to England in 1934 to prosecute further studies in Nursing, and gain a first-hand working experience of the leading sanatoria in Europe and the Continent.

During her stay of nearlyathree years in Europe, she worked at the Papworth Cambridge Settlement Sanatorium and Hospital, King Edward VII North Wales Sanatorium, Guy's Hospital and Brompton Hospital. She specialised in Radiography, at the London Ray Therapy Institute, and London X-Ray Laboratory, obtaining diplomas.

She visited all the important sanatoria in France, Switzerland and Germany, learning all the latest methods adopted for combating tuberculosis in these institutions.

A SOCIAL GATHERING AT WALKESHWAR ROAD

Under the auspices of Shree Dantadevi Pujotsava Committee, Shree Satya Narayan Mahapujotsava was performed on the 29th November and a social gathering was also arranged on the occasion, when Sjt. Jamnadas Dwarkadas presided. Sjt. Bhalchandrarao Sukhtankar, Sjt. Dwarkadas Tribhuvandas, and Sjt. Bhagwandas Goverdhandas and others.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.), GSF 15.14 Mc/s. (19.82 m), GSB 9.51 Mc/s. (31.55 m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. 'Empire Magazine' 16. A weekly review of things at Home. Edited by Pascoe Thornton. 8-1 The Birmingham Hippodrome Orchestra. Conductor, Harry Pell. From the Hippodrome Theatre, Birmingham. Waltz Medley. The Gay 'Nineties. Selection, Hadyn Wood's Songs, Medley, on the March (arr. Woitschach). Night Must Fall (Wade). 8-30 Motor Car Mass-Production Programme. Produced by Robin Whitworth. 9-0 Football Commentaries. 9-45 The First Cricket Test match: Arstralia v. England. An account of the second day's play by Alan Kippax, from Brisbane. (In collaboration with the Australian Broadcasting Commission). 10-0 The News and Announcements. 10-20 Dance Music (Waltzes).

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

11-30 a.m. Light Classical Music. By Prof. B. R. Deodhar. (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla). 12-30 Music from Filmland. (From the Wellington Cinema). 1-0 Available Market Rates. Jules Crzen and his Quintette. (Relayed from the Taj Mahal Hotel). 4-30 Gujerati Lyrics. By Rasik T. Vin. 5-0 Talk (Marathi): "Gruha Shastra." By Sitabai Annigeri. 5-15 Mandolin Solos. By V. Y. Chowdhari. 5-30 Music from Filmland. (From the Regal Cinema). (By kind permission of the Management). 6-30 Gazals and Quwalis. By Basheer Quwal. Assisted by VUB Indian Orchestra. 7-15 Talk (Gujerati): "Palak-Shala-Ane Balako" By S. Y. Sukla. 7-30 Marathi Songs: By Venubai Devastali. (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla). 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Pakhandi. A Musical play in Hindi. Written and directed by Dr. D. R. Prem. 9-30 Talk (English): "Sports." By "Raddy." 9-45 The News. 10-0 SB Band of the 5th Batt., 7th Rajput Regiment

Phohi Programme

Wavelength 25.57 m.)

19-00 National Anthem—Opening announcement. 19-05 The Phohi Troubadours with Koos Koen. 19-10. The latest news from Holland. 19-20 The Phohi-Troubadours continue their programme. 19-30 From week to week talk by Mr. L. Aletrino. 19-50 From mail to mail in Holland. 20-10 The Phohi Troubadours conclude their programme.

Java Programmes

(Wavelength 29 m., alsc, 20.25 & 31 m.).

4-45 Light gram music. 9-00 Medical talk. 9-30 Classical Music. 10-00 Weather report and Nirom Orchestra. 11-20 News. 11-30 Dance Music. 12-00 Popular gram music. 12-20 News. 16-00 Santus Claus for the children. 17-00 News. 17-20 Eick-wat-wils (popular) 18-00 Santa Claus radio play. 18-30 Concert by Nirem Orchestra. 19-30 Dutch potpourri's. 20-00 Dance music by the Silverkings. 21-30 Happy music.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 822 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Time Signal. Indian Music. (Recorded). 9-6 Talk (Hindustani): "Minding the Mind." No. 14. Dreams. By Habibur Rehman. 9-15 AIR Orchestra C. Nat Bilawali. 9-25 Mohammad Shafi of Delhi. "Ilahi dikha de jamali-Mohammad. Muyassar hamen ho wisal-i-Mohammad." "Dil se tiri nigah jigar tak utar gai. Donon ko ik ada men razamand kar gai." 9-45 Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Kam gali gaiyo Sham." Thumri Bhairvin. "Haqiqat men dekha jidhar tu hi tu hai. Tire bab men kis ki yan guft-o-gu hai." 10-5 Nautch Tunes. Sitar, Violin and Tabla. 10-15 Ramzan Khan of Delhi. "Kan bhanakwa pari re mori mai." Khayal Jonpuri. 12-30 p.m. Time Signal. AIR Orchestra C. Sughrai. 12-40 Ramzan Khan of Delhi. "Kau jae kaho." Khayal Barwa. "Guni gawat Kafi rag." Lakshan Kafi. 1-0 Mohammad Shafi. "Koi ummid bar nahin ati." (Ghalib). 1-10 Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Un bin mai ka kal na pare." Khayal Mian ki Malhar. "Samjha hua hun shumi-i-dast-i-dua ko main. Kuchh roz aur dekh raha hun Khuda ko main." (Hafeez). 1-30 "Musical Comedy." (Recorded). 5-0 p.m. 1st News and Weather Report (English). 5-10 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 5-20 AIR Orchestra B. Jait. 5-30 Ramzan Khan. "Ankh bain re pharkain." Khayal Purba. "Rag guni Durga bikhane." Khayal Durga. "Kaisi bansiya bajai." Thumri Pilu. 6-0 Hamir Kallyan on Sarangi. 6-10 Mohammad Shafi. "Lagi re man ko dohu nainan ki chot." Thumri Zila. "Hijr ki yeh rat kaisi rat hai. Ek main hun aur Khuda ki zat hai." (Amir Minai). 6-30 Shankra on Sitar. 6-40 Qawwali. 7-0 "For Villagers Only." (Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.) 8-0 Debate (Hindustani): "Should they be Scrapped." No. 3 M.L.As. Yes. Mrs. Asaf Ali. No. Mrs. Bery. 8-15 Niaz Bai of Patiala. "Tan man dhan sab un par warun." Khayal Chhaya. "Are jhoota hi dosh lagae." Thumri Khammaj. "Qais bhi is bazm men Laila bhi is mahfil men hai. Wae nakami keh phir donon ki hasrat dil men hai." 8-45 Mohammad Shafi. "Suna kisi se jo nam-i-dawa-i-dard-i-jigar. Tarap ke dil ne seda dikeh hae hard-i-jigar." 8-55 AIR Orchestra A. (Those Lovely Days). "Ah Woh Baten." 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "An Educational Experiment in India." By Lala Raghubir Singh. 10-6 Play (Hindustani): "Gunah-ki-Qimat." By Mufti Gohar Shadani. Performed by AIR Artists.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s.

12-36 p.m. SB A Light Variety Programme. By T. E. Bevanam and Co., Ltd. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Talk: "Woman's Status Through the Ages." No. 3. Marriage Customs: A Study in Comparison. By Bella Halder. 1-51 "Seeta and Sarama." A Scene from "Seetarbanabas." By Michael Madhusudan Datta. Arranged and Produced by Bella Halder. 2-36 Talk: "The Place of Bengali Language and Literature in the National Culture." By Amiya Bakerjee of the National Council of Women in India. 2-51 Kirtan. By Gokul Chandra Mukherjee.

5-6 p.m. Time Signal. A Broadcast for Rural Areas. 5-36 Instrumental Music. Sanai. By Ail Hossain and Party. 6-1 Toppa. By Kalipada Pathak. 6-21 A Mystery Story. By X. 6-36 Toppa and Bhajan. By Binapany. 7-1 Classico-Modern Song. By Bhawani Das. 7-21 The Nuptial Music. Written by Debobrata Bose and Produced by Sura Nath Mazumdar. Supported by the Jantri Sangha. Artists: Samaresh Chowdhury, Kankabaty Provabaty, and Parui Chowdhury. 8-6 Talk: "Foundation of Indian Music." No. 3. SB What is meant by Indian Music. By Suresh Chandra Chakravarty. 8-21 SB Instrumental Music. Clarionet (Durga). By N. N. Mazumdar. 8-41 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali.) 8-46 SB The News and Announcements. 9-1 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 SB The News and Announcements. 9-21 SB Talk (English): "The Invisible Universe." No. 5 Shelley's Invisible World. By Syed Medhi Imam. 9-36 SB Dance Music. By Paul Strauss and His Orchestra (Relayed from Prince's Restaurant).

CASE AGAINST 'SAMACHAR' DISMISSED

Report Was Published In Good Faith

BOMBAY: Friday.

When the case against the Editor of the "Bombay Samachar," on a complaint of defamation under Section 500 of the I.P.C., preferred by Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan, came up for hearing to-day before Mr. R. Mathalone, 2nd Additional Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, Mr. Chhelshankar Vyas, for the respondent, explained the circumstances under which the report under issue came to be reported in the issue of the paper.

Thereupon, the Magistrate ordered, by consent, that notice might be discharged and the complaint dismissed.

PUBLISHED IN GOOD FAITH.

The Magistrate, in the course of his order, said that the respondent admitted that he ought not to have published the complaints as no process was issued and that he received the report in the ordinary course from his reporter and that he published the same in good faith.

In the course of his complaint, Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan stated that flaring headlines were given to a message published in the Sunday Issue of the paper on September 25 last to a report of a complaint preferred against him (complainant) by B. M. Trivedi.

Alleged Defamation

The complainant alleged the report was defamatory of him in as much as no process was ordered to be issued by the Magistrate.

Mr. M. T. Khaderbhoy, with Mr. Mohammed Ibrahim, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Chhelshanker Vyas defended the respondent.

Sjt. Brijlal Biyani For Council Of State

Mr. S. Satyamurti writes:—

"I am very glad to learn that Syt. Brijlal Biyani is standing as a Congress candidate for the Council of State from the constituency of Berar. He has earned this by his distinguished service and sacrifice for the cause and freedom of the motherland.

The Council of State has earned the reputation of being a reactionary body. The presence of distinguished patriots like him in that chamber will do something to save the Council from that reputation.

I, therefore, earnestly and whole heartedly appeal to the voters of Berar to support his candidature as to ensure his return. Apart from his personal merits, voters can do nothing else than vote for the Congress candidate, if they care for the freedom prosperity and happiness of this country and its people. I wish him all success."

MR. KHARE'S SUPPORT.

Mr. N. B. Khare's appeal to the voters of the Council of State in Berar:—

I appeal to the voters of the Council of State in Berar to cast their vote on the 15th December in favour of Syt. Brijlal Biyani—the Congress nominee. It is needless for me to recount the manifold services rendered by Syt. Brijlal Biyani to your Province. He is a staunch Congressman who has been at the head of the Congress organisation of the Vidarba Province for the last three or four years. Because he is 'the' Congress candidate for that seat, I claim your vote for him.

COMPENSATION FOR DENOTIFIED PROPERTY

Point Under Land Acquisition Act

Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court decided an important point arising from a land reference under the Land Acquisition Act.

The late Mr. F. E. Dinshaw was the mortgagee of certain land, building and machinery situated at Dharavi where a business of tannery and making boots had been carried on by Messrs Adamji Feerbhai and Sons.

PROPERTY DENOTIFIED

The property was later required by the Improvement Trust and accordingly Government notified the property for acquisition. A Government resolution denotifying the scheme of acquisition was published on December 1, 1927. This scheme included the abovementioned property.

The executors of the Will of the late Mr. Dinshaw demanded compensation under section 48(2) of the Land Acquisition Act, contending that on the notice to acquire the property, an obligation arose on the acquiring authority to acquire the property and pay compensation for the same under section 23 of the Act, and such compensation was to be based on the market value of the law and building at the date of notification.

The claim was opposed on the ground that the notice to acquire did not amount to a contract to purchase. Any such contract could only arise if the price of the property was fixed by the Collector.

CLAIM REJECTED

The Acquisition Officer turned down the claim, holding that no damages could be proved as contemplated by the Act and that the depreciation in the value of the property as between the dates of notification and denotification would not constitute damages under the Act.

JUDGMENT

In the course of his judgment his lordship observed that while it might not be accurate to call the notice of acquisition a contract, so long as it remained outstanding, it clearly gave rise to an obligation on the acquiring authority to acquire the property and pay compensation in terms of section 23 of the Act.

Discussing section 48 of the Act, his lordship observed that this section showed that Government were at liberty to withdraw from the acquisition of any land and that, on such withdrawal, if it was proved that damage was suffered by the owner in consequence of the notice of acquisition and the proceedings thereunder, compensation should be paid to him in addition to the costs of the proceedings incurred by him.

His lordship held that the claimants would be entitled to damages.

AMBULANCE CHIEF IN INDIA

Praises Work Of St. John's Indian Division

"On the last occasion of my visit to Bombay in 1929, I had the honour of Inspecting an Indian Ambulance Division which was performing exceptionally fine first-aid work in the heart of the riot area impartially; for the St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas exists to remedy suffering irrespective of creed, race or colour, bravely for the conditions were most grim, and with such success that even the most fanatical rioters recognised their worth."

So declared Col. J. L. Sleeman, Chief Commissioner of St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas, who arrived in Bombay by s.s. "Narkunda" on Thursday as representative of H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught, the Grand Prior of the venerable Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in the British Realm.

GLAD TO BE IN INDIA.

This is the fifth time that Col. Sleeman comes to India. It was only a few months ago that he completed an Inspectional tour of the St. John Ambulance Brigades in South Africa, New Zealand, Australia and Southern Rhodesia. He will tour this time, all the important centres in India, Burma and Ceylon. Then he will proceed to China via Singapore.

In the course of an interview, he stated, "It is a great and real pleasure to me to be in India again and I look forward with zest to meeting many of my old friends and to seeing once again the splendid ambulance service being rendered by both Europeans, Anglo-Indians and Indians. This service has done much to mitigate terrible suffering during times of earthquake and riot. It has been performed by splendid men and women for the sake of humanity. For its excellence I can vouch.

COSMOPOLITAN ORGANIZATION

"Let it be appreciated that the St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas is composed of men and women of all faiths and creeds and exists for one purpose only, namely the saving of human life and the speedy relief of the suffering. There is no room in such service for jealous or spiteful rivalry, which but leads to friction and consequent antagonisms that spell disaster. And our workers, whether Christian or Hindu, Muslim or Buddhist, recognise this so admirably that they form a united family, working amicably together for the common good and united for the aid of all."

SENSATIONAL THEFT AT WARDEN ROAD

BOMBAY: Friday.

Magda Weissrapf, a guest of Mr. Y. C. Mitha of 47, Warden Road, is alleged to have been robbed of jewellery worth Rs. 1,445, some time during the last three or four days.

In this connection one John De Souza and Carridas De Souza, servants at the place, were arrested on suspicion by the Gamdevi Police yesterday afternoon.

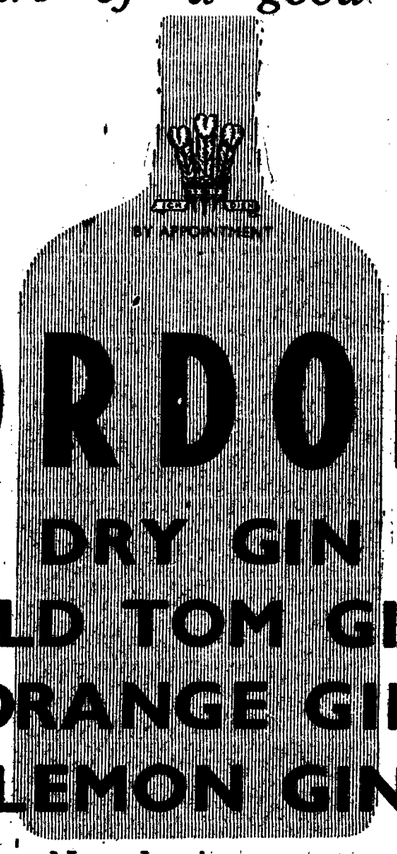
SET WITH DIAMONDS & PEARLS.

The complainant, it seems, kept her gold ornaments set with diamonds, pearls and other stones in a small jewellery box, the keys of which she placed in a chest of drawers in her sister's bedroom.

Yesterday the theft was discovered and some ornaments were found to be missing and the key of the box was damaged.

The suspects were ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 1,500 (cash Rs. 500) at the Girgaum Police Court, till 14th inst., pending enquiries and the arrest of another servant.

The heart of a good cocktail!



GORDON'S

DRY GIN

OLD TOM GIN

ORANGE GIN

LEMON GIN

No colouring matter

No injurious ingredients

Cutler Palmer

For our customers' convenience we have branches in

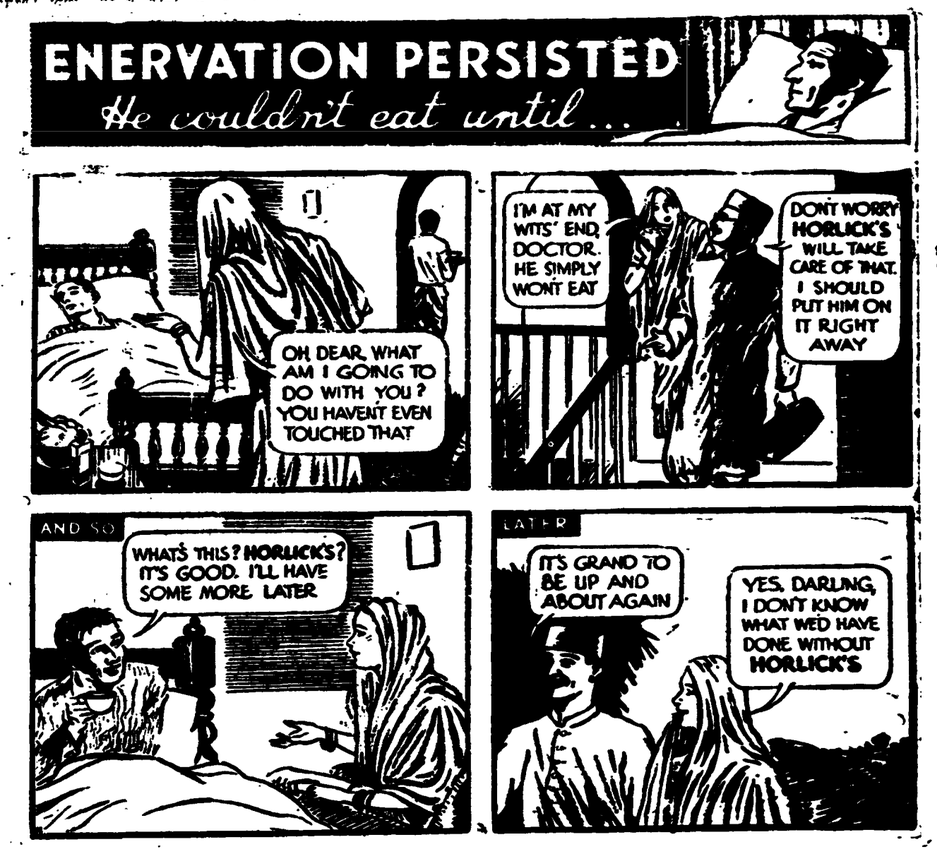
LONDON BOMBAY CALCUTTA
LAHORE MADRAS COLOMBO

and are represented, through selected agents, in

ALLEPPEY: *Darragh Smail & Co., Ltd.* DELHI & SIMLA: *R. S. Bhola Ram & Sons.* KARACHI: *Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.* QUETTA: *Heeramull & Sons.* KASHMIR: *Cockburn's Agency*

ENERVATION PERSISTED

He couldn't eat until...


OH DEAR, WHAT AM I GOING TO DO WITH YOU? YOU HAVEN'T EVEN TOUCHED THAT
I'M AT MY WITS' END, DOCTOR. HE SIMPLY WON'T EAT
DON'T WORRY HORLICK'S WILL TAKE CARE OF THAT. I SHOULD PUT HIM ON IT RIGHT AWAY
AND SO
WHAT'S THIS? HORLICK'S? IT'S GOOD. I'LL HAVE SOME MORE LATER
LATER
IT'S GRAND TO BE UP AND ABOUT AGAIN
YES, DARLING, I DON'T KNOW WHAT WE'D HAVE DONE WITHOUT HORLICK'S

WHEN DIET IS A PROBLEM

PATIENTS can be so difficult, refusing the very nourishment which is essential to their recovery after malaria and other fevers. When a light and easily assimilable diet is required, doctors recommend Horlick's. It is *all* nourishment, easily digested, and quickly and surely brings new strength, banishing enervation. It stimulates the appetite and induces a healthy desire for food.

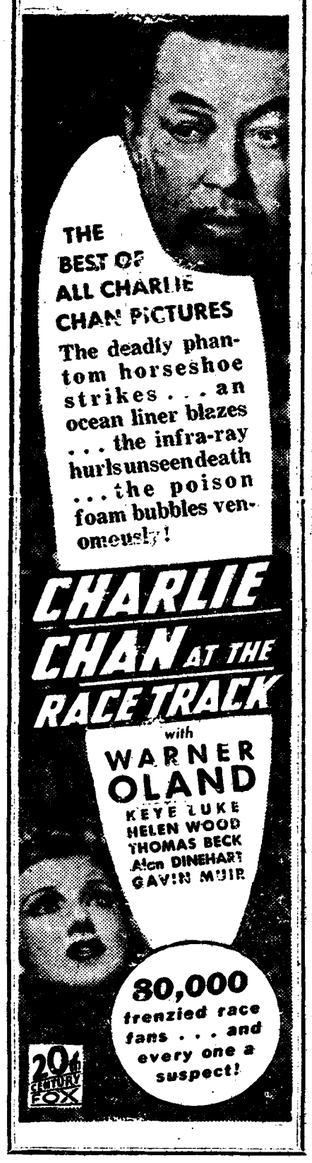
ASK YOUR DOCTOR'S ADVICE

MADE in a moment, hot or cold, Horlick's is extra delicious when prepared with the Horlick's Mixer. Obtainable at stores or from P. O. Box 2229, Calcutta, for As. 14 in stamps.

HORLICK'S BANISHES ENERVATION

Capitol

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p. m.


THE BEST OF ALL CHARLIE CHAN PICTURES
The deadly phantom horseshoe strikes . . . an ocean liner blazes . . . the infra-ray hurls unseen death . . . the poison foam bubbles venomously!
CHARLIE CHAN AT THE RACE TRACK
with
WARNER OLAND
KEYE LUKE
HELEN WOOD
THOMAS BECK
Alan DINEHART
GAVIN MUIR
80,000 frenzied race fans . . . and every one a suspect!
20th CENTURY FOX

NEXT WEEK

A T

KRISHNA

TALKIES

CHARNI ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE

'AWAKENING'

STARRING

ENAKSHI RAMA RAU

Supported By

NAVIN, PARASHER, NAYAMPALLY

PRABHA, VYAS, SHIVRANI, PURI

in

An ABSORBING HUMAN DRAMA VIVIDLY DEPICTING the tragic destinies of the Millions of Unemployed

It Heralds the DAWN of a Real AWAKENING.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL AMUSEMENTS

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Kartik Vad 7, 1993
Muslim: Ramzan 29, 1355
Parsi: Tir 1, 1303
Hightide: 4-27 17-01
Lowtide: 11-12 22-25
Sunrise: 6h 58m
Sunset: 6h 0m

S. S. 'Maloja' with mails sails at 1-0 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The steamer 'Clan Maciver' left London on Wednesday evening (December 2).

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The weekly public concert of the School of Indian Music will be held on the 5th instant in their School Hall at 5-30 p.m. Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum, Bombay.

'G' WARD CONGRESS

The monthly meeting of the Council of Management of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee will be held in the Committee's Office to-day (Saturday) at 5-15 p.m.

SANTA CRUZ RESIDENTS ASSOCIATION'S CHARITABLE DISPENSARY

During the month of November 1936, the number of patients treated was 2,315 males, 1,541 females, 1,490 children. Total 5,349. Average per day 178.

HEBRAIC STUDIES CIRCLE

The Jewish Liturgy Study Class will meet in Sir Elly Kadoorie School, Mazagaon, on Sunday the 6th instant at 3-30 p.m. The 'Shema' and the two following benedictions will be the subjects for study.

SWASTIK LEAGUE VOLUNTEER CORPS

There will be Monthly Review Parade at 6-45 hours on Sunday the 6th instant. The volunteers will assemble in full parade uniform at the Headquarters 10 minutes before the time. The band will be in attendance.

THE SOUTH INDIAN SANGEETHA SABHA

There will be a musical entertainment by Madura Mani—Vocal, Varahur Muthuswami Aiyar—Violin, Madras Venu Naicker—Mridangam at 4-15 p.m. on Sunday the 6th instant at the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Hall, Matunga, G. I. P.

MUSLIM RELIEF COMMITTEE

The Executive Committee of the Muslim Peace and Relief Committee will meet at 10-30 a.m. to-day (Saturday) to discuss several important matters connected with the work of the Committee. The meeting will take place at the Offices of the Committee at Kholsa Mohalla.

LAXMI TUTORIAL INSTITUTE

The fourth annual general gathering and prize distribution of the Laxmi Tutorial and Commercial Institute, Dadar, will be held on Sunday, December 6 at 4-30 p.m. at 'Dhuru Hall', Dadar (B. B. and C. I. R.) Dr. M. C. Javle, J.P., ex-Mayor of Bombay will preside.

LECTURE ON KURAN

Under the auspices of the Kuranic Society, a public lecture will be delivered on "Kuran and its teachings" on every Sunday in the premises of Anjuman-e-Islam High School near Bori Bunder Station from 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. (S.T.). All Muslims are invited to attend.

BALKAN-JI-BARI

All children and elders belonging to Bombay City and suburbs who went on Sind tour and to attend the third All-India Children's Gathering are requested to be present at the Khar, Children's Association meeting at Laxmi Nagar Hall, 16th Road, on Sunday, December 13, 1936, at 8 a.m.

MERRY EXCURSIONISTS DE NATIONAL

The excursionists have arranged a week-end trip to Goregaon where they will proceed, this afternoon and house themselves in Hanuman Bang, Goregaon. Members desirous of participating in the excursion will apply to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. A. S. Gokherkar for details.

"STUDENTS AND CITIZENSHIP"

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Conference Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Blavatsky Hall, Chowpatty, when Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mayor of Bombay will speak on "Students and Citizenship."

JINNAH TO LECTURE AT ISMAIL COLLEGE

Under the auspices of the Ismail College Union, Mr. M. A. Jinnah will deliver a lecture on "The All-India Muslim League Policy" to-day (Saturday) at 9 a.m. in the College Hall. Professor N. L. Ahmed will preside.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

Members of the Fort Batch of the Bombay National Guards are asked to be present at 7 a.m. on Sunday in front of the Churchgate Station, when instructions would be given regarding the training of the batch, somewhere in Fort itself, in future.

RAHNUMA-E-MAZDAYASNAN SABHA

Under the auspices of the Rahnuma-e-Mazdayasnan Sabha, a public lecture will be given on Monday, the 7th instant at 6 p.m. at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute (Sukhadvalla Building, Ravelin Street, Fort) when Mr. Behramgore T. Anklesaria will give a lecture on "The Knowledge of Astronomy and Astrology in Iran Part IV".

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EMPIRE—"Romeo and Juliet". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Craig's Wife". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
REGAL—"The Gay Desperado". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Manzil." Daily at 2-45, 5-15 & 8 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10-30 a.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Janma Bhoomi". Daily at usual time.
CAPITOL—"Charlie Chan at the Race Track." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Swing Time". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Chhaya." Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Shirley Temple Week." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5-0 and 7-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Manmohan". Daily at 2-45, 5-15 and 8 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10-30 a.m.
PLAZA—"Desire". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Call of the Soul." Daily at 2-30, 5-15 and 8 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10-30 a.m.
HINDMATA—"Jeevan Naiya." Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-15 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

GIRNI KAMGAR UNION (RED FLAG)

A meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Union will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. in the head office at Poibawdi, Indira Building, to consider, amongst other subjects, (1) Resignation of Mr. Abdul Majid, (2) Reception to Com. M. N. Roy. (3) Holding of a textile workers' conference. (4) Change of membership rule.

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA

An extraordinary Special General Meeting of the members of the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana will be held on Sunday, the 6th instant, at the Gymkhana Pavilion, at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) and will be continued from day to day to consider the question of the Quadrangular Matches in view of the present situation and to consider the requisition to reduce the charges.

PAPER ON INSURANCE

A paper on "Indian Insurance and the Necessity for Protection" will be read by Mr. V. V. Karkhanis, B.A., to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute, Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, Fort. Mr. K. S. R. Iyer of the Jupiter Gen. Insurance Co. Ltd., will preside. All are invited.

NEW HINDI CLASSES

The Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha writes:

The Chunav and the Visharad classes are working on Saturdays and Sundays between 4 and 6 p.m. at the Gokhale Education Society's High School, opposite Congress House, Girgaum. For other classes of the Sabha the Hindi Prachar Sabha, Hughes Road, Motor House, should be consulted.

BOMBAY MILL WORKERS' UNION

The General Secretary writes:

On a requisition signed by several members of the Managing Committee of the Union, a meeting of the Managing Committee will be held in the room of Mr. Dadasaheb Jagtap (adjoining the office of the Union) to-day (Saturday) at 8 p.m. to consider the following agenda:—

(1) To consider the illegal and indisciplinary action of the President R. B. Asavle;

(2) To consider the situation arising out of the illegal possession of the Union Office taken by Mr. Desai.

(3) To adopt means for the smooth working of the Union.

KARNATAK MANDAL

The Honorary Secretary of the Karnatak Kala Mandal writes:

The name of the Universal Arts League was inadvertently omitted by me from among those organisations and persons to whom the best thanks of the Karnatak Kala Mandal are due for the generous measure of help and patronage extended by them to the Nritya Karnatak troupe of artistes led by Mr. Shivaram Karanth, who gave two variety entertainments in Bombay last week.

The Universal Arts League was kind enough to give a reception to Mr. Karanth and his fellow artists at the Simla House, Chowpatty, and helped to introduce them to the art-loving public of the city.

Official And Personal

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne gave a dance at Government House on Friday.

MATUNGA ARYA SAMAJ.

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Pt. Badriduttji will deliver a public lecture on Vedic Varna Vibhag to-day, (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY

A meeting of the Executive Committee will be held to-day, (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the office of the Party.

ALL INDIA KISAN CONGRESS

The Reception Committee of the All-India Kisan Congress will meet at Poona on Monday, the 7th instant and not on 17th instant as reported.

"F" WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

Public Reception To Roy At Dadar Station

On behalf of the 'F' Ward District Congress Committee, a public reception will be accorded to Mr. M. N. Roy, to-morrow (Sunday) morning, on his arrival by the Punjab Mail. It is hoped that the public will muster strong at the Railway station in time to make the reception a great success.

ELECTION OF CONGRESS PRESIDENT

Bombay Delegates To Meet To-morrow

The General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. write:

As per instructions received from the A.I.C.C. Office, the delegates to the Lucknow session of the Congress are allowed to take part in the election of the President to the Faizpur session of the Indian National Congress. A meeting of these delegates will be held to-morrow, (Sunday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

ROY'S ARRIVAL IN CITY

Public Reception At Victoria Terminus

The Jt. Secretary, Roy Reception Committee, writes:

Comrade M. N. Roy will arrive at Victoria Terminus on Sunday the 6th instant at 10-50 a.m. by the Punjab Mail. He will be received at the station by the B. P. C. C., B. P. T. U. C. and other organisations. He will address a mass meeting of workers in the evening at 5 p.m. at Kamgar Maidan, Poibavdi, Parel.

Cooper For Dhulia

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur D. B. Cooper, Revenue and Finance Member, will leave Bombay for Dhulia on December 7 and return to Bombay on December 10.

IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Madura Mani's Concert

Mr. Mani of Madura who has been giving a series of concerts in Delhi and Nagpur will give a recital on Sunday at Matunga under the auspices of the South Indian Sangeetha Sabha. He will be accompanied by Muthuswami Iyer (Violin) and Venu Naieker (Mridangam) Mr. Mani has acquired front rank in South India by his scholarship and research in music. A relative of the late Mr. Pushpavanam, he carries on the Pushpavanam tradition. Though he cannot command the vocal excellence of his master, he keeps the audience spell bound by his master strokes in "Swaras," especially of the "plaited" variety. Moreover he is a specialist in "Apurva ragas" and can spring a surprise on the audience by taking in hand a rare type of "raga." Some of his songs recently recorded are very popular.

Peace In The City

The Sabha Mandap, which was the cause of a dispute between the two sister communities in the city and led to the communal disturbance in the city, was formally handed over to the Pujarani for whom it was built by the Bombay Municipal Corporation. Thanks to the precautions taken by the authorities and thanks to the good sense that prevailed among both the communities the whole affair passed off without any ugly incident. The authorities saw to it that the Hindus did not in their enthusiasm behave themselves in a way, which would provoke the Muslims and they also took care to see that the Muslim leaders explained to their co-religionists that unnecessary objections to certain things being done in the Sabha Mandap would help none. Nothing that went on in the Sabha Mandap either in the morning or in the evening and night could be stated to be disturbance of the people who were praying in the mosque. If both of them—the Hindus and the Muslims—recognise this fact that each has his right of prayer without being disturbed by the other, as they seemed to have recognised on Thursday, there will be no more trouble in the city over the Byculla Mosques-Mandap issue.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

On Wednesday last the Suburban lawyers gave a farewell party to Rao Saheb K. V. Naik, City Magistrate, Bandra, who is going on leave prior to retiring.

The function held on the terrace of St. Martins Club, Bandra and was well attended by pleaders from Bandra and Andheri.

The gathering was entertained to refreshments. Several lawyers spoke, eulogising Rao Saheb's work as City Magistrate and his courtesy to the Bar and his tendency not to discriminate between juniors and seniors.

Rao Saheb made a suitable reply observing that the strength of the lawyers present and the tendency of speeches, filled his heart with joy. He expressed his desire to work for the village uplift movement after retirement. He said that the Bandra Bar was the finest that he ever came across during the period of his service.

The credit for the satisfactory arrangements made for the occasion goes to the members of the Committee Messrs P. A. Pereira, H. K. Nargolkar and K. B. Karnik.

FUNCTION AT BANDRA

This week-end Bandra is going to have quite a crowded programme. On Saturday evening at 7 p.m. if you enter the Bandra Gymkhana Pavilion you will be a spectator among the crowd that will be watching the finals of the Gymkhana Table Tennis Tournament and after which an exhibition match is to be given by the Swaythling Cup Internationals. So if you are interested in table tennis do not fail to watch this match.

On Sunday the Chimbai Fisherfolks Dramatic Union is to stage a variety entertainment on St. Andrew's Church ground. This, I understand is to start at 6 p.m.

On the same day commencing at 5-15 p.m. the Band of the G. I. P. Railway will play a programme of music at D'Monte Park Band Stand, Perry Road, Bandra. Seating accommodation will be provided.

A function that is looked forward to by many in the suburbs will take place to-morrow at 8 p.m. This is the Annual St. Andrew's Day dinner by the old boys of that school.

The Rt. Rev. Fr. Ghezzi, Administrator of the Diocese of Bombay is to preside.

The dinner is to be followed by a social at 9-30 p.m.

CONGRATULATIONS TO KING EDWARD VIII

"Servants Of Humanity" Appreciate Proposed Move

The Organizing Secretary of 'The Society of the Servants of Humanity', writes to say, that the Society "wholeheartedly appreciates the proposed reform move of His Majesty the King Edward VIII, by which His Majesty proposes to have no distinction between a Commoner and the Ruling-class. The Society welcomes this great change in the order of the present-day society and wishes every success to His Majesty in the achievement of this laudable object of no distinction between Man and Man."

Security Demand From 'Insaf' Printer & Publisher

The Director of Information, Bombay writes: The Bombay Government have demanded securities of Rs. 1,500/ each from the printer and publisher of the "Insaf" and the keeper of the Islam Printing Press (where the newspaper is printed), for violating the provisions of the Indian Press (Emergency) Powers) Act, (XXIII of 1931) in an article published on November 1 under the caption "How long will this mischief continue?"

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Timings at Victoria Terminus on and from 1st October 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. B.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 40
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	5 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 15	13 45
Deccan Queen	10 25	17 15
Punjab Mail	10 55	18 55
Poona Mail	11 43	15 50
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 10
Poona Fast Passenger	18 0	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 0

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timing in force from 1st October 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays	8 35	—
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 40
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger	21 10	9 55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

Frontier Mail on Saturdays only) for passengers for Europe at 9 55

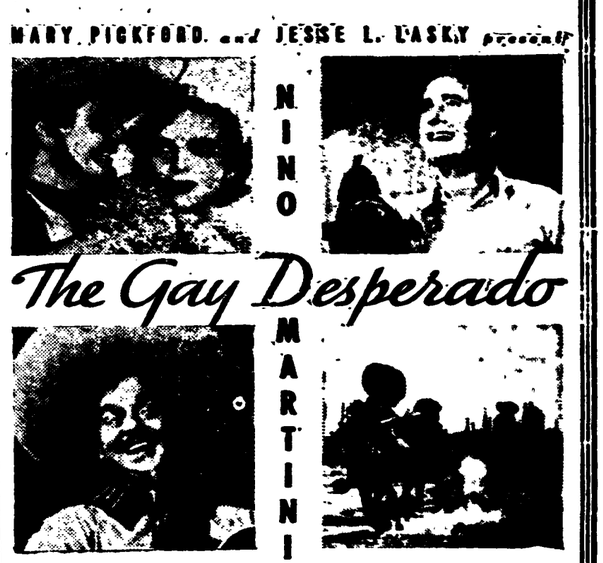
THE EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

FRED
The Giddy World is Glad Again!
GINGER ROGERS
in the captivating climax of their young lives!
Hollywood's stunningest beauties!
Entrancing melodies by JEROME KERN
A cast of thrilling stars!
SWING TIME
With
VICTOR MOORE, HELEN BRODERICK, ERIC BLORE, BETTY FURNESS, GEORGES METAXA. Directed by George Stevens.
A PANDRO S. BERMAN Production
PATHE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. TO-DAY & TO-MORROW Morning Extra Show 10 a.m.
'Phone 41561.
RKO-RADIO PICTURES
Lyrics by DOROTHY FIELDS
All 'Phone Bookings must be taken up ½ an hour before each SHOW.

REGAL DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

MARY PICKFORD and JESSE L. LASKY present


NINO MARTINI
The Gay Desperado
. . . It's entertainment of the finest kind . . . its enchanting romance, its thrilling action, its refreshing charm—will excite you beyond your wildest expectations!
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1936

INSTRUCTIONS TO GOVERNORS

The approval by the House of Lords of the Draft Instructions to Governors of Indian provinces and the Governor of Burma was a foregone conclusion as the Instructions are quite in keeping with the spirit of the Government of India Act. And when it was possible to whittle down any reform in the Act, that has been done by the Instructions. Lord Zetland pointed out that they were not couched in detailed and precise language. The indefinite language is evidently calculated to give as much discretionary power to the Governor as possible. Yet the Instructions are explicit enough in suggesting or even recommending methods of tampering with established principles of responsible Government, supposed to underlie provincial autonomy under the new Constitution.

Mischievous System

Though the much-boosted provincial autonomy requires that leaders of the majority party or parties in the Legislature should be appointed as Ministers and be jointly responsible to the Legislature, the Instrument emphasises the mischievous, discredited system of communal representation in the formation of the Cabinet. The Governor is instructed to bear in mind the inclusion of members of important minority communities. It is evidently intended to continue, even under the new Constitution, the plan to divide the Cabinet, and throughout the Legislature, on communal lines rather than on purely political party lines. As regards the principle of joint responsibility in the Cabinet, Lord Zetland was candid enough to admit that "there might be some difficulty in the system of joint responsibility in case of a Cabinet — containing representatives of different communities," but he significantly added that what was set forth in the Instructions regarding joint responsibility was only "the ideal they desired the Governors to aim at." The House of Lords clearly understood that in a country like India there could be only a slow and "progressive realisation" of the ideal.

Repression To Continue

Lord Zetland attempted a lengthy justification of transferring Law and Order in Bengal under Ministerial control, as if that were ordinarily a very risky reform. But what reassured the House was, probably, the extraordinary powers vested in the Governor to set at naught the advice of the Ministers in the name of peace and tranquility and Lord Zetland's assurance that these powers were not to be merely on paper but would be fully exercised by the Governor at his discretion. Lord Zetland also attempted to show that the people of Bengal no longer believed in terrorism. The fact is that the people in general never believed in terrorism, either in Bengal or any other province. The terrorists proper were extremely few but indiscriminate repression of numerous innocent persons only because they were suspected naturally evoked sympathy for them from all over the province and even the whole country. And in so far as any number of men have been weaned from terrorist leanings, the credit is due mostly to the Congress and Gandhiji, who have demonstrated how much can be achieved by non-violent agitation. However, we are entitled to ask why, since the people of Bengal no longer believe in terrorism, repressive measures continue to be enforced in the province. Continued repression, when there is no justification for it, is apt to drive many into despair and desperation. And the unrest so created is hardly the right atmosphere for the working of the new Constitution as Government want it to be worked.

The Crisis Persists

The "grave constitutional crisis" shows no sign of abating. As a matter of fact the atmosphere of alarums and excusions indicates that it has grown more acute. But the acuter it grows the more thoroughly is its absurdity and underlying hypocrisy being exposed. The British Press has now deemed fit to tell the public somewhat vaguely the basic reasons for the whole pother. So far as they have been vouchsafed publicly, they appear to be two and both ridiculous. The lady concerned is, firstly, an American. So was Lady Astor before her marriage. But Britain accepted her not only as a Briton but also as a Tory member of Parliament. This phenomenon never raised even a minor constitutional crisis although, under the British Constitution, Lady Astor could, and can any day become—the Prime Minister of Great Britain.

The other objection—and according to the London "Times" it is an "overwhelming objection" —is that the lady has her two divorced husbands still living. Both the husbands were divorced by the lady. Law and morality entitled her to freedom from them. There is surely neither sense nor justice in punishing a woman for the fault of her husband. But it is not only the British Press and leaders of public opinion who have lost commonsense and all considerations of justice and, incidentally of international expediency—for, they are, by implication, at least, insulting America. The Church is no less to blame. The attitude of the Archbishop of Canterbury is even more amazing than that of Mr. Baldwin or the London "Times." What Christian principle is he pursuing in opposing the King's marriage to Mrs. Simpson? To put it bluntly His Grace is bringing Christianity into ridicule by his attitude, for he is actually exploiting his unique position to prevent something which Christianity emphatically allows.

There is one more point to which we should like to refer. It is suggested by a British Official Wireless message that India also is perturbed over the King's decision. Much can be forgiven to people in a state of extreme agitation. But this suggestion is a kind of propaganda against which we must strongly protest. It is untrue. India remains unaffected. She feels that she has nothing to do with the question of the gravity of the Constitutional crisis at all. But so far as detached sympathy is concerned, it is all for the King and emphatically not for Mr. Baldwin and other British leaders.

Misinterpreting India

With the beginning of the cold weather season there has already begun the spate of foreign visitors and observers who after a few weeks' hectic tour of this country regale their countrymen with their views on the "Indian Problem." The impressions they gather are as often as not erroneous and half-baked, but, perhaps, that is in a sense inevitable. But when such a usually well-informed person, and one who is so long acquainted with this country as Prof. Edward Thompson writes about India, his readers have a right to expect something different than the usual stuff. We regret to find, however, that in the very first article of the series he is contributing to the "News Chronicle" Prof. Thompson has entirely misinterpreted the present political situation in this country. He starts with the assumption that "India is in a state of political deadness," that "the prevalent feeling is deep pessimism and helplessness." Far from this, indeed, as all those who have intimately studied the progress of the Indian national movement can testify. On the other hand, there is a new awakening, a new reorientation of outlook. Nor do the Indians regret the epoch-making experiment of non-co-operation as Prof. Thompson seems to imply. And, finally, when he prophesies a split in the Congress at its ensuing session, we can only remind him of the famous aphorism of the wish being father to the thought.

INDIA'S TRADE WITH CEYLON

Right Of India To Raise Protective Tariff Wall.

(BY COLONIST.)

The recent advocacy of the case of the Indian Cocoanut Grower and his dependance, and the exposure of the numerous disabilities of the Indian Colonial in Ceylon, by the Indian Press, have been grossly misconstrued by one of your correspondents.

The modern age, says he, has converted Ceylon into one of the greatest and most important markets for Indian products and that India has been invariably drawing enormous sums of money from the Island, in the shape of a constantly recurring trade balance in her favour. Trade statistics for 1934-1935 have been made use of to argue that India is the biggest exporter to Ceylon market with exports worth Rs. 63,675,000 against imports valued for Rs. 12,871,000 resulting in a balance of over 50 millions in her favour.

India's Trade

Assuming but not conceding the accuracy of the figures quoted above, let me state at the outset that considering the vast resources and supplies produced in the adjoining sub-continent and the scope and the width of her international commercial connexions, within and without the British Empire, the market the tiny island of Ceylon affords to the Indian producer, is comparatively very very small and the economic or the commercial prosperity of the neighbouring mainland, does not hang much upon the trade returns from Ceylon. India's principal trade markets are cast across the Western waters and so long as she is potent enough to supply the raw materials for the variegated industries of the west she need have no anxiety about the soundness of her finance nor should see apprehend an unbalanced budget or depleted exchequer or even the semblance of an economic depression. What Ceylon affords in the shape of a market for agricultural imports from India for 1935, as the Customs Administration report for the year says, valued for Rs. 44,327,119, is but a minor fraction of the total volume of India's export trade and this, even has been necessitated by circumstances, peculiar to Ceylon. This is so principally because Ceylon is at a decided advantage in getting these things from her nearest neighbour with the minimum of inconvenience and the maximum of concessions. If Ceylon has drawn 19.48 per cent of the Island's total imports from India in 1935 it is principally because she is not in a position to produce these things locally nor can she afford to purchase these from any other far-flung supplier with advantage to herself. That there are nearly 8 lacs of Indians resident in the Island, constituting over 14 per cent of the population, adapted to Indian modes of life and in daily need of Indian articles, is another potent factor justifying the entry of these articles into the country. In fact India has never been anxious about Ceylon market. She has never attempted to dump her surplus rice or curry stuffs or oil seeds into Ceylon.

Ceylon's Need

It is out of sheer economic necessity that Ceylon buys from India, aided by geographical proximity and other considerations of various nature. With her increasing leanings towards Burma and Indo-China, the import of Indian rice into the Island has declined from 1,541,265 bags in 1930 to 971,044 bags in 1935. India is not at all perturbed by these nor can she be intimidated by the threat of a duty on imported rice. That India stands to loose annually 10 million rupees in the event of the cessation of Indo-Ceylon trade relations, may read well on paper and appear to be tenable, but whether India or Ceylon stands to suffer most from the far-reaching consequences of such a contingency is a very, very, moot point to decide. Decidedly when to one it is nothing short of an economic suicide, to the other it might be a thorn by her side. If there is a recurring adverse trade balance in India's favour, the surcharge that Ceylon is called upon to pay for the enormous volume of Indian capital freely at play in the island, is comparatively very, very, small and the adverse trade balance is more than compensated by the benefits accrued from the Indian capital invested in the island. I cannot possibly conceive why your correspondent is so much perturbed at the representations of the almost destitute Indian coconut cultivator, for increased tariff on Ceylon copra and oil, dumped into India, if India, stands to lose, as he says, by a suspension of Indo-Ceylon trade operations. The truth of the matter is that, it is India that affords an extensive lucrative market for Ceylon's agricultural pro-

(Contiued On Page 8 Col 3)

New Constitution Of U. S. S. R. (Fundamental Law)

Highest Organs Of State Power Of U. S. S. R., Of The Union Republics And Of State Administration

(Translated By A. AZIZ AZAD)

II.

Article 30: The highest organ of state power of the USSR is the Supreme Council (Verkhovny Soviet) of the USSR

Article 31: The Supreme Council of the USSR exercises all rights conferred upon the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in accordance with Article 14 of the Constitution, in so far as, by virtue of the Constitution, they do not come within the competence of organs of the USSR which are accountable to the Supreme Council of the USSR, i.e., the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR and the People's Commissariats of the USSR.

Article 32: The legislative power of the USSR is exercised exclusively by the Supreme Council of the USSR.

Article 33. The Supreme Council of the USSR consists of two Chambers: the Council of the Union (Soviet Soyuza) and the Council of Nationalities (Soviet Natsionalnostei).

Article 34: The Council of the Union is elected by the citizens of the USSR on the basis of one deputy for every 300,000 of the population.

Council Of Nationalities

Article 35: The Council of Nationalities consists of deputies selected by the Supreme Council of the Union and Autonomous Republic and the Soviets of Toilers' Deputies of the Autonomous Regions: ten deputies from each Union Republic, five deputies from each Autonomous Republic and two deputies from each Autonomous Region.

Article 36: The Supreme Council of the USSR is elected for a term of four years.

Article 37: The two Chambers of the Supreme Council of the USSR, the Council of the Union and the Council of Nationalities, have equal rights.

Article 38: The Council of the Union and the Council of Nationalities enjoy an equal right to initiate legislation.

Article 39: A law is considered adopted if passed by both Chambers of the Supreme Council of the USSR by a plain majority in each.

Article 40: Laws adopted by the Supreme Council of the USSR are published over the signatures of the Chairman and Secretary of the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR.

Article 41: Sessions of the Council of the Union and the Council of Nationalities begin and terminate simultaneously.

Article 42: The Council of the Union elects a Chairman of the Council of the Union and two Vice-Chairmen.

Article 43: The Council of Nationalities elects a Chairman of the Council of Nationalities and two Vice-Chairmen.

Article 44: The Chairmen of the Council of the Union and the Council af Nationalities preside over the meetings of the respective Chambers and are in charge of the procedure of these bodies.

Article 45: Joint sessions of both Chambers of the Supreme Council of the USSR are presided over alternately by the Chairman of the Union and the Chairman of the Council of Nationalities.

Article 46: Sessions of the Supreme Council of the USSR are convened by the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR twice a year.

Special sessions are convened by the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR at its discretion or on the demand of one of the Union Republics.

Joint Sessions

Article 47: In the event of disagreement between the Council of the Union and the Council of Nationalities the question is referred for settlement to a conciliation commission established on a parity basis. If the conciliation commission does not arrive at an agreed decision or if its decision does not satisfy one of the Chambers, the question is considered for a second time by the Chambers. Failing an agreed decision of the two Chambers, the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR dissolves the Supreme Council of the USSR and appoints new elections.

The Presidium

Article 48: The Supreme Council of the USSR elects, at a joint sitting of the Chambers, the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR, consisting of the Chairman of the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR, four Vice-Chairmen, the Secretary of the Presidium and 31 members of the Presidium.

The Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR is accountable to the Supreme Council of the USSR for all its activities.

Article 49: The Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR: (a) Convenes the sessions of the Supreme Council of the USSR; (b) Interprets existing laws by issuing appropriate orders; (c) Dissolves the Supreme Council of the USSR in conformity with Article 47 of the Constitution of the USSR and appoints new elections; (d) Hold popular consultations (referendums) on its own initiative or on the demand of one of the Union Republics; (e) Annuls such decisions and orders of the Council of People's Commissars and the Councils of the People's Commissars if the Republics as do not conform to law; (f) In the intervals between sessions of the Supreme Council of the USSR, relieves of their positions and appoints People's Commissars of the USSR at the instance of the Chairman of the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR, subject to subsequent confirmation by the Supreme Council of the USSR: (g) Awards decorations of the USSR: (h) Exercises the right of pardon: (i) Appoints and removes the High Command of the

(Continued on page 9 Col. 2)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

LIKE A TRUE FASCIST

General Franco is not the creature and protege of Fascism for nothing. Like a true Fascist he has been bombing women and children with a gallantry reminiscent of "civilised" Italy's invasion of uncivilised Abyssinia. It is now established that he has been using the Green Cross Gas—one need not wonder where it is supplied from—in Madrid. The surprising thing is that he should have taken such a long time in resorting to gas. European Powers, champions and defenders of civilisation will, of course, take no notice of it. For, are they not committed to strict neutrality? But General Franco has not only violated civilised principles. He has also violated the neutral zone, which threatens the Embassies with material loss and, therefore, ought to be a different matter altogether. We are, however, very doubtful that any action will be taken by these Powers. It is the Fascist Rebel, not the Socialist Government, that is guilty of the crime.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

The statement of the Home Member to the Bengal Government regarding the suicide of a detenu, Santosh Kumar Gangoly, in the Deoli detention camp, is typically breaucratic in its cold indifference to a matter of such grave importance. The air of unconcern with which he disposed of the tragedy by stating that "there was an official enquiring into the incident and its finding was that the detenu committed suicide by hanging" hardly becomes a responsible official. Or does he think that care of human life does not come within the purview of his office? The Government of Bengal, he said, were not informed about his health nor was their opinion invited regarding his treatment and further added that the Bengal Government "were not responsible for the actual charge and the care of the detenus when in Deoli" and were not considering the desirabilityy of instituting an enquiry. After detaining these unfortunate youths in a most arbitrary manner the Bengal authorities cannot coolly wash their hands of any responsibility with regard to them on the mere technicle ground that the detenus are kept in another province.

ASSURANCE TO WHOM?

Addressing the Madras Legislative Council, the Governor informed the House that Government were making full arrangements to ensure a peaceful and free conduct of the coming elections and the electioneering campaign and strict impartiality on the part of officials. What is happening in certain parts of the Presidency scarcely beats out His Excellency's claim. What is worse still is that His Excellency definitely went out of his way to lay exaggerated emphasis on the duty of Government to take all possible precautions against subversive propaganda lawlessness intimidation and the like. To this effect—and he had, of course, Congress in his mind—"further instructions" are also to be issued. The question arises: Will this ensure a free and peaceful election or will render easier the task of those who are out to fight Congress by all means?

A SCHOOL CENTENARY.

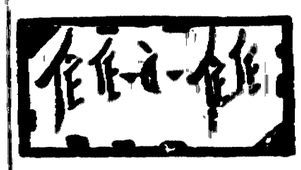
The centenary of the Robert Mency School can be said almost to mark an epoch in the educational life of this city. Few institutions in Bombay or elsewhere can show such an unbroken record of activities, nor are there many who have maintained a reputation as this one, as the Governor rightly remarked in his speech on the occasion. Founded to commemorate the memory of a remarkable man, Robert Cotton Money, who belonged to the Indian Civil Service, the School has been one of the foremost centres of secondary education in this city and tens of thousands of students have passed through its portals during the last hundred years. And it is necessary to remember on this occasion that the school has been conducted by a missionary organisation. It must be acknowledged that India owes a great deal to missionary societies for her educational progress and, as Mr. Chandavarkar aptly pointed out, they form the most happy bond between England and India.

THE ONLY SOLUTION

The Bengali M. A., appointed as a constable on Rs. 13 per month, probably deems himself lucky as he begged for the "boon" granted to him. Often enough highly educated men fail to be accepted by Government for such posts as they are likely to be more discontented than uneducated men and their appointment only advertises the appalling unemployment of the educated in the country. There are numerous graduates, even double graduates, who are utterly unemployed. Yet Government and Universities are only tinkering with this problem, many thinking that the best way is only to reduce the number of graduates. Unless Government and business bodies co-operate in developing the industries of the country, there cannot be a real solution of the problem of unemployment, either among the educated or the uneducated.

CONGRESSMEN IN LOCAL BODIES

The election of Mr. Dinkarrao Desai as President of the Broach Borough Municipality for the third year in succession is but one of the many proofs of the Congress hold over the people throughout the country. Mr. Desai is not only a Congressman but also an earnest civic worker and that fact explains the people's continued confidence in him. Congressmen have already done much to rouse among the people an enthusiasm for civic service, to develop, so to say, the civic conscience in them, and to make local self-government a reality. They can do a great deal more in these directions if more of them make a serious study of modern civic problems both theoretically and practically.



LORDS REMAIN UNPERTURBED

Continue Quiet Discussion of India's Constitution Inspite of Regal Storm

—Headlines.

The reason, if not quite complimentary to India and her precious Constitution, is at least very obvious.

* * * *

Under the stress of the grave constitutional crisis, members of the Royal Family, Governors-General and other important Imperial personages have been cancelling all their engagements.

Yet this concentrated homoeopathic treatment does not succeed. The King still refuses to cancel his engagement.

How fatally tragic for the Democratic Constitution of Great Britain.

* * * *

But what is the spring source of this constitutional crisis, the one "deux ex machina" of all the grave trouble?

It is this—on the unimpeachable authority of the London "Times" (so help it God):—

"The one objection—and it is an overwhelming objection—to the marriage is that the lady in question already has two divorced husbands living."

We wish the two living husbands—out of cousinly patriotism—obliged the London 'Times' by ceasing to exist and thus help to save the British Constitution and the pretty eighteenth century face of British Democracy.

* * * *

The Governor of Madras told the Council that this, its final session, would be a landmark in the political history of the Presidency.

To which, His Excellency contributed its solitary wreath.

* * * *

The Madras Governor also declared that arrangements had been made to prevent intimidation or rowdyism at elections and Government servants have been made aware of their duty of impartiality, etc., etc.

But in barest justice to Government servants His Excellency made it perfectly clear—and "further instructions" have also been sent to that effect—that strict and rigorous precautions shall be taken to prevent lawlessness, intimidation, subversive propaganda, etc.

And what more does the Madras Government servants want?

* * * *

The London 'Times' is quite pleased that even those Tories who saw grave dangers in the "great" Indian Constitutional Reforms Bill last year have now affirmed their good-will.

Naturally, after discovering that they were needlessly apprehensive.

* * * *

The appointment of Sir Maurice Gwyer as Chief Justice of the Federal Court, is, according to the same paper, "an earnest of Government's intention to give India under new regime of Britain's best.

We have no doubt about it, although why India should be given "of Britain's best" is a different though the only relevant question.

* * * *

Lord Zetland declared in the Lords that "the idea was that minorities (in India) should be regarded as racial minorities and not as political minorities."

Yes, to perpetuate distinctions and exploit the minorities politically for Imperial purposes. We know it.

* * * *

"Lord Lothian added that another factor towards the reduction of terrorism (in Bengal) was the introduction of responsible Government, because terrorism was directed against the British Raj."

Doesn't the noble Lord deserve detention at least in Deoli?

* * * *

Counsel for a respondent in a motor appeal case said: "This is a case of a woman who in crossing a crossing made others crossing the crossing at cross purposes and very cross."

King Cannot Be Compelled To Abdicate

LONDON, Dec. 3.

It is not thought even that the Home Government would attempt to embark on legislation embodying some kind of compromised form of marriage even if that were possible legally which is doubtful. Obviously, ministers cannot compel the King to abandon either the lady or the Throne.

He can dismiss them or they can resign but national and imperial consequences of the Government resigning in the present circumstances when it is difficult to see any alternative Government which would take office is thought to make either contingency unlikely.

A decisive result is not expected in a day or two.

The King left Buckingham Palace at 10-40 p.m. and drove to Marlborough House to visit Queen Mary.

QUESTIONS IN COMMONS

Baldwin Refuses To Make Statement Yet On Marriage Crisis

LONDON, Dec. 3.

When Mr. Baldwin rose in the House of Commons this afternoon to answer a question, he was loudly cheered from all parts of the House.

Major Attlee had given private notice to ask whether any constitutional difficulties had arisen and whether the Premier had any statement to make.

The following was the answer:—Mr. Baldwin:—"I have no statement to make to-day, but whilst there does not at present exist any constitutional difficulty the situation is of such a nature as to make it inexpedient that I should be questioned about it at present."

Maj. Attlee:—May I ask the Prime Minister, whether in view of the anxiety in the minds of many people, he can assure the House that he will make a statement at the earliest possible time it can be made.

Mr. Baldwin:—I have all that the Rt. Honourable gentleman has said very much in mind.

Mr. Winston Churchill:—Would the Prime Minister give us an assurance that no irrevocable step will be taken before a formal statement has been made to Parliament?

Mr. Baldwin:—I have nothing to add to the statement I made at the present moment but I will consider and examine the question my right honourable friend has asked.—British Official Wireless.

YORK AND KENT CANCEL ENGAGEMENTS

Br. Commonwealth Perturbed:

LONDON, Dec. 3.

The Duke and Duchess of York returned to London this morning at the end of their visit to Edinburgh. They called at Marlborough House and later saw Queen Mary.

The Dukes of York and Kent both cancelled the public engagements which they had in or near London to-day.

Messages received in London from Dominion capitals and from India indicate the consternation and grave anxiety created throughout the British Commonwealth by the news of the constitutional issues under discussion in London.

The Governor-General of New Zealand, according to an Auckland press telegram, interrupted a tour of the south of the island to return to Wellington.—B. O. W.

QUIET AT WHITEHALL AND PALACE

Baldwin Returns To Downing Street: Dominion Offices Keep Mum

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Activity at White Hall and the Palace has apparently ceased for to-night.

The High Commissioners for South Africa and Canada left the Dominions Office at 11-40 after consultation with Mr. Malcolm MacDonald.

Both declared there were no statements to make and were going home.

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald left the Dominions Office at 12-10. The Duke and Duchess of York left Marlborough House at 12-15. Mr. Baldwin returned to Downing Street from the Palace but the King who was expected to go to Fort Belvedere at night has not yet left.

"NO ESCAPE FROM HIS OBVIOUS DUTY"

Australian Press On Position Of Baldwin

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

SYDNEY, Dec. 4.

The swift developments in the constitutional crisis have taken Australia by surprise. The first newspaper comments were published this morning. "Personal sympathy with the King is not lacking," says "The Sydney Morning Herald." "The whole Empire is concerned. Its existence depends upon the throne and the personal character of its occupant and the wisdom of his acts are part of the bonds uniting us. Probably it is true to say that no community in the Empire, great though its affection and sympathy for the King personally is, would approve the King's marriage as a King with the lady mentioned. For the Prime Minister there is no escape from his obvious duty.

"The Sydney Telegraph" says that all believe that the welfare of the Empire is irrevocably linked with crown and the British system of democracy can only survive when the throne is content to act on the advice of his Ministers and remain aloof from political hazards.

"The Melbourne Herald" says that the King has responsibility which predominate over his personal sentiments.

DOMINIONS AND CONSTITUTIONAL CRISIS

"Cape Times" On Possibility Of King's Abdication

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

CAPE TOWN, Dec. 4.

Great prominence is given here to the dominion aspect of the constitutional crisis.

"The Cape Times," in a leader, refers to the "constitutional aspects which are the deep concern of each of the dominions as well as great Britain." The paper says, "In terms of the Statute of Westminster the assent of all the Dominion Parliaments as well as the United Kingdom Parliament would in the unhappy event of abdication be required for any change in the law of succession." The newspaper stresses the right if not the positive duty, of Dominion Governments to tender advice to His Majesty, and adds, "The advice of Ministers in each and the dominions as well as the United Kingdom will in all probability be unanimous."

"The Cape Times", also stressing this aspect of the situation, says that it might mean that a terribly serious constitutional crisis which would arise in the United Kingdom in the unhappy and almost unbelievable event of His Majesty acting in conflict with the advice of his Ministers would be repeated in each of the dominions.

A Calamity

The "News-Chronicle" says, there is evidence of growing sympathy for the King in the exceedingly difficult choice confronting him and that there is a widespread feeling that his abdication from the throne would be a calamity. Were some solution found, acceptable to the King and his Ministers, there is no doubt it will be received with great relief by the mass of the British people. The country would only be the loser by any hasty decision depriving Britain and the Empire of a King who has won their loyalty and affection.—Reuter.

ABANDON MARRIAGE OR ABDICATE

LONDON, Dec. 3.

Mr. Baldwin arrived at Buckingham Palace at 9-15 P.M.

Reuter understands that the Dominions are exercising their rights under the Statute of Westminster to make direct representations to King Edward on any subject they believe affects them.

They are also in close touch with the Home Government. Their views are emphatic and the King is faced not only by Home Ministers but a number of separate entities representing the Empire Governmental opinion.

The views expressed by the Dominions reflect the anxiety felt by those countries in the absence of any counter to statements in the American press and the possible Empire effects if the present situation, as they understand it is being allowed to continue. So much for direct approaches to the King.

It is believed that much stronger views are put to the Home Government who have been told bluntly that the Empire countries will not stand for the present marriage in any form.

The present movement of constant communication is being maintained between London and the Empire capitals.

There is reason to believe that the combined views of Empire and Home Governments have narrowed down to an immediate simple issue the abandonment of the proposed marriage or abdication.

KING RETURNS TO BUCKINGHAM PALACE

LONDON, Dec. 3.

The King left Marlborough House at 11-20 p.m. and returned to Buckingham Palace.

Messrs. Baldwin, Neville Chamberlain, Malcolm MacDonald, Te. Water and Massey went to the Dominions Office at 11-05 P.M.

No further developments appear likely to-night. The Premier left the Commons at 10-45 P.M.

Both Houses will meet normally at 11 a.m. to-morrow.

ABDICATE OR ABIDE

LONDON, Dec. 4.

While the public reaction on the constitutional issue exhibits a natural anxiety together with the general desire of the country not long to be kept in the dark, Mr. Baldwin's assurance that no constitutional crisis at present exists is hopefully interpreted as meaning that no direct conflict will arise between the King's wishes and his Ministers' advice.

Meanwhile, comment remains restrained and temperate, tinged with warm affection for and sympathy with the King and indicating that the decision rests between abdication or compliance with the Cabinet's advice.

The King, who motored to Belvedere during the early hours of this morning, expected to return to the Palace before lunch.

Responsible quarters assume that no statement will be forthcoming before Monday whatever the King's decision.—Reuter.

DISSOLVE PARLIAMENT

LAHORE Dec. 4.

An appeal to the King to dissolve Parliament and submit the issue of marriage to the will of his people is made in a cable sent to-day by Lala Khusalchand, prominent Nationalist and Arya Samaj leader and proprietor of the "Milap" a leading Urdu paper of Lahore.

The cable states.

"As Your Majesty's humble subject, I suggest the issue of your Majesty's marriage be submitted to the will of your people through dissolving the British and Dominion Parliaments and the Indian Legislatures, making your proposed marriage the sole issue for a Referendum.

"I am sure the people will vindicate Your Majesty as against the conservative advice of your present ministers. Indian subjects constituting the largest percentage have the right to have their say. I trust Your Majesty will give your people a chance to give their views."—A. P.

Lords' Brief Sitting

LONDON, December 4.

The House of Lords whose sitting also opened at 11 a.m. sat for little more than one minute, in which it formally read the Trunk Roads Bill for the first time.—Reuter.

Further Messages Page 23

Law And Practice

In practice, the Church's attitude is contradictory; while refusing to admit there is such a thing as a divorce, it takes a stand against it. Four years ago the Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of All England, close friend of the Queen Mother, and traditional officiating clergyman at a royal marriage ceremony, voiced his "desire that in the case of any person previously married, who has been separated by divorce from a husband or wife who is still alive, the marriage should not be solemnized in church."

Socially, too, British royalty frowns on divorce. Queen Mary refused to receive divorcees in court, following the example of her strong-willed mother-in-law, Queen Victoria.

But times are changing under the new King, tradition after tradition is being shattered.

Whereas Parliament could not forbid the match, it could ban "Queen Wally's" children from the throne. Moreover, it could cut or abolish the King's public income of 2,700,000 dollars a year. At present, he does not receive 600,000 dollars of this amount.

ENGLAND'S POOR START IN FIRST TEST

McCormick Dismisses Three Wickets For 65: Crowd Of 10,000 Present

BRISBANE, December 4.

The First Test Match between M.C.C. and Australia commenced here to-day before a moderate crowd of ten thousand.

England won the toss and elected to bat first. Upto lunch time England lost three wickets for 65 runs.

Recovery After Lunch Time

Resuming their play after lunch, the M. C. C. recovered and by tea time, they had scored 93 for the loss of only one more wicket, bringing the total to 158 for 4.

Leyland, who gave one chance early, batted for 251 minutes. He hit eleven fours. He and Barnett added 99 for the fourth wicket.—

The following are the respective teams:—

ENGLAND	AUSTRALIA
Allen (capt.)	Bradman (capt.)
Ames	Badcock
Barnett	Chipperfield
Fagg	Fingleton
Hammond	McCabe
Hardstaff	McCormick
Leyland	Oldfield
Robins	O'Reilly
Verity	Robinson
Voce	Ward
Worthington	Sievers
Fishlock	Brown
12th Man	12th Man

Thus, England has six reliable batsmen: Hammond, Leyland, Ames, Barnett, Worthington and Fagg.

Two fast and medium-paced bowlers:—Allen and Voce.

Three spin bowlers: Verity, Robins and Sims.

Three change bowlers: Hammond, Worthington and Leyland.

It is unfortunate that the all-rounder R. E. S. Wyatt, who is a best substitute for Sutcliffe as England's opening bat, is still nursing his injured hand and is not fit to play in the first Test of the present series.

Following are the scores:—

ENGLAND (First Innings).

Worthington, c. Oldfield, b. McCormick	0
Barnett, c. Oldfield, b. O'Reilly	69
Fagg, c. Oldfield, b. McCormick	4
Hammond, c. Robinson b. McCormick	0
Leyland, b Ward	126
Ames c Chipperfield, b Ward	24
Hardstaff (not out)	27
Robins (not out)	6
Extras	7
Total (for 6 wkts.)	263

ALL QUIET IN CITY

Armed Guards Search Persons For Weapons At Junctions

BOMBAY: Friday.

All is quiet to-day in the City.

The usual Juma prayers were held in several mosques in the city and everything passed off peacefully.

The Police precautions were maintained and a battalion of the Punjabi Regiment patrolled the City streets upto noon, in military lorries.

The wireless van of the City Police moved from place to place in the affected zones constantly, but there was little for the van to report.

Suspicious-looking persons were searched by armed guards posted at important street junctions to see if they were carrying any knives on their person.

Not a single incident has been reported to the Police till noon.

150 PERSONS DISCHARGED

Riot Cases Before Mazagaon Court

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

From Saturday (November 28) to Friday (December 4) 815 persons were placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, in connection with the riots in the City. Of these 225 persons were put up on charge-sheets, being charged with breach of the curfew order, carrying weapons, and looting. 440 persons were remanded to police custody for further investigation; while 150 persons were discharged for want of evidence. Of the persons remanded for investigation, 37 were charged in connection with murder, either as principals or abettors, while 8 persons were put up on charge-sheets for murder and 13 persons on charges of looting, causing hurt and rioting.

The persons convicted of breach of the curfew order were fined the fines ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 100; while the persons charged with carrying weapons in contravention of the Police Commissioner's order were mostly sentenced to imprisonment, the period varying from 8 to 14 days.

All persons remanded to police custody for purposes of investigation were, with the exception of those charged with murder, ordered to be released on bail of Rs. 500 with one surety in like amount each, the cash deposit ranging from Rs. 20 to Rs. 200.

Bachelor's Button

There may not appear to be much romance behind these words—and indeed, in more than one sense, there is not much romance. The phrase, so far as it refers to these particular fastenings, has an obvious meaning and an equally obvious origin. But there are other bachelor's buttons. Certain flowers—notably the double red and white campions and upright crowfoot—are so called in some parts of England because of their resemblance to the ragged cloth buttons that used to be worn hundreds of years ago. Or there may be some truth in the theory that they came to be called bachelor's buttons because of a custom sometimes practised by rustics. The custom was to carry one of these flowers in the pocket as an indication as to their fortunes with their sweethearts. If the flower died soon, there was no hope, but if it continued to flourish, the friendship would improve.

PROTECTING BRITISH INDUSTRIES

100 Per Cent. Protection

Britain's Coronation souvenirs and decorations will be British made.

To prevent foreign 'dumping' of such things, a temporary duty of 100 per cent. is to be levied by the Customs between December 15 and July 31 on articles imported in connection with the Coronation.

This order, made by the Import Duties Advisory Committee, is regarded as almost complete prohibition of such imports.

It will apply to the following goods:—

Articles which consist of or bear a representation of His Majesty, any member of the Royal Family, the Royal cypher, the Royal arms, any Royal emblem, escutcheon, badge, crest, armorial bearings or insignia, any article or building associated with the Coronation, or a flag of any country in the British Empire, or which consists of or bears any other mark or device which renders them suitable for use in the celebrations.

Flags of any country in the British Empire and flags resembling them.

TOYS AND MUGS

The duty will extend to any jewellery or imitation jewellery, silk and artificial silk goods powder bowls or boxes, wrought enamelled hollow-ware—such as enamelled mugs—and toys falling within the general descriptions given above.

The duty increase will be imposed in spite of the fact that maximum rates of import duty on certain classes of goods are fixed by trade agreements with France and Germany.

Both these countries have agreed to waive their rights under these agreements.—"News of the World".

REBELS CAPTURE BRITISH STEAMER

LISBON, Dec. 4.

A British steamer has been captured by insurgent warships in the Mediterranean, according to an official announcement from radio at Salamanca. The steamer, it is alleged, was carrying guns and other war material from Soviet Russia for debarkation in Government-controlled ports.—Reuter.

THREAT TO BLOCKADE

TENERIFFE, Dec. 4.

General Franco has announced that mines will shortly be laid in the Mediterranean to block Government ports according to a broadcast announcement here. All "Marxist" boats found in Spanish territorial waters will be bombed, it is added.—Reuter.

MRS. SIMPSON & THE KING

Secret Of Her Influence

Romantic days of the Stuart kings of England, when the monarch was swayed by his women friends, have come again to Britain. For in court and near-court circles Mrs. Wallis Simpson is credited with being a friend of Edward VIII who has influence with his majesty—an influence based upon the twin attributes of a charming personality and a keen, lively, yet serious mentality, writes Arthur E. Mann in "New York Herald-Tribune."

Mrs. Simpson, though not usually described as beautiful, is smart. She has style. She dresses well and tastefully, and King Edward always has demanded that his women friends be well turned out. She talks well, with a beautiful, musical voice. She is a great reader, both of the current fashionable books and of serious works. She is a lover of music and a great patroness of the opera.

It is in regard to the serious things of life that Mrs. Simpson is reputed to have obtained and to have held her position of influence with the King Edward VIII, from the time of the post-war days, when, as Prince of Wales, he began to travel about his future domain, has been greatly interested in the two closely related problems of unemployment and working-class housing.

ENCOURAGES THE KING

And Mrs. Simpson is understood to have given the King her full support and encouragement in these efforts of his to help the under dog. She has passed much time reading on the questions involved, so that she could discuss them intelligently and she has helped the King in drawing up plans for rehousing schemes and unemployment relief which the King has submitted to the appropriate authorities.

This ability and desire of Mrs. Simpson to help and support the King in his serious ambitions is one of her attributes which has greatly strengthened their friendship. King Edward long had complained that the average British society woman whom he meets has little or no conversation or interest outside her own daily round and her own social circle. What he wants, he is credited with saying, is a woman who can talk intelligently on the subjects in which he not only is interested but must be interested because of his position as reigning monarch.

This position is partly responsible for Mrs. Simpson's sympathetic attitude toward the King's interest in serious matters.

NOT A NIGHT-LIFER

The other important influence which Mrs. Simpson has brought to bear upon the King is in relation to their social life. She is no night-lifer or night-clubber. She drinks sparingly, not because she has any strong temperance views, but because she does not care for it. She is passionately fond of the country and is an enthusiastic and accomplished gardener.

All this, naturally, has had a considerable effect on the King's life. When he is in residence in London he passes every week-end at his country home, Fort Belvedere, near Windsor Castle. Mrs. Simpson invariably is a member of the house party and, in the past, Mr. Simpson frequently was there as well. Mrs. Simpson and the King pass hours on planning the garden there and in walking about superintending and directing the staff of gardeners.

When in town, the King tries to see her daily. Tea time is the hour he favours for their meeting, but if official business or engagements prevent that, then he usually sees her later in the evening.

Finally, last summer, Mr. Baldwin spoke to the King on the subject. Just what passed between them is more a matter of anecdotal inaccuracy than historical fact. But the upshot of the interview was that soon afterward King Edward gave a dinner party at St. James's Palace to which he invited Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin. Mrs. Simpson was among the guests. It was a scheme of the King to have the head of his Government meet his friend and learn that she was a serious-minded and charming person.

There is no certainty as to what opinion Mr. Baldwin came away with. But it is significant that this was the first occasion on which Mrs. Simpson's name appeared in the Court Circular, the daily official proclamation of the King's social activities. It was his method of telling Mr. Baldwin, the Government and all whom it might concern that Mrs. Simpson was officially and publicly, a friend of His Majesty's.

Mrs. Simpson, according to London reports, is considering leaving England and wintering abroad, now that her divorce petition has been granted. Such a move would be characteristic of her tactful nature but it is doubtful whether King Edward would give his consent. Her future in relation to King Edward, is naturally the big topic of conversation in London to-day. Regardless of what that future will be, it is safe to say that as long as she is the King's friend, she will have as much influence with him as she would were she the Queen.

Mrs. SIMPSON'S FIRST HUSBAND DIVORCED BY SECOND WIFE

Navy Commander Freed In June, Records Reveal

SAN DIEGO, Calif, Oct. 27.—Commander E. W. Spencer, United States Navy, first husband of Mrs. Wallis Simpson, has been divorced by his second wife, Mrs. Miriam J. Spencer, records at the courthouse here disclosed to-day. The decree was granted in Superior Court on June 30.

Commander Spencer, executive officer aboard the U. S. S. Ranger, and the second Mrs. Spencer were married on September 4, 1928, and separated here on June 16, 1936, records disclosed.

The next day Mrs. Spencer sued for divorce, alleging cruelty. She complained that within a week after their marriage her husband began dismantling the furniture in their home and told her 'she could get out of the house.'—N.

Mr. MOLLISON FOUND

CAPE TOWN Dec. 3.

Mr. Mollison and his companion were found safe on a farm 14 miles to the south of Bredasdorp, 70 miles from Cape Town.

They landed near Bredasdorp owing to shortage of petrol. They are expected to fly in the plane to Cape Town later.

THOUGHTS COMPETITION

9TH DECEMBER
IS THE
LAST DAY FOR ENTRIES
ENTRY COUPONS
in
TO-MORROW'S

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE" SUNDAY EDITION
RESULT OF CRIMINAL COMPETITION
WILL APPEAR IN TO-MORROW'S

Bombay Chronicle

SUNDAY EDITION.

"Gangster And Gunman Brought Under Control"

BENGAL GOVERNOR'S SPEECH TO LEGISLATURE

CALCUTTA, Dec. 4.

The Bengal Legislative Council was declared prorogued this afternoon at 4-15 p.m. by His Excellency the Governor of Bengal who made a farewell speech to the members of the Council.

After thanking them for their co-operation in the difficult times during his term of office, His Excellency said:—

"You have been assailed for your support of the Executive Government in enacting measures to deal effectively with the organised disorder and terrorism, but you may have the consolation of knowing that thereby you have helped to surmount the greatest obstacle to political progress in Bengal. In the permanence of this legislation Bengal has a guarantee for the future that she never enjoyed in the past.

NO ILLUSION.

"Let us be under no illusion about this. It is only because the gangster and the gunman have been brought under control that Bengal is now in a position to march in step with the other provinces of India on the path to responsible Government. There can be no such things as free elections or democratic Government in a country that tolerates the rule of the political gangster and if men believe in free institutions they need not be ashamed of having the courage to defend them."

TRIBUTE TO C. R. DAS.

Reviewing the achievements of the Bengal Council during the last 16 years since the introduction of the Montford Reforms His Excellency paid handsome tributes to the part played by Deshbandhu C. R. Das in the Council.

Said His Excellency:—

"For the most part the composition and complexion of this Provincial Legislature were conditioned by political developments transcending the scope of purely provincial affairs and the death of the late Mr. C. R. Das removed from the field of provincial politics a strong personality who, whatever may be said of his previous negative attitude, had begun to conceive the idea not merely of constructive, as opposed to destructive opposition, but even of active co-operation."—United Press.

NOT TOY PARLIAMENT

Bengal Council President's Claim

CALCUTTA, Dec. 4.

Addressing the last session of the Bengal Legislative Council constituted under the Montague-Chelmsford scheme the President, Maharaja of Santosh, claimed he had always endeavoured to set the helm of this Council upon the right course, constantly keeping in sight the beacon-light of the best traditions of the British Parliament and British speakership.

He also acknowledged in this connection the sympathy, goodwill, advice and co-operation he had received from members, but for which he would have utterly failed to get the correct bearings.

NOT TOY PARLIAMENT!

"Our critics have often belittled us as a Toy Parliament. They have ridiculed our genuine attempt to create traditions and conventions and laughed at us for our determination to follow in the wake of the British Parliament. But I dare say when the history of constitutional progress and advancement of Bengal comes to be written, the account of the seven years that have flown away on the wings of time will constitute one of its most remarkable landmarks".

POWER OF THE PRESS

The President added he had great faith in the creative and protective powers of the Press and expressed the hope that the Press in India would continue to help the Indian Legislatures to create healthy conventions and establish within the radius of their influence parliamentary traditions of real value and effectively curb the spirit of revolt against accepted, time honoured principles and practices.

Nawab Sir Mohiuddin Faroqui, Leader of the House, Sir John Woodhead, Finance Member, Mr. J. N. Basu, Liberal Leader and Mr. Eric Studd, Leader of the European Group also addressed the House.—A.P.

MADRAS COUNCIL PROROGUED

Tributes To President

MADRAS, Dec. 4.

To-day being the last day of the session of the Madras Legislative Council. Tributes were paid to the President for the manner in which he had conducted the deliberations of the Council for six long years.

Speakers including Sir K. V. Reddi, Leader of the House, Mr. P. T. Rajan, Development Minister, and others referred to his impartiality, patience, great tact and above all, pleasant humour.

Mr. Ramachandra Reddi, President, thanked the speakers for the kind words.

At the conclusion of the business the President read a message from the Governor proroguing the Council.—A.P.

U. P. COUNCIL PROROGUED

LUCKNOW, Dec. 4.

The last session of the present Council concluded this afternoon.

After the passing of the U. P. Muslim Waqfs Bill, Farewell speeches were made in the course of which tributes were paid to the President.

Sir Joseph Clay, Finance Member, in a lengthy speech surveyed the salient features of the last six years of the life of the Council and examined its achievements.

At the conclusion, the President read the Governor's order proroguing the Council.—A. P.

Pathanamthitta.—Fifty-two Ezhavas from Ranni, Central Travancore, embraced Sikhism. Including these the number of Ezhava converts to Sikhism in Ranni is 76. Statistics reveal that about 200 Ezhavas have become Sikhs since the movement started six months ago.

Indian News From Here And There

M. A. APPOINTED CONSTABLE ON Rs. 13 PER MONTH!

Incident Exposes Hollowness Of U. P. Govt.'s Action On Sapru Report

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 3.

A Bengali youth, an M.A., of the Benares Hindu University, has been appointed as Police Constable at Allahabad on a salary of Rs. 13 per month.

Driven to starvation he applied to the Superintendent of Police for this "boon," which has been granted.

This incident reveals the futility of the Sapru Unemployment Report and the much-advertised Government's action on it. The Report is already considered to be a spent-up force, and a fresh report is in its hatch, for Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru has been again appointed President of the Committee to Re-organise Secondary Education.

The one objective towards which the United Provinces Government seems to be desperately driving, is to cut down the University education and to starve scientific research, which, in reality, means a drive against culture and not unemployment.

BURMA-JAPANESE TRADE AGREEMENT?

Official Communique On Delhi Discussions

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

The following communique has been issued:

Mr. Yonezawa, Consul-General for Japan met Mr. Booth Grevely representative of the Government of Burma this afternoon.

Discussion took place regarding the proposed trade agreement between Japan and Burma.

After preliminary discussions, some progress was made and the discussions were adjourned.

Madras Animal Husbandry Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

Several important schemes will come up before Animal Husbandry Conference at Madras on 14th December, including proposals for implementing of agricultural commissions recommendation for provision of highest standard of Veterinary Education in India.

Mr. N. C. Mehta, Vice-Chairman Imperial Council of Agricultural Research is leaving Delhi to-morrow for Ernakulam and Trivandrum to discuss joint marketing scheme for development of coconut trade and industry, which Sir Shannugham Chetti has prepared.

MILL STRIKE CONTINUES

Negotiations With Baroda Mill Agents Break Down

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, Dec. 3.

Negotiations between agents of the New and Old Baroda Mills and the Labour leaders were held in the office of Naib Dewan Manilal Nanavaty, but owing to differences of opinion regarding the nature and scope of the terms to be referred to arbitration, the negotiations broke off.

Mr. Chimanlal of Majur Mahajan announced the same at a crowded meeting of workers held yesterday night.

Both the Mills have not, therefore, started work to-day.

"BRIGHTER BARODA" CAMPAIGN CONTINUES

Diamond Jubilee Of Jaysinhrao Library In Feb. Next

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, Dec. 2.

It seems that the Baroda City Municipal authorities have launched an effective propaganda "Towards Brighter Baroda." They have published a booklet on duties of the municipal officials as well as citizens and it has been circulated all over the city.

One Mr. Krisnalal Vyas of Patan has asked the Police Commissioner's permission to file a suit against one Fozdar for sale of unauthorised lottery in the State. He has recently submitted an application to the Dewan to expedite the matter. The police authorities have already sent the case to the head of the district police for investigation.

The Diamond Jubilee of Jaysinhrao Library, established in 1876, will be celebrated in February next. Mr. M. Rudgikar will preside.

A village uplift association has been formed at Kalol in Mehsana District.

A local weekly "Navguierat" suggests Mr. Maganbhai S. Patel's name for the presidentship at the forthcoming session of the Baroda State Prajamandal to be held in Visnagar in Mehsana District.

Dr. Sumant Mehta, in a statement, appeals the Government of Baroda to provide medical aid in the most backward areas of State on the lines of Bombay Government on a fixed annual honorarium and medicine expenses so that medical men may be urged to start practice in villages.

RELIEF TO DOHAD FAMINE-STRICKEN

Gujerat Congress Committee Opens Three Grain Shops

(From A Correspondent)

DOHAD, Dec. 2

The Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee is straining every nerve to provide relief to the famine-stricken people of the Talukas of Dohad and Jhalod. It has opened three more cheap grain shops, thus bringing the total to fifteen. All these shops are managed by the Bhil Seva Mandal under the direct control of Sjt. Laxmidas M. Shreekant, president of the District Congress Committee and Vice-President of the Bhil Seva Mandal. The three new shops have been opened near the relief works of Moti Handi Tank, Agawada Tank, and Dharmada Tank repair work.

Mr. Sukhadev Trivedi, Secretary of the Bhil Seva Mandal, Mr. Dahyabhai Naik, life-member of the Mandal, and Mr. Ganpatishanker Bhatt recently toured the famine-stricken area and visited the shops at Mirakhadi, Limdi, Katwara and opened the above three shops. Mr. Dahyabhai Naik inspected some of the wells which are being deepened in the several villages.

The number of labourers is daily increasing on the relief works. It is reported that the number of labourers is now five thousand and it is believed that the number would reach ten thousand within this month.

Measures Against Frontier Tribesmen

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

The Government of India have decided to launch effective military operations against Tori Khels and other tribesmen who were responsible for the attack on the Indian and British columns in the Khaisora Valley. At present there is no information as to the effect of the announcement of Government's proposed measures viz., to station troops in the valley to levy penalties on the offending tribes and individuals and construct the road but it is quite likely the tribes may quietly leave for their homes and avoid further aggression.

London Deputy Trade Commissionership

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

In connection with the Deputy Trade Commissionership in London which Mr. Sukthankar is shortly vacating, I hear the name of Mr. Ikramulla till lately Under-Secretary, Industries Department, and now Secretary, Coal Enquiry Committee.

INDIA'S TRADE WITH CEYLON

(Continued From Page 6)

ducts like cocoanut, acricanut, tobacco, and cashewnut—a market which Ceylon can ill afford to lose and which she is bent upon capturing at all costs. It is the growing alarm of the prospect of losing the extensive Indian market for Ceylon products rather than the pretended anxiety at India's prospective trade reverses, that has incited your apparently well-meaning correspondent to hold out an empty threat to India.

Import of Copra

I cannot help exposing the incalculable damage and injury which the Ceylon copra dumped, in season and out of season, into India has done, to one of the major industries upon which the economic well-being of three provinces in India wholly depends. Aided by a comparatively lower cost of production, and cheaper shipping freights irrespective of the distance, and further, assisted by a reduction in Tariff values the Ceylon copra thrust into India paralysed cocoanut industry, especially in the states of Travancore, and Cochin and British Malabar, to an alarming extent.

India's Right of Self-Defence

No argument is needed to justify India's claim to protect her coconut industry. If it is the inherent right of any country to husband its indigenous industry, irrespective of the far-reaching effects of the steps undertaken nothing can stand in the way of India adopting such a self-protecting measure. What did Ceylon do in the case of cocoanut and copra imported into Ceylon from Malaya when an import duty of Rs. 45 per ton was levied? Is it not intended to protect Ceylon copra? Even against India what did Ceylon do in the case of poultry, eggs, vegetables, ghee, ginger and cement and fish? At the very moment when Ceylon was reaping the fruits of a bumper market for her cocoanut products in India, she imposed protective tariffs on the above articles imported from India under the excuse of developing the indigenous industries, irrespective of its repurcussions on her customer at hand. When Ceylon has already taken the lead for protective Tariff, and if, as your correspondent boasts, she can stand upon her own legs, quite, apart from India, why should she care whether India buys Ceylon copra or not? As regards Indian rice, Ceylon has already attempted to break through the wall. Rice imports from Burma and Indo-China have far exceeded those from India since 1930 and with the separation of Burma from the mainland, India has no advantage in respect of that trade. With a rice mill here and there and a few cwts of country rice in the market the tall talk of an import duty on rice is widespread. In view of these it is neither fascism nor capitalistic tyranny, to protect onself against foreign competition and it is amazing to argue that self preservation is abominable.

Padmanabha Rao, aged 24, a student of the Medical College, Madras, (son of Dr. Srinivasa Rao, Resident Medical Officer, General Hospital) is stated to have been drowned on Friday morning while bathing in the sea opposite Queen Mary's College. The police are searching for the body.—A.P.

South African Letter

CONTROVERSY ON INDIAN POLITICS

Mr. Hofmeyr And Dr. van der Merwe

(From Our Own Correspondent).

JOHANNESBURG, (By Mail.)

With the return of the Hofmeyr Delegation from India, the country has been plunged into a first class controversy about the political currents in India. Two leaders of South Africa incidentally have come to entirely opposite conclusions about India's connection with the British Empire Dr. N. J. van der Merwe, M.P. in an outspoken and well-studied interview to the Press condemns the subjection of India by the British, and relates the growths of nationalism in India. Mr. J.H Hofmeyr, the Minister of the Interior, on the other hand sees little political ferment in India, holds high hopes for the future working of the Constitution and boldly predicts that India will remain a willing member of the British Commonwealth for a long time to come. Both the conclusions give a fair glimpse of the leaders' respective working of the mind. Dr. van der Merwe has, as a nationalist, been frightfully shocked at the common imperialism controlling South Africa and India; and Mr. Hofmeyr as an advocate of British connection has appreciated the British Government's achievements in India. Both of them agree on one point that there is poverty in India. The most outstanding point of difference in their views is of course the British record in India.

Pattabhi Pleads For "Regular Election"

RIGHTS OF DELEGATES ARE PARAMOUNT; AND CONGRESS MUST RESPECT THEM, HE SAYS

MASULIPATAM, (By Mail).

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, who was nominated for the presidential election of the Faizpur session, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"I venture to make this statement because, under the present circumstances, it is not unlikely that some statement was expected of me. I have never entertained in my life any political ambitions nor sought office. I have availed myself of such opportunities as came to me for doing what little service I have been capable of. The nomination now before the country was not of my seeking nor had I any knowledge of this embarrassing kindness which a sister district has shown me.

NO DIFFERENCE WITH NEHRU.

"Fortunately for me, broadly speaking, there is not any fundamental difference in views and outlook between Jawaharlalji and myself and I say so while I continue to be an ardent apostle of the cult of truth and non-violence introduced into politics by Mahatma Gandhi. Neither of us is a protagonist of the cult of office acceptance. Both of us stand for rejection of the Reform Scheme which is a dangerous trap for the nation. Neither of us is a member of the Congress Socialist Party, but both of us are anxious to prepare the country for a socialistic train of thought. Neither of us is for the Russian Communist System. Russia herself has got out of it.

MACHINE VS. CHARKHA!

Only Jawaharlalji is for machinery but not against cottage industries. I am for cottage industries while not being against machinery in its own time and place. Jawaharlalji is for socialism of the curative type while I am both for curative and preventive types. In this view I plead for a study of the principles underlying the structure and functions of Hindu Society in particular and Indian Society in general and advocate a reconstruction of the Socio-economic edifice free from the trammels and tyrannies of religion charged with the idealism that a religious outlook engenders.

Thus does it happen that while both of us are out to attack the same problem, namely of poverty and unemployment, he attacks it at one end, I attack it on the other end. Both of us abhor capitalism involving monopolies whether of money or power and position.

DELEGATES' DIFFICULTIES.

"When the new Constitution of the Congress passed at Bombay provided for the first time for delegates directly electing their President the provision was hailed with joy on all sides as a democratic measure. When it was suggested both then and later that the delegates must be guided by a process of nominations in accordance with the time-honoured practice in the country the suggestion was resisted on the ground that the election must be left to the delegates in free and unfettered manner.

The sub-committee, appointed to revise the Constitution in 1935, which met in March 1936, in Delhi, saw, however, the difficulties of the delegates arising from want of guidance which nominations would always afford and inserted a clause providing the present system. This is the first year in which the innovation is being put into force. Hardly have the nominations been sent when the attention of the public has been sought to be concentrated upon unanimity of vote and avoidance of division in the Congress.

The withdrawal and the refusal of Rajaji, obviate a contest between two conflicting positions and a consequent division in Congress ranks. The delegates may, therefore, indulge in the pleasant pastime of a vote without complaining that the high command of the Congress is imposing monopoly of positions. We have been talking lately of initiative from below. Let a regular election give a chance for it. We talk of democracy while legislating but are inclined to impose decisions in practical life on the demos from above. May we not realise that the rights of delegates are paramount and that the Congress must be the first to respect them?—United Press.

SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY'S RACES

(By "WIDEAWAKE".)

The following are selections for to-day's races:—

1st Race
- UP-TO-DATE 1
- HOWELL 2
- SANDOW 3

2nd Race
- MADHI 1
- LOOKMAN 2
- BACHELOR BOY 3

3rd Race
- HAVANA 1
- SILVER JUBILEE 2
- KANDA 3

4th Race
- GLANELY 1
- MANANA 2

5th Race
- ORATORIO 1
- MENADO 2

6th Race
- MAGNITUDE 1
- MORFAIR 2
- CASTLETOI 3

7th Race
- POUGATCHEV 1
- TALK 2

8th Race
- POMPIDHOR 1
- GARTER PRINCESS 2
- RAGHUBEER 3

9th Race
- AL MUQBIL 1
- SAMRA LAYALI 2
- BUSHBOOS 3

B. S. N. Co.'s Pleasure Cruises

SUNDAY, 6th Dec. 1936 Ulwa Cruise: 3-30 to 7-30 P.M.
Fare per Person Rs. 1-8. CHILDREN AT HALF RATES.

Music, Drinks & Light Refreshments at Tariff rates.

TICKETS SOLD AT APOLLO BUNDER.

NOTE:—There will be NO CRUISE "ROUND DUFFERIN" on Sunday.

SPECIAL XMAS SALE ALREADY ON

Call at the CHINESE CURIO HOUSE to-day—Bombay's popular Curiosity shop where you make thrilling finds and don't leave woefully out of pocket! The CHINESE CURIO HOUSE stocks Precious Stones; Rare Antique China Ware; Old Bronze; Carved Ivory Nanking Paintings; Peking Woollen Carpets; Brass Ware; Delicate Cloisonne Ware; Carved Wooden Figures; Mahjong Sets; Beautiful Sandwich Bowls and Soup Cups. Come to-day.

X'mas and New Year Chinese Cards A Speciality.

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EVERLASTING FOR 10 YEARS

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Do You Like Cheap Bargain and Save Money?

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Make the women and children fair".

Buy PRAKASAM'S stone set chains. Set with Red, Green, Blue, Jade, Rainbow, Tint Synthetic Stones; Chains are supplied set with stones of one or two or mixed colours, according to order.

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KNEE STIFF AS A POKER

Middle-aged Man Who Could Hardly Walk

TAKES KRUSCHEN—AND DOES 14 MILES A DAY

He thought he had injured his knee in some way and that it needed massage and treatment, but he got no relief. The truth was that he was suffering from uric acid in the joint. Now he tells how Kruschen Salts have made him walk as well as ever, although he is already middle-aged:—

"A few years ago I developed a very sore knee joint and it stiffened up. I had treatment for about 3 months. I could hardly walk, it was so sore and painful. I also had it X-rayed but there appeared to be nothing wrong with the knee. I heard of Kruschen Salts so I got a bottle. After I had taken a portion of the bottle the stiffness left me, so I now take Kruschen every morning, and can walk 12 or 14 miles a day. I am middle-aged."—A.M.

Kruschen Salts clear your blood of the mischievous uric acid which settles in your joints and muscles, causing them to swell, grow stiff and unbearably painful. And when poisonous uric acid goes, there is no doubt about these old rheumatic aches going, too! The most stubborn cases of rheumatism have shown astonishingly quick improvement with this Kruschen treatment.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

The most stubborn irritation yields quickly to the soothing effects of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It breaks up congestion, banishes soreness, helps heal inflamed tissue. Safe, pleasant, economical. Keep a bottle of Chamberlain's always in your home.

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CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

Bodily VIGOUR

Wake refreshed and full of energy with the aid of Rowntree's cocoa. A cupful last thing before retiring ensures restful sleep—aids the digestion and makes you feel alert and vigorous for the day's work.

ROWNTREE'S COCOA

SOLD IN ¼ ½ & 1lb TINS FROM ALL STORES & BAZAARS

NEW CONSTITUTION OF U. S. S. R. (FUNDAMENTAL LAW)

(Continued from Page 6).

armed forces of the USSR; (j) In the intervals between the sessions of the Supreme Council of the USSR, proclaims a state of war in the event of armed attack on the USSR; (k) Proclaims general or partial mobilization; (l) Ratifies international treaties; (m) Appoints and recalls plenipotentiary representatives of the USSR to foreign states; (n) Accepts the credentials of diplomatic representatives of foreign states.

Article 50: The Council of the Union and the Council of Nationalities elect Credentials Commissions which examine the credentials of the members of the respective Chambers.

On the representation of the Credentials Commissions the Chambers decide either to endorse the credentials or to nullify the elections of the deputies concerned.

Commissions Of Enquiry

'Article 51': The Supreme Council of the USSR, when it deems necessary, appoints commissions of enquiry and investigation on any matter.

It is the duty of all institutions and officials to comply with the demands of these commissions and to submit to them the necessary materials and documents.

'Article 52': A deputy of the Supreme Council of the USSR may not be prosecuted or arrested without the consent of the Supreme Council of the USSR, and in the period when the Supreme Council of the USSR is not in session, without the consent of the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR.

'Article 53': On the expiration of the term of office of the Supreme Council of the USSR, or after the Supreme Council has been dissolved prior to the expiration of its term of office, the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR retains its power until the formation of a new Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR by the newly-elected Supreme Council of the USSR.

'Article 54': On the expiration of the term of office of the Supreme Council of the USSR., or in the event of its dissolution prior to the expiration of its term of office, the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR appoints new elections to be held within a period of not more than two months from the date of expiration of the term of office or the dissolution of the Supreme Council of the USSR.

'Article 55': The newly-elected Supreme Council of the USSR is convened by the outgoing Presidium of the Supreme Council of the USSR not later than a month after the elections.

'Article 56': The Supreme Council of the USSR, at a joint sitting of both Chambers, forms the Government of the USSR—the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR.

Section IV: Highest Organs Of State Power Of Union Republics.

Article 57: The highest organ of State power of a Union Republic is the Supreme Council of the Union Republic.

Article 58: The Supreme Council of a Union Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic for a term of four years.

The rates of representation are determined by the Constitutions of the respective Union Republics.

Article 59: The Supreme Council of a Union Republic is the sole legislative organ of the Republic.

Article 60: The Supreme Council of a Union Republic: (a) Adopts the Constitution of the Republic and amends it in conformity with Article 16 of the Constitution of the USSR; (b) Ratifies the Constitutions if the Autonomous Republics belonging to it and defines the boundaries of their territories; (c) Approves the plan of national economy and the budget of the Republic; (d) Has the right to amnesty and pardon citizens sentenced by the judicial organs of the Union Republic.

Article 61: The Supreme Council of a Union Republic elects a Presidium of the Supreme Council of the Union Republic consisting of the Chairman of the Presidium of the Supreme Council of the Union Republic, Vice-Chairmen, and members of the Supreme Council of the Union Republic.

The powers of the Presidium of the Supreme Council of a Union Republic are defined by the Constitution of the Union Republic.

Article 62: The Supreme Council of a Union Republic elects a Chairman and Vice-Chairmen to conduct its meetings.

Article 63: The Supreme Council of a Union Republic forms the government of the Union Republic—the Council of People's Commissars of the Union Republic.

Section V: Organs of State Administration Of The USSR.

Article 64: The highest executive and administrative organ of state power of the USSR is the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR.

Article 65: The Council of People's Commissars of the USSR is responsible to the Supreme Council of the USSR and accountable to it.

Article 66: The Council of People's Commissars of the USSR issues decisions and orders on the basis and in pursuance of the laws in operation, and supervises their execution.

Article 67: Decisions and orders of the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR are binding throughout the entire territory of the USSR.

Article 68: The Council of People's Commissars of the USSR.: (a) Co-ordinates and directs the work of the All-Union and Union-Republic and People's Commissariats of the USSR. and of other institutions, economic and cultural, under it; (b) Adopts measures for the fulfilment of the plan of national economy and the State budget for strengthening the credit and monetary system; (c) Adopts measures for the maintenance of public order, for the protection of the interests of the State, and for safeguarding the rights of citizens; (d) Exercises general control in the sphere of relations with foreign States; (e) Determines the annual contingent of citizens to be called up for active military service and directs the general organization of development of the armed forces of the country.

Article 69: The Council of People's Commissars of the USSR has the right, in respect to those branches of administration and economy which come within the competence of the USSR, to suspend decisions and orders of the Councils of People's Commissars of the Union Republics and to annul orders and instructions of People's Commissars of the USSR.

Article 70: The Council of People's Commissars of the USSR is formed by the Supreme Council of the USSR and consists of: The Chairman of the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR, the Vice-Chairman of the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR the Chairman of the State Planning Commission of the USSR, the Chairman of the Commission of Soviet Control, the People's Commissars of the USSR, the Chairman of the Committee of Agricultural Stocks, the Chairman of the Committee of Arts, the Chairman of the Committee of Higher Education.

Article 71: The Government of the USSR or a People's Commissar of the USSR to whom any question of a member of the Supreme Council of the USSR is addressed is obliged to give a verbal or written reply in the respective Chamber within a period of not more than three days.

Article 72: The People's Commissars of the USSR direct the branches of state administration which come within the competence of the USSR.

Article 73: The People's Commissars of the USSR issue, within the competence of the respective People's Commissariats, orders and instructions on the basis and in pursuance of the laws in operation and also of decisions and orders of the Council of People's Commissars of the USSR, and supervise their execution.

Article 74: The People's Commissariats of the USSR are either All-Union or Union-Republican Commissariats.

Article 75: The All-Union People's Commissariats direct the branches of state administration entrusted to them throughout the territory of the USSR either directly or through bodies appointed by them.

Article 76: The Union-Republican People's Commissariats direct the branches of state administration entrusted to them through the People's Commissariats of the Union Republics bearing the same name.

Article 77: The following People's Commissariats are All-Union People's Commissariats: Defence, Foreign Affairs, Foreign Trade, Railways, Communications, Water Transport, Heavy Industry.

Article 78: The following are Union-Republican People's Commissariats: Food Industry, Light Industry, Timber Industry, Agriculture, State Grain and Livestock Farms, Finance, Internal Trade, Internal Affairs, Justice, Public Health.

(To Be Continued.)

ACTIVITIES AT TILAK NAGAR

Santiniketan Artist To Supervise Gate Construction

TILAK NAGAR, Dec. 3.

A batch of lady volunteers returned to-day after a propaganda tour in connection with the Congress session, in the surrounding villages. The Savda station is astir with activities.

225 Maharashtra Congress workers are busy in Tilak Nagar at present. The construction of the main gate of Tilak Nagar has commenced. The famous artist Mr. Nandalal Bose of Santiniketan, the designer of the gate, is supervising the same.

The construction of the dining halls and kitchens has also been undertaken. Work on roads through Savda village will be undertaken shortly.—United Press.

RAIPUR PEASANTS PROTEST TO JODHPUR

Urge Enquiry Into Cesses Levied By Jagirdar

JODHPUR, Dec. 3.

The peasants of ten villages under the Jagir of Raipur have submitted a petition to the Maharaja of Jodhpur to the effect that they have been living in the said Jagir villages for the last five hundred years, that they have not paid any cess other than Dhumba Lag all these years, and that recently the Jagirdar has levied a number of such extraordinary cesses, which they are unable to pay.

They further alleges that, the Jagirdar has threatened to realise the cess which they are unable to pay. The Jagirdar has also threatened to realise the cess money by force and turn them from the Jagir. They, therefore, demand an impartial enquiry into the matter and permit to reside in the Khalsa Area.—United Press.

PEASANTS' ONE-DAY PARLIAMENT

Hold Annual Session And Endorse Manifesto

MADRAS, (By Mail).

Hundreds of peasants took part in the peasants' marches held on November 28 at Guntur, Tenali, Bapatla and other places.

Prof. N. G. Ranga, M. L. A., led the march at Guntur, Mrs. Bharati Ranga at Tenali, and Messrs. Ghouse Baig and K. Sitaramayya at Bapatla and Sattenapalle respectively.

Everywhere peasants gathered from many villages, prepared their resolutions, endorsed the Peasants' Manifesto circulated by the Provincial Ryots Association and communicated them to Government through the local officials. The Collector at Tenali made arrangements for the reception of peasants and for the conduct of the Peasants' Parliaments.

"It was a glorious experience to witness these marches led by genuine peasants and manned by hundreds of peasants who hail from villages, fresh from their agricultural experience," said Mrs. Ranga in her speech at Tenali. "To-day, we have held again our annual one-day's session of the Peasants' Parliament in which the representative of Government faces us and gives us the answer of Government to all our tales of woes, and conveys our demands to Government."—United Press.

FUTURE OF INDIAN DAIRY INDUSTRY

Gujerat Cream Merchants Plan To Form Association

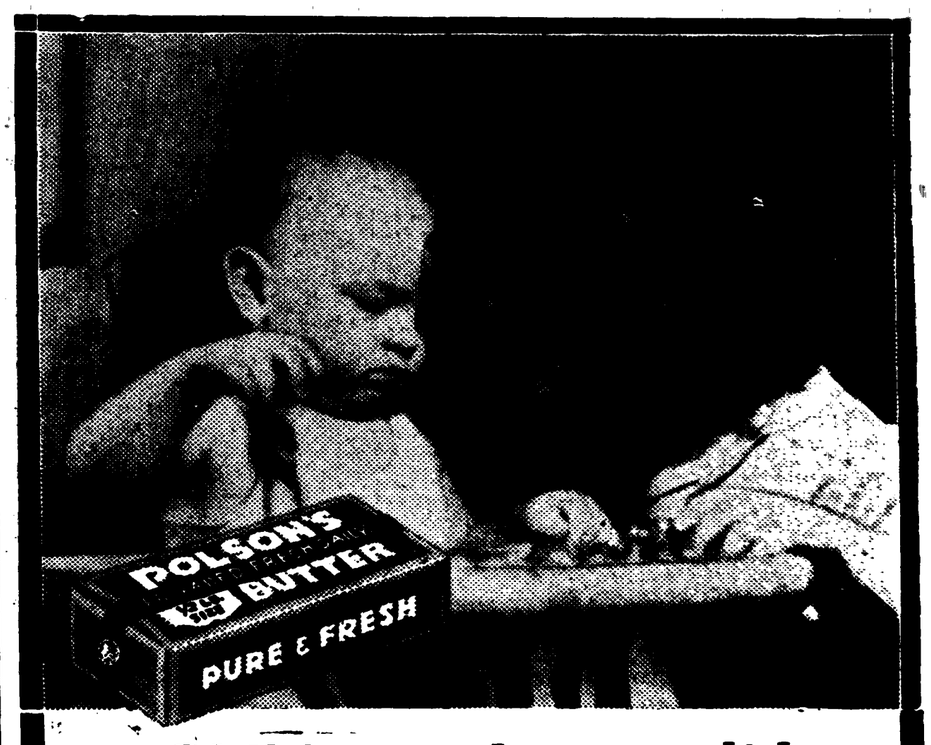
BARODA, Dec. 3.

With a view to re-organise the Gujerat Cream Merchants' Association a preliminary meeting of prominent merchants was recently held at Anand when a decision was arrived at for revitalising the Association activities.

Dr. N. C. Wright who is touring India for investigating into the milk and cattle problem in the country visited Karachi Ahmedabad, Anand and Baroda.

During his visit to the Australian Dairy Company in Baroda Mr. C. G. Shaw of the Prince of Wales Dairy dwelling on the future of the dairy industry in India expressed the opinion that it should be run on lines of cottage industries in order to maintain the high quality of butter and not on the factory basis because of the peculiar milk-marketing methods.

Dr. N. C. Wright who is now in Bombay will leave on December 4 for Poona and thence for Bangalore, Mysore and Madras.—United Press.



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POLISH PROFESSOR AT SANTINIKETAN

Dr. Krzesinki Has Great Regard For Our Spiritual Culture

SANTINIKETAN, Dec. 3.

Dr. Andrew Krzesinki, Professor of Philosophy at the Cracow University Poland, is just now here on a short visit. He delivered a very interesting lecture to the students of the Visva-Bharathi on "Tragedy of Modern Culture."

Dr. Krzesinki has been touring round the world since February last. Before coming to India, he had already visited America, Japan, China, Indo-China, Siam and Tibet. He is the author of many philosophical books in the Polish and French languages.

The mission of his world tour is to study the actual state of spiritual culture in different countries. He is persuaded to believe that contemporary people need deeper knowledge and more active spiritual incentives before the way for real unity can be prepared.

Need For Spiritual Culture

At a time, says he, when materialism is spreading with a bold front, there is nothing more imperative than defending the spiritual culture and making people become aware of its high values.

Dr. Krzesinki has very great sympathy for the Indian people and full respect for the India's spiritual culture.

He will attend the Indian Spiritual Philosophical Congress to be held in Delhi, to which he has been invited, and will deliver a lecture on "Knowledge of Reality".—United Press.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL AT WADHWAN

Foundation Of Building Laid

WADHWAN CAMP, Dec. 3.

A correspondent wires:

The foundation stone of the Women's Hospital and Maternity Home, Wadhwan Camp, was laid to-day by Mrs. Poulton, wife of the Political Agent, Eastern Kathiawar Agency. The Hospital which has been in existence for two years, is run by public contributions. The local Municipality has granted an extensive piece of land almost free of charge for building purposes. The King George Silver Jubilee Committee has given nearly Rs. 3,000 for the building of a Jubilee ward. Other donations total Rs. 35,000.—A. P.

ADJOURNMENT DISALLOWED

Echo Of Ban On Congress Propaganda In Madras Council

MADRAS, Dec. 3.

It is learnt that Mr. Subramania Bhatt's adjournment motion in the Legislative Council to discuss "the action taken by the Government in case of Congressmen carrying on election propaganda in Malabar and elsewhere" has been disallowed by the President of the Council on the ground that the matter was 'subjudice.'—United Press.

NO CONTEMPT OF COURT

Case Against Darbhanga Raj Manager Dismissed With Costs

PATNA, Dec. 3.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice James of the Patna High Court delivered judgment to-day in what is known as the Darbhanga "Contempt of Court" case. Their Lordships dismissed the Crown case and awarded ten gold Mohurs as hearing fee to Pundit Girindramohan Misra, then Acting Chief Manager of the Darbhanga Raj.

The case arose out of a letter written by Pundit Girindramohan Misra to the Collector of Bhagalpur, in respect of certain matters connected with the embankment over a river. The Collector thought that a certain passage in the letter contained objectionable criticism of his judgment in connection with the embankment affair and wrote to the High Court requesting for action against the Manager for "contempt of Court."

The Chief Justice held that the passage complained of by the Collector did not constitute "contempt of court."—A. P.

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Why suffer from the wasting and dire disease, when the well-known "DIABETES SPECIALIST", Dr. S. E. IYENGAR, who has cured hundreds of patients, completely and marvellously by his rare and invaluable specific and who has over 35 years of experience is near you? Consult him, personally, at once a day for "body, pulse and urine examination" after which only, medicine and its charges will be discussed with

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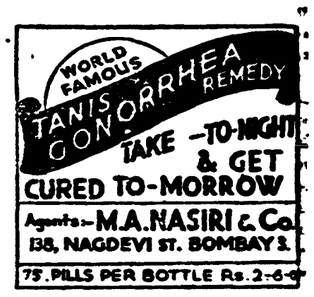
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FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"SWING TIME" MOST BRILLIANT, OF ASTAIRE AND ROGERS MUSICALS

At Pathe

With their newest vehicle, "Swing Time," which opened today at the Pathe Theatre, Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers deliver the most tuneful and captivating film musical of their career. In story, songs, dances, comedy, situations, supporting cast, and production "Swing Time" tops its predecessors. The noted dou present a spectacular fast-moving double-triangle romantic travesty that holds the audience until the final fade-out.

The two stars again offer their amazing dancing, with the intriguing "The Waltz in Swing Time" taking rank with their previous "Carioca" and "Continental". Jerome Kern's haunting melodies, Dorothy Fields' sprightly lyrics, the gorgeous "Bojangles" scenic creation by John Harkrider, the notable efforts of a well-chosen cast and George Stevens' adroit direction all combine to make RKO Radio's "Swing Time" an entertainment of the finest kind.

The story deals with Astaire's arrival in New York as an impecunious free-lance sport, bent upon making enough money to return to his home town and marry his fiancee, Betty Furness. But his ardour for this programme fades when he encounters Miss Rogers, a teacher in a dancing academy. The plot is further complicated by the attentions showered on Miss Rogers by Georges Metaxa, an orchestra leader, and by the well-meaning but nearly fatal efforts of Victor Moore and Helen Broderick to smooth out the path of true love.

All in all, "Swing Time" is just about perfect. Be sure to put it on your list of "must see" attractions the big production number being "Bojangles of Harlem," an ensemble led by Astaire in burnt cork.

"Swing Time" at Pathe—Ginger Rogers-Fred Astaire —this week.

"Swing Time" Ginger Rogers At Pathe—"Charlie Chan At The Race Track" At Capitol—"The Gay Desperado" At Regal—"Craig's Wife" At Excelsior—"Romeo And Juliet" At Empire—"Shirley Temple" At Centrarl—"Desire" At Plaza

"Maya" at the Minerva.

Syt. Ishwarlal and Rosa Hate in "Jwala Mukhi" (Ranjit) at the West-End.

"THE GAY DESPERADO"

At The Regal

Romantic, melody and laughter are the order of the day at the Regal Theatre where Nino Martini, the handsome singing star of radio, grand opera and films, will begin delighting audience to-night in "The Gay Desperado." Do yourself a favour and take yourself—and your best beau (or gal) and the whole family—down to see this second offering of the Mary Pickford and Jesse L. Lasky producing company which gave you "One Rainy Afternoon." It's a skilful concoction of every ingredient or a perfect evening's entertainment—it's the answer to a movietan's prayer. A far cry from the usual film featuring an operatic songbird "The Gay Desperado" briskly directed by the inimitable Rouben Mamoulian, is a fast moving thrill-packed, laugh-loaded story laid below the Rio Grande. As a silvery-throated singer in a little Mexican movie house, Martini proves that he can act as well as sing. Martini is kidnapped by a bold, bad (and very ingenuous) bandit who worships American gangsters and decides to adopt their methods, but is really a sentimental, music-loving chap at heart. He attempts to pull off a real American style kidnapping and his victims are the weakling son of a wealthy American family, James Blakeley, and his lovely sweetheart, Ida Lupino. Carillo invites his American idol of the underworld, Butch the Blood, played by Stanley Fields, to handle the ransom negotiations and then the fun begins! Martini and Miss Lupino fall in love and after a series of highly original and side-splitting situations, satirizing the tactics of American gangsters, Martini effects the release of the victims by a novel and highly amusing stratagem and the story ends on a joyous note. Martini's song repertory includes "The World Is Mine To-night," already popular on the radio, "Adios My Tierra," and three famous Mexican songs "Cielita Lindo," "Lamento Gitano" and "Estrellita." The Verdiaria, "Celeste Aida," is the highlight of the operatic numbers. All the members of a splendid cast, including in addition to those already mentioned, Harold Huber, Mischa Auer and others do top-notch work. "The Gay Desperado" is released by United Artists.

CHARLIE CHAN AT THE RACE TRACK

At The Capitol

Charlie Chan encounters the strangest and most baffling case of his career as he combats the deadly machinations of a ruthless killer in "Charlie Chan at the Race Track", Twentieth Century-Fox picture which opens today at the Capitol. Murder with a phantom horse-shoe an infra-ray that hurls unseen death, and a poison foam that buddies venomously, are but a few of the macabre means of murder that Chan deals with as he races neck-and-neck deals with he races neck-and-neck half-way "round the world with an invisible killer. Warner Oland once again plays Charlie Chan, Earl Derr Biggers' faomus sleuth, with Keye Lake Helen Wood. Thomas Beck and Gavin Muir also featured in the cast. The film opens with a thrilling horse race in Australia when Avalanche, the heavily-backed favourite, loses the Melbourne Sweepstakes through the operations of a gambling ring. Major Kent, infuriated at the gamblers cables Honolulu and requests Chan to investigate the case. When the boat carrying Kent and Avalanche to America docks in Honolulu, Chan finds the Kanor dead—apparently kicked to death by Avalanche Chan uncovers evidence that indisputably establishes the fact that Kent has been murdered—and the wily sleuth decides to continue with the boat to America thereby plunging headlong into the most amazing experiences of his career. Avalanche is to run in the famous Santa Juanita Handicap—and Chan makes the astonishing discovery that the horse has been switched with another and slower thoroughbred. Thrill follows thrill as Chan follows on the heels of the murderer, culminating with the kidnapping of the detective on the eve of the race. By a clever ruse, Chan outwits his captors and reaches the track just before the start of the big race. Aided by his son, Keye Luke, Chan creates a disturbance and in the ensuing excitement—and as they pound down the stretch with Avalanche in the lead, the gambling ring strikes again! Chan is on hand, however, thwarts the murderers, and uncovers the killer in his own inimitable fashion. "Charlie Chan at the Race Track" is unquestionably the best and most thrilling Charie Chan picture ever brought to the screen.

"The Gay Desperado" at the Regal this week—Ida Lupino.

WHAT THE STARS DO ON CHRISTMAS

(BY RICARDO MARIO)

The Bing Crosbys will celebrate Christmas Day at their ranch near Rancho Sante Fe. Bing's immediate family including Lixie Lee, the twins and Gary Evan as well as his mother and father, two brothers and their families will drive down to the ranch the day before Christmas. Cedar trees planted on the property will be trimmed by Bing and his brothers and gifts for everyone present will be hidden throughout the grounds of the estate.

Every Christmas season Mary Boland secures a list of names from one of Hollywood's charitable organisations, acquaints herself with the particular needs of the people on her list and spends days shopping for and wrapping the gifts she has selected. The day before Christmas Mary personally supervises the delivery of each package and the only indentification on each box is a tag bearing the name of the person for whom it is intended and a sticker "Do not open until Christmas".

Gail Patrick plans a Christmas in the mountains this year where there's a lot of snow. She plans to take a winter home at Lake Arrowhead during the holiday season and will vacation there with her sister-in-law, her mother, two brothers and several of their friends. Incidentally Gail started in July to do her

(Continued on page 11 Col. 5)

"CRAIG'S WIFE"

At Excelsior

A Pulitzer Prize, winning stage play, "Craig's Wife" now at the Excelsior, although essentially theotrical material, owes much to the sympathetic manner in which the screen treatment has been approached by director Dorothy Arzner. Basically it is a rather unpleasant portrait of a cold-hearted woman whose home becomes her fetish, and it is necessarily more difficult to secure and sustain interest in an unsympathetic character than in one that is sympathetic. The woman Dorothy Arzner shows us is so perfectly played by Rosalind Russell that, despite everything she manages to secure a measure of sympathy for her desolateness in the finale.

Walter Craig has been happily married to Harriet for two years, but her absence visiting a sick sister gives him an opportunity to enjoy a poker party with his neighbour Fergus Passmore. Passmore's old behaviour has alienated the affection of his wife Adelaide and also many friendships and Walter is the only one to turn up. Meanwhile Harriet decides that attendance and that of her niece Ethel at her sister's bedside is proving to the invalid's detriment. She returns home, bringing Ethel with her, and immediately complains of the presence in her house of her neighbour, Mrs Frazier, who is visiting Walter's aunt. Harriet refuses to let Ethel's fiance speak to her, but herself attempts to find out by telephone where Walter had been the previous evening. Newspapers disclose that Passmore and his wife had met a violent death in the library of their house, and police inquiries bring a detective to the Craig home. Later Walter realises that Harriet does not care whether he is implicated in the Passmore tragedy or not provided no scandal attaches her! Realising at last the callous pettiness of her nature he smashes a favourite vase and smokes in the reception room without regard to the disposition of butts and ash, and as a consequence of her selfish attitude, Harriet finds herself bereft of husband, niece, friends and servants, and with a telegram announcing her sister's death, suddenly realises the manner in which she has brought about her own complete loneliness.

Rosalind Russell gives a really remarkable portrayal of Harriet Craig, even her clothes being indicative of her character. A difficult role, she brings to it unusual understanding and unity of conception. She is very well supported by John Boles, who is admirably suited to the role of doting husband, by Jane Darwell as the conscientious housekeeper, by Billie Burke as the charming grandmother neitghbour, by Elizabeth Risdon as the dying sister and Dorothy Wilson as Ethel. Minor roles are capably presented; staging, photography and general technical qualities leave nothing to be desired.

Craig's Wife" the Pulitzer Prize Play at the Excelsior —Rosalind Russell and John Bole.

ROMEO AND JULIET

Retained At The Empire

The world knows this Shakespearean tragedy principally as a romance of two young hearts Shakespeare intended it, through the popular vehicle of a drama, to be a means of making hate the synonym of love The Bible of every religion teaches us to love our neighbours. But the gentlemen of Verona, descended as, it were from the feuds of the Borgias, considered the forces of warfare to run through their veins through generation to generation The history of warfare teaches u that enemies generally select bewitching females to crack friendship for the purposes of espionage. Many a warlike dispute in ancient kingdoms have been settled through political marriages. Akbar the Great, in whose regime religious tolerance became established for the first time in India, could not devise any better means of cementing the unity of Hindus and Mahomedans in his domain in a desire to consolidate th Empire of Hindusthan, than through marrying a Rajput Princess who was the proud mother of his son and heir. It is no wonder then that Shakespeare, the English contemporary of Akbar, should have selected Romeo and Juliet as the proper vehicle to preach the forces of love, even to warring communities. The story of Romeo and Juliet together with its numerous dramatic incidents such as the birth of love at first sight; the meeting of the lovers at dead of night through a rope ladder; the murder of Tybalt a cousin of Juliet by the rapier of Romeo in revenge for the murder of his friend Mercutio; the banishment of Romeo; Juliet's drinking of a medicine to bring on deathlike stupor so that her parents might take her dead and Romeo might remove her from the family vaults; ignorant Romeo's taking poison; and Juliet's stabbing herself at the death of Romeo; is all too familiar to need elaboration. We only appeal to our brethren in Bombay to take the lesson of Romeo and Juliet to heart and cease the unfortunate internecine warfare that is bing waged in Bombay and which is bringing ruin to the city and citizens alike and emulate brotherly peace like the Montagues and Capulets in the film. It is needless to mention that Norma Shearer, Leslie Howard, John Barrymore, are artistes who do full justice to the immortal play of Shakespeare.

"Charlie Chan At The Race Track at the Capitol from Saturday.

FOUR PICTURES OF SHIRLEY TEMPLE

At The Central

The management of the Central Talkies are glad to give happy news to keen Cinema fans that from Saturday the 5th December the Central is having a Shirley Temple week, when four Shirley Temple super-comedies will be screened. On Saturday the 5th and Sunday the 6th Shirley Temple will appear in "Bright Eyes" with James Dunn and Jane Withers. On Monday will be screened "Baby Take a Bow" with James Dunn, to be followed on Wednesday by "Our Little Girl." Shirley Temple will close her triumphant week on Thursday the 10th and Friday the 11th with "Curly Top" in which John Boles and Rochelle Hudson appear with Shirley Temple.

You are advised not to miss these—specially let not your kiddies miss them.

"DESIRE"

At The Plaza

In response to numerous requests, the management of the Plaza (Tilak Bridge, Dadar) have decided to screen this week "Desire," the great modern love drama with Marlene Dietrich and Gary Cooper. Miss Dietrich has the role of a continental jewel thief, who through her love for an American motor mechanic finds the error of her ways, reforms and finally marries him. The motor mechanic is played by Gary Cooper, and the two make a magnificent team. John Halliday, as the female thief's confederate has a big part, and his work is all that can be desired. Allan Mowbray, cast as a physician, also gives a fine characterisation. "Desire" is a picture which should not be missed, if only because we see a new Dietrich.

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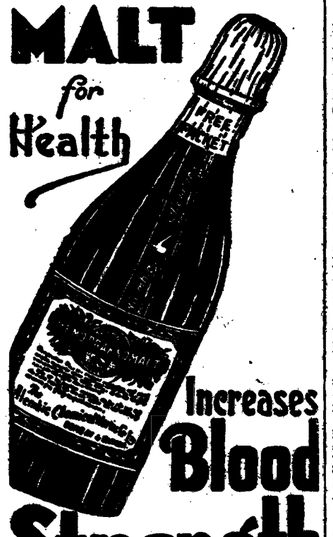

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Our Cochin Letter

VISIT OF THE VICEREGAL ENVOYS

Council Walk-Out

(From Our Own Correspondent)

ERNAKULAM, (By Mail).

Dr. J. C. Kumarappa, Secretary, of the All-India Village Industries Association, arrived here yesterday from North Travancore and was received by the local President of the Association and Mr. A. Chandra Hasan, Professor of Hindi, Maharaja's College, Ernakulam. He held discussions with the workers of the association regarding the Industries in the State. Later he visited the Government Industrial School and the Harijan Hostel, Ernakulam. Today morning he left for Trichur, where he will be the guest of Dr. A. R. Puduval, Civil Surgeon, Trichur.

VICEREGAL ENVOYS.

Mr. A. C. Lothian, Envoy of H. E. the Viceroy, accompanied by Messrs. A. J. Raisman and C.E. Conran Smith, arrived here yesterday and were received by the Diwan Sir R. K. Shanmukam Chetti at the Station. The party left this morning for Trivandrum by car. The Diwan of Cochin accompanied by the Secretary to the Government and the Federation Special Officer to the Government of Cochin will leave for Trivandrum on 1st December for discussing questions relating to Indian Federation with Mr. A. C. Lothian and his colleagues. The discussion will begin on December 2, and will last for a week.

COCHIN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

The session of the Cochin Legislative Council began on Monday last with the introduction of a number of Government Bills such as Cochin Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Bill, the Cochin Factories Bill, the Cochin Village Panchayat Regulation Amendment all of which were duly passed. On the first day there were three adjournment motions, the first was relating to the recent order of the District Magistrate prohibiting public meetings in Trichur. The Government opposed the motion and the President asked the House if leave could be sanctioned for the motion. Leave was not sanctioned and the motion was lost. The second related to the compelling and urgent necessity of abolishing untouchability, created by the recent proclamation in Travancore. The President rejected the motion on the plea that it was not a thing of recent occurrence. If it was that they wanted to discuss repercussions of the proclamation of a neighbouring State, continued the President, he could not allow discussion as it would involve the propriety or otherwise of the proceedings of another Government. The third was to discuss the rejection of a cut motion for retrenchment passed by the Council without assigning any reason whatsoever. All the three Adjournment Motions were rejected by the Hon. President.

CONGRESS WALK-OUT.

Mr. T. K. Nair of the State Congress Party then wanted to make a statement in the Council about the Press Regulation which the Government had passed by using the Prerogative Rights of H. H. the Maharaja, in spite of strong opposition. The President said that he could not allow as it was irrelevant and as it was not on the Agenda. Thereupon all the members headed by T. K. Nair of the Congress Party staged a walk-out from the hall, as a protest.

RELIEF FOR AGRICULTURISTS

The first four days were official days and the last day alone was reserved for non-official business. Mr. K. Ibrahim then introduced the Agriculturists Relief Bill for which leave was not granted. The Diwan-President in explaining Government attitude said that the real position of the Government had been misunderstood by the Hon. Members. Though the members of the House have been repeatedly asserting in the House that according to their information the price of certain commodities had gone up during the last five months the Government did not justify the withdrawal of the moratorium solely on the ground that the depression had been reduced by 50 per cent. The Diwan-President further observed the world was faced with a huge economic crisis and that the people were carried along with it. Whatever might be the ultimate radical solution of the economic problem some breathing space should be given to the agricultural debtors, so that in that intervening space they should bring about an economic adjustment: In further explaining the attitude of the Government towards the Agriculturists he said that he was following the trend of the crisis in this part of the world and conceded that the depression was continuing yet. Finally he said that very shortly the House would be discussing the Debt Conciliation Bill and said that the Government would sympathetically consider the passing of that Bill. The Debt Conciliation Bill was duly taken up and after much discussion, the Bill was referred to a Committee of the House to redraft certain sections of the Bill. The Council then adjourned sine die, and will assemble again on the 8th January 1937.

CURFEW ORDER EXTENDED

C. P. M. Promulgates It For Another Fourteen Days

The Chief Presidency Magistrate has extended the Curfew Order for a further period of fourteen days commencing from to-day (Saturday).

The Order states: "Whereas rioting of a very serious nature has been going on in several parts of the City of Bombay resulting in murder, grievous hurt and other injuries to the citizens lawfully employed and whereas there is danger to human life, health and safety and disturbance of the public tranquillity and whereas I am of opinion that immediate prevention and speedy remedy are desirable, I hereby direct the residents, frequenters and visitors of the following places in the City of Bombay (here the names of the places are given), to abstain for a period of fourteen days from the date hereof (December 5, 1936), from walking, standing, loitering or remaining in or on any road, public thoroughfare, highway, street, lane, bye-lane situate within the limits of the aforesaid places between the hours of 11 p.m., and 6 a.m., (Standard Time)".

AREA UNDER BAN

The following places are included in the Order:—

Girgaon Road, Kalbadevi Road, Shaikh Memon Street, Princess Street, Bhuleshwar Road, Thakurdwar Road, Abdul Rehiman Street, Dadyset Agiary Lane, Fanaswadi Cross Lanes, Fanaswadi Lane, Vithalwadi, Old and New Hanuman Lane, Gaiwadi, Chandanwadi, Sonapur Line, Ibrahim Rahimtoola Road, Sandhurst Road, Mahomed Ali Road, Dongri Street, Jail Road (East), Mazagaon Road, Babulla Tank Road, Chinch Bundar Road, Victoria Gardens Road, Kolsa Moholla, Nagdevi Street, Chuckla Street, Carnac Road, Argyle Road, Frere Road, Mandvi, Dana Bundar, Samuel Street, Khand Bazaar, Masjid Bundar Road, Bhat Bazaar, Nakhoda Street, Pydhowni Road, Dontad Street, Pydhowni Junction, Bapu Khote Street, Kika Street, Jambli Moholla, Goghari Moholla, Falkland Road, Kumbarwada, Khara Tilav Road, Grant Road, Golpitha, Trimbak Purshram Street, Islampura, C. P. Tank Road, Duncan Road, Khetwadi Main Road, Khetwadi Cross Roads, Khetwadi Back Road, Kandewadi Road, Lamington Road, Girgaum Back Road (Vithalbhai Patel Road), Ardeshir Dady Street, The whole of Kamatipura, Forjett Street, Foras Road, The whole of Tardeo, All the Streets between Duncan Road and Ibrahim Rahimtoola Road, Belassis Road, The whole of Madanpura, The whole of Ripon Road, Haines Road, Arthur Road, DeLisle Road between Haines Road and Arthur Road, Byculla Station Road, Jacob Circle, Clerk Road, from Chinchpokli to Kalachowki Road, Reay Road, Ghorupdev, Mazagaon Road, Dockyard Road, Mount Road, Victoria Road and Albert Road.

COMPLETE SUCCESS IN PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS

Satyamurti Congratulates Congress Workers On District Boards' Success

MADRAS, Dec. 2.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi, President, Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, in the course of a statement to the Press, says:

Now that the elections to all District Boards in Tamil Nadu are over, I hasten to offer my heartfelt and sincere congratulations to the voters, to the Congress workers, and volunteers, to the Congress Committees concerned, and to the Congress candidates themselves on the signal of the success which the Congress has achieved in these elections.

I have every confidence that if only we Congressmen prove ourselves to be worthy, avoid internal dissensions, and work disinterestedly and wholeheartedly complete success will be ours in the next provincial elections. I fully trust and hope that the Congress Members of the District Boards will keep aloft the Congress Flag, and serve the people of the districts, and prove themselves worthy of the abundant trust reposed in them. They are trustees, and they must so conduct themselves as to increase the confidence and affection of the people, in the Indian National Congress.—A. P.

GREAT NOURISHING VALUE OF QUAKER OATS CONFIRMED BY SECOND SCHOOL FEEDING TEST

Test Conducted at Fellowship Co-Educational School, Bombay, adds Further Proof of Remarkable Health-Building Qualities for Quaker Oats

Photograph of pupils who participated in Quaker Oats Feeding Test at Fellowship School, Gwalia Tank, Bombay.

36 PUPILS—AGE 8 TO 16 YEARS—GAIN AVERAGE OF 5 lbs. 9 oz. IN ONE MONTH

For the second time within a few months, a feeding test made at a Bombay School has definitely proven the remarkable health-building qualities of Quaker Oats.

Thirty-six students—both boys and girls—for exactly 30 days were given a daily bowl of Quaker Oats at 1 P.M. and a glass of Quaker Oats Porridge drink at 4:30 P.M. The boys and girls were carefully weighed at the beginning and end of the test in the presence of the Science Master of the School.

The results of these two weighings were as follows:

1st Weighment . . . 3,139 lbs. . . (total for class)
2nd Weighment . . . 3,264 lbs. . . (total for class)
GAIN . . . 125 lbs.
Individual average . . . 3 lbs. 9 oz.

Mention must also be made that the pupils all showed a new keenness, indicating that Quaker Oats aids mentally as well as physically. They enjoyed their Quaker Oats immensely and it was common to see them asking for a second helping.

BUILD YOUR HEALTH AND STRENGTH

Your children, yourself and all your family can build new health and strength by a daily diet of Quaker Oats. Rich in Vitamin B and other valuable health elements supplied by Nature, Quaker Oats is indeed the ideal food for all—young and old alike. It builds body, bone and muscle. Helps make rich, red blood; nourishes, energizes, invigourates.

Quaker Oats is delicious, too, and easy to prepare. Now available in new Quick Cooking form. Cooks in 2½ minutes from the time the water boils.

DELICIOUS NOURISHING HEALTHFUL

Feeding-test Boy wins Challenge Cup in School Sports

Ramchandra Wadwane, one of the boys who participated in this Quaker Oats feeding test won the coveted Challenge Cup in School sports out of a total of nearly 400 contestants. Quaker Oats supplies the vitality, the stamina and strength to excel in sports—and in life.

Quaker Oats

HINDI PRACHAR EXHIBITION

To Be Held At Faizpur At The Time Of The Congress

WARDHA, Dec. 4.

The All-India Hindi Prachar Sabha, Wardha, has decided to conduct a Hindi Prachar Exhibition in the premises of the All-India Village Industries Exhibition to be held at the time of the ensuing Congress session at Faizpur. The Exhibition Committee has granted the necessary accommodation for this purpose. It is proposed to exhibit charts showing the necessity for learning Hindi, the common language of India, and also charts showing different activities going on in different parts of the country for the promotion and propagation of Hindi. A selection of hundred books of standard style in Hindi-Hindustani written by reputed modern authors, best periodicals including weeklies and daily papers and also standard editions of Tulsi Ramayan and works of Kabir and Surdas will be exhibited. The Dakshin Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha, Madras, will participate in the exhibition and many other similar organisations are expected to co-operate with the Samiti to make the exhibition a success.

APPEAL FOR MATERIAL.

All institutions carrying on Hindi propaganda in the Provinces are requested to send copies of their annual reports, monthly magazines (manuscripts or printed) and such other articles through which the value of the quantity and quality of their work could be assessed. An appeal has been made to publishers of national literature of high merit in Hindi to send copies of their books for the exhibition. The editors of monthlies, weeklies and dailies are also requested to send specimen copies of their papers for exhibition. All materials for exhibition should be sent to the Secretary, All-India Hindi Prachar Samiti, Wardha, till the 20th December and thereafter to the same address, C/o. The Secretary, All-India Village Industries Exhibition, Faizpur. — United Press.

WHAT THE STARS DO ON CHRISTMAS DAY

(Continued from page 10)

Christmas shopping. At that time she was on a pleasure trip in Canada and rather than purchase a lot of frivolous gifts for those she wished to remember she combined the cost of a vacation and Christmas present and returned to Hollywood minus a vacation gift for each friend but with a promise that she would give them something from Canada for Christmas.

Christmas at Carole Lombard's is a gala occasion. Carole starts months before the holiday season checking with her friends to find out just what they would like to have in their Christmas stocking. For most of her friends Carole buys two gifts—one of her own selection and one for which they have expressed a desire. Fieldsie, her private secretary, aids Carole in selecting, wrapping and delivering her gifts. Each package includes a personally written greeting from the famous star. Carole also contributes to the Christmas fund of numerous charitable organisations. Besides that she sees to it that each servant in her personal employ and members of their respective families are remembered with appropriate gifts.

Christmas is a happy affair at the Cecil B. DeMille home. The famous producer-director plans his Christmas list personally and remembers every office and household employee as well as numerous friends with gifts especially selected for them. Christmas eve his private study is the scene of an informal party where everyone gathers around a huge Christmas tree to receive their gift. Later in the evening DeMille is host at an informal buffet dinner.

Sir Guy Standing entertains at his home in the Malibu Lake district on Christmas Day for members of the Boy Scout Troop in that vicinity. Each boy is remembered with an appropriate gift and early in the afternoon Sir Guy serves a Christmas dinner to his guests. He usually spends the latter part of the day delivering packages to the children of friends who live in Hollywood.

Christmas Day is Children's Day at the Roscoe Karns' home. Mary Jane and Roscoe, Jr., the two Karns children invite all of their young friends to join them at their home where there's an abundance of Christmas goodies and gifts for everyone present. The family Christmas dinner and exchange of gifts always takes place Christmas eve so that there will be no interference during the day with the children's plans for their friends.

"A DEVOTED CONGRESS SERVANT"

Govindanand On Governor's Refusal To Remove His Disqualifications

KARACHI, (By Mail)

Swami Govindand, who recently severed his connections with the Sind Congress Committee and formed another Congress Party in Sind, has been disqualified from standing a candidate for Sind Assembly elections.

He wrote to the Governor of Sind to remove his disqualification, to which he has received a reply that 'in view of the nature of the offence for which you were convicted (in January 1932 C. D. Movement), H. E. the Governor is not prepared to remove the disqualification incurred by you.

In the course of a Press statement in this connection, Swami Govindanand says:

"The Government was certain that I was going to the Assembly to serve the Congress, wreck the Constitution and hold aloft the Flag of Independence. The Government realises that I am still a real Congressman.

"Let me here add that I have been and shall always remain a devoted servant of Congress which I have served loyally for the last 30 years.

"I am sure the people will vote for those who have always fought, suffered and sacrificed for the Nation's freedom and whose presence in the Assembly will be a terror to Bureaucracy."—United Press.

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For PERMANENT SEX-HEALTH

After years of patient research, German Manufacturing Chemists have at last manufactured SEXOL which successfully roots out all the sex discrepancies caused by excesses and overdoings. W. Rihr's SEXOL is now an internationally-known remedy to eradicate every cause of sexual weakness.

W. Rihr's Sexol is an incomparable general tonic as well. It relieves the sufferer from diabetes, brain fag, nervousness and one full course of SEXOL will make you a perfect HE-MAN.

Trial Size ..... 10 pills Re. 1-8
40 „ Rs. 3-4
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Churakulam Teas!!

THE MOST REFRESHING OF ALL DRINKS

CHURAKULAM comes to you just as it would if you were in the gardens. Its delicious Aroma exhilarates you. Its flavour pleases the palate.

Churakulam Tea Estates' Depots:

BOMBAY. 404c, Kalbadevi Road.

POONA. 240, Budhwar Peth.

The Second Battalion of Worcestershire regiment for India, arrived at the Alexandra Docks by the troopship "Dilwara" on Wednesday.

A Look Round The World

Franco-Polish Alliance, Key To Defence Of Europe

Poles Regard France As Guardian Of Their Culture

In spite of her geographical position, Poland belongs by tradition and choice to the countries of the Latin culture which has laid the foundations of the civilisation of Europe. The defence of that civilisation and of its political traditions is for every Pole an integral part of the historical mission is his country. That is why Poland attaches so great an importance to her alliance with France, a country which she regards as the guardian of Western culture, writes Stefan Litauer, the diplomatic correspondent of the Polish Telegraphic Agency. The Franco-Polish alliance contains the key to the defence of the European order, inherited from that civilisation. If that alliance should disappear, it would upset Europe's equilibrium and open up the prospects of chaos and war. It is to collective security in the widest sense that Poland looks as the best instrument for European peace, and great importance is therefore attached to the Five-Power Conference for a future "Locarno."

Col. Beck's visit to London should help to bring about a clearer understanding of Poland's policy in this country. There are a number of political tenets held by Britain in common with Poland which should make this the easier, among them a dislike of pacts which tend to arouse suspicions of partiality and split Europe into hostile camps. There is a further likeness between the policy of Great Britain and that of Poland in the attitude of the two States towards France. Just as Britain's frontier lies—if I may quote Mr. Baldwin—on the Rhine, so does the security of Poland also lie in the security of France. If however, Poland has to play her historical part as the guardian of peace in Eastern Europe, she must be really strong. It is the view of Poland that her foreign policy must rest on her own strength, and to maintain that strength she requires such economic help as is essential to that end. Fate has placed the Polish nation in an area which acts as a bridge between Western and Eastern Europe. With Hitler's Germany, as it were, in the scales on the one side and Stalins Russia on the other. Polish foreign policy will aim at maintaining an equilibrium between them, holding the key position of peace.

Why Spanish Government Remains At Valencia ?

Two reasons account for the decision of the Spanish Government to remain at Valencia rather than to go on after President Azana to Barcelona, writes the Liverpool Post, Liverpool. They are anxious to be able to claim sovereignty over some portion of Spain, other than Catalonia. And they hope to be able at Valencia to continue to receive sea-borne supplies from their friends.

Their presence at Valencia would, moreover, add to General Franco's anxieties and divert his attention from Catalonia for long enough (the winter weather helping) for that province's governors to have a breathing space and to establish themselves. International mediation would also doubtless be employed to avert harm to the valuable foreign-owned properties in and about Barcelona.

Russia's Advance

The Socialist economy of Russia grows at a rate which would be unthinkable in a country where private enterprise predominated, writes the Pravda, Moscow. Whilst most of the capitalist countries are sinking into Fascism and are giving up slowly all pretence of political decency, Socialism in Russia has revived the great ideals of Freedom and civilisation. Democracy strangled and vilified by the Fascist countries in Europe, has been saved and developed by Socialism.

The total output of heavy industry is eight times bigger than before the war and five times bigger than in 1928. This year the value of industrial goods will attain 77 milliard roubles, as against 10½ milliards in 1913. This development cannot be compared with the speculative growth of industries in the capitalist countries. Their factories work only to make competition more acute, in Soviet Russia every new industrial establishment corresponds to real needs and is therefore really productive. The soundness of our programme is the explanation of our growing might.

German Expectations In Spain

Germany's plans in regard to Spain after the successful conclusion of the Civil war are so comprehensive as to amount to a virtual transformation of the country into a colony of the Third Reich, writes L'Oevre, Paris.

In addition to [illegible] of colonies and [illegible] Germany is pressing for the following understanding:

1 The Spanish Government to allow German financial interests in the copper, iron ore and Mercury mines and to invite German experts for their further development 2. The German industry to be given preferential role in the great rebuilding programme which will be worked out to restore the ruins caused by the Civil War 3. The Spanish Government to allow the settlement of a number of German unemployed permanently in the country 4. The Spanish Government to use German equipment for the army and German military and technical experts to be called upon to work out plans for the construction of strategical roads, fortification and enlarging of harbours and military safeguard of the Pyrenean frontiers.

Rexists And Flemish Separatists

The agreement between the Rexists and the Flemish Nationalists has caused immense anxiety in Belgium and is generally held to be the most dangerous thing that has happened to the country since the violation of Belgium's neutrality at the beginning of the Great War, writes Le Journal De Geneve, Geneva. Apart from the fact that the Rexists have a powerful ally helping them in the development of Fascism, the Flemings are also encouraged to intensify their separatist policy.

The Flemish Nationalist Union, which signed the agreement with the Rexists, is the direct successor to the Union which has co-operated with the German Military authorities in their endeavour to foster secession between the Walloons and the Flemings. This is not even denied by the leaders who have repeatedly declared that no amount of concessions will be able to deviate them from their policy: Flemish autonomy, closer co-operation with Germany, and union with the Netherlands on a federal basis. The movement may be reinforced by the adherence of the "Dinasos" which want to combine the Dutch, Flemish and the Luxembourgians into a big state.

London's Declining Population

The population of the County of London declined by over 200,000 during the four years 1931-35, according to the report of the London County Council.

The estimated population in the middle of 1935 was 4,185,200, compared with 4,397,003 at the 1931 census. The decrease in the ten years 1921-31, however, was only 87,520.

The boroughs with the largest populations in mid-1935 were Wandsworth (343,360), Islington (304,100), and Lambeth (179,900). Those with the smallest populations, apart from the City, were Holborn (35,400), Stoke Newington (50,210), and Chelsea (57,320). the county birth rate in 1935 was 13.3 per 1,000, and the death rate 11.4. Poplar had the highest birth rate with 15.4, and the City the lowest with 7.4.

The net annual value of the county, at April 6 of this year, was £65,093,211 and the rateable value was £60,513,938. The rateable value works out at £14 8s. per head.

Roosevelt And Labour

The biggest trouble around the corner for Roosevelt is Labour, writes the New York correspondent of "The News Chronicle." John Lewis tells him bluntly that he was elected because organised Labour and unorganised Labour voted for him. During his first term Roosevelt did open the door for Labour to help itself; but on many occasions he whittled away the rights of Labour as defined by New Deal laws and regulations. Now he is going to have to be the leader for Labour if he hopes to keep the Democratic Party permanently in power.

That means that the weight and sympathy of the Federal Government must be behind Labour's fight to unionise mass-production industries. Roosevelt's second term may go down to posterity as the greatest era of strikes in our history. If the Supreme Court throws out the Wagner Law under which Labour's rights are guaranteed, and business is seriously affected by paralysing strikes, even Roosevelt's inventiveness will be strained.

Fight Against Japan's Cotton Dumping

In no industrial branch has the appearance of Japanese imports been more harmful to home production than the cotton industry, writes the "Ausenhandel," Berlin. Great Britain, who, before the war, was the most powerful cotton exporter, now sells less than Japan although she has four times as many spindles and looms.

Now, of 106 export markets of the Japanese, 56 are subjected to restrictions covering no less than 67 per cent of its total exports. In spite of that, Japan's production has grown again and this year they have exported about 3 billion yards against Britain's two. Despite the most stringent restrictions, their exports to India have also risen thanks to a loophole in the Bill which regulates the number of yards to be admitted, but this is not concerned with the width, another mistake was to example pieces of less than 4 yards from control. The measures taken against Japanese dumping are either higher tariffs or quota. Some nations apply both and it seems that the United States too are going to join the camp of the "restrictions."

SIR ALLADI FOR FEDERAL COURT?

MADRAS, Dec. 3.

It is understood that it is practically certain that Sir Alladi Krishnaswami Iyer, Advocate General of Madras, will be appointed as a Judge of the Federal Court and that he is having an interview with the Governor in this connection on Monday next. —United Press.

A parrot which has just died at Hoopstad, Orange Free State, aged 103, could talk in two languages—English and Afrikaans. Every phrase it uttered was spoken in both tongues, as though it were giving a translation of its remarks. Sometimes it spoke first in English, and sometimes in Afrikaans, but in any case it always "translated" its words into the other language.

CHILDREN LOVE Glaxo BISCUITS

Glaxo Biscuits are delicious, and very nourishing, too. They are made by Peek Frean's for the makers of the famous Glaxo Milk Food. These biscuits are Packed in airtight tins to preserve their freshness in difficult climates.

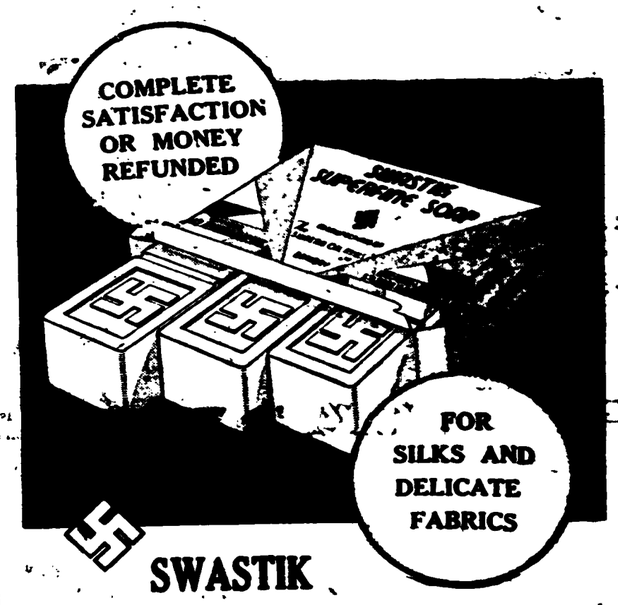
PEEK FREAN

makers also

CHEESELETS, GOLDEN PUFF, ASSORTED CREAM, MILK

the absolute assortment

Agents: HERBERTSONS, LTD. Bombay and Calcutta.



SWASTIK SUPERFINE SOAP THE SWASTIK OIL MILLS, LTD. WADALA, BOMBAY 18.

Healthy Children

For weak and ailing children there is no more dependable tonic than PURE COD LIVER OIL.

Whether children are weak from the effects of illness, of privation, or have outgrown their strength or are lacking in stamina and energy, BURGOYNE'S PURE COD LIVER OIL will build them up. It is rich in health-giving and growth-promoting Vitamins A and D. It will nourish them, supply the lacking vitality and give them power to resist infection.

Adolescents and adults can take it, too—whenever a nourishing, flesh-forming tonic is needed, get BURGOYNE'S PURE COD LIVER OIL, the best that science can offer.

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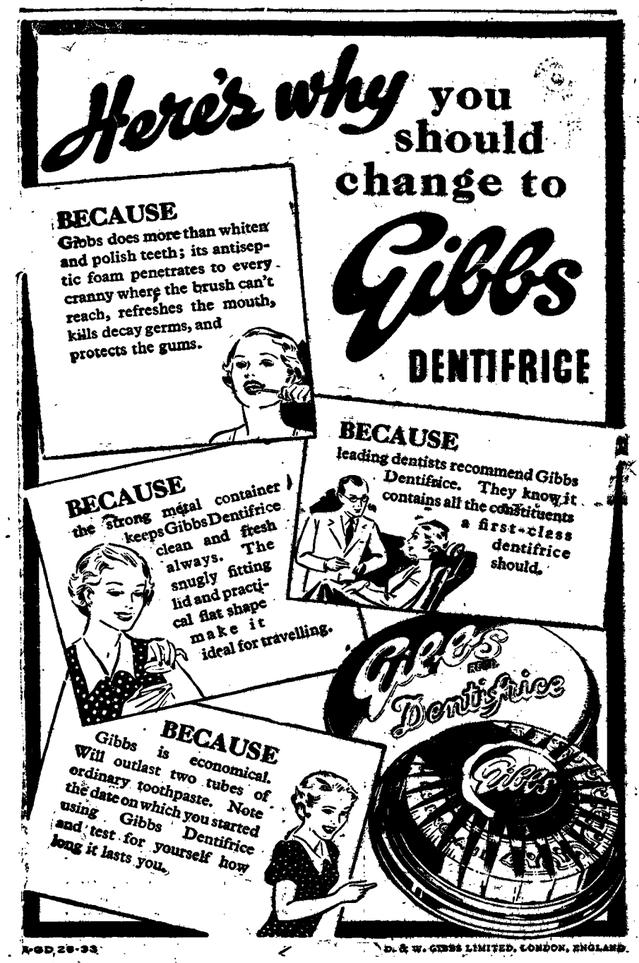
Calcutta: H. D. Nag, 36 Bentinck Lane.
Madras: South Indian Mercantile Co., 12 Mannaru St.

Here's why you should change to Gibbs DENTIFRICE


BECAUSE
Gibbs does more than whiten and polish teeth; its antiseptic foam penetrates to every cranny where the brush can't reach, refreshes the mouth, kills decay germs, and protects the gums.
BECAUSE
leading dentists recommend Gibbs Dentifrice. They know it contains all the constituents a first-class dentifrice should.
BECAUSE
the strong metal container keeps Gibbs Dentifrice clean and fresh always. The snugly fitting lid and practical flat shape make it ideal for travelling.
BECAUSE
Gibbs is economical. Will outlast two tubes of ordinary toothpaste. Note the date on which you started using Gibbs Dentifrice and test for yourself how long it lasts you.
Gibbs Dentifrice
Gibbs

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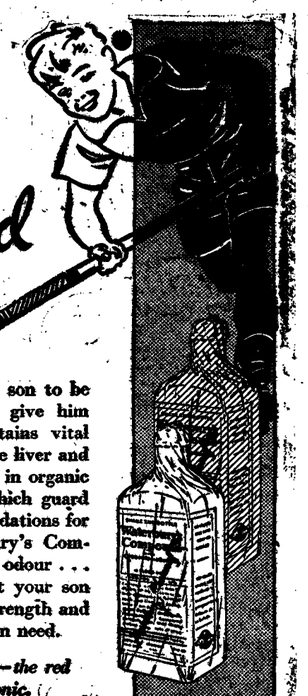
HELP HIM GROW TO VIGOROUS Manhood



● Of course you want your son to be strong, vigorous, healthy. Then give him Waterbury's Compound. It contains vital nourishing elements including pure liver and malt extracts as well as minerals in organic form, such as copper and iron, which guard against disease and build the foundations for sturdy virile manhood. Waterbury's Compound has no unpleasant taste or odour . . . children take it readily. See that your son gets it frequently, for the extra strength and resistance that all growing children need.

Sold in blue and red wrappers—the red as a general and bronchial tonic.

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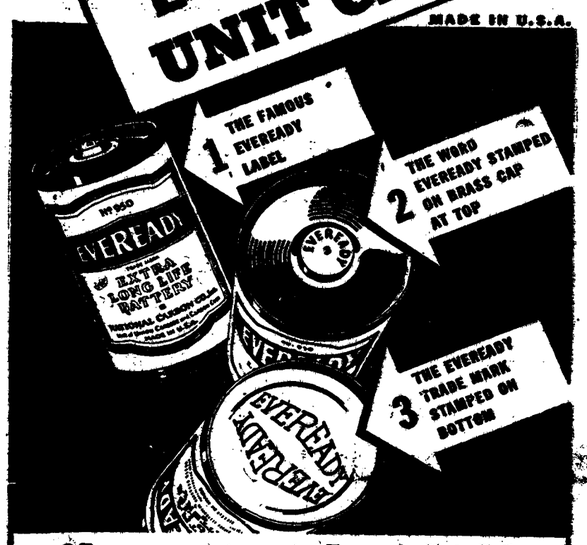
BUILDS UP RUN-DOWN SYSTEMS M-97

3 MARKS OF IDENTIFICATION TO ASSURE YOU OF

Genuine AMERICAN EVEREADY TRADE MARK UNIT CELLS

MADE IN U.S.A.


1 THE FAMOUS EVEREADY LABEL
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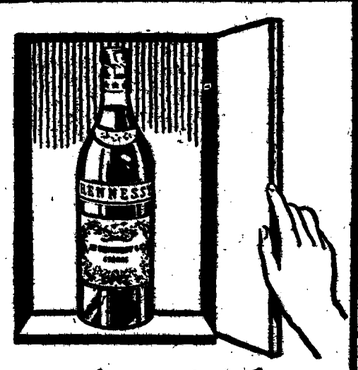
EVEREADY
EXTRA LONG LIFE BATTERY

Be sure you get *genuine* Eveready Unit Cells—the world's best. Look for these three means of identification; refuse all imitations. Eveready Unit Cells give a brighter light and last longer than any other flashlight batteries ever made.

Factory Representatives: DODGE & SEYMOUR, LTD. Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Karachi, Lahore, Delhi



Keep a bottle of Hennessy in the house-

A sudden attack of illness in the night; or someone "feeling faint"; or an accident—you will need Brandy quickly. Hennessy's Brandy has saved many a precious life in emergencies.

It is real Cognac Brandy.
Keep a bottle handy.

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MONEY SCHOOL CENTENARY

Governor Pays Tribute To Consistently Good Tone Of Institution

Under the presidentship of H. E. Lord Brabourne, Governor of Bombay, the Speech Day of the centenary of the Robert Money School was celebrated on Thursday.

The Centenary prayer was conducted by Cannon George Clerk, the Principal of the Robert Money School.

Robert Money's Enthusiasm

After the prayer Cannon George Clerk traced the history of the school for the last hundred years. Robert Cotton Money was born in India and was educated at the famous Westminster School. In 1820 he entered the East India College of Haileybury, and was there for 3 years and obtained high prizes in all his classes. He came to India and was sent to help the British Resident at Bushire and on his return to the Presidency he served in the Revenue Department of the South Konkan, whence he was appointed assistant to Sir Henry Pottinger, Resident of Bhuj. Subsequently he was engaged as Deputy Persian Secretary and then as Secretary to the Government. His last appointment was that of First Assistant to the Collector of Belgaum and Sholapur.

Missionaries Thanked

It is interesting to note that Mr. Money asked the Government to send him to this district in order to try and ameliorate the condition of the depressed cultivators. Then as the old record has it. "In the midst of these benevolent desires and in the strength of his days, for he was only 36, he had an attack of jungle fever which caused his death on January 21st 1835, and he lies in rest in Sholapur. A tablet was erected to his memory in the Cathedral Church of St. Thomas', Bombay, and one year after his name was given to our school of which we are now celebrating the centenary."

Mr. Money was of the idea that it is the duty of every Government to educate its subjects.

The Principal further said that there had been 23 principals in the century under review.

This school was first at Dhobitalao near the junction, but in 1908 the school was shifted to the present place.

Mr. Chandavarkar, the Vice-Chancellor of Bombay University, said that the Robert Money School was one of the oldest institutions and thanked the missionaries who came from abroad and had served the country.

Governor's Tribute

The Governor of Bombay in his presidential address said:—

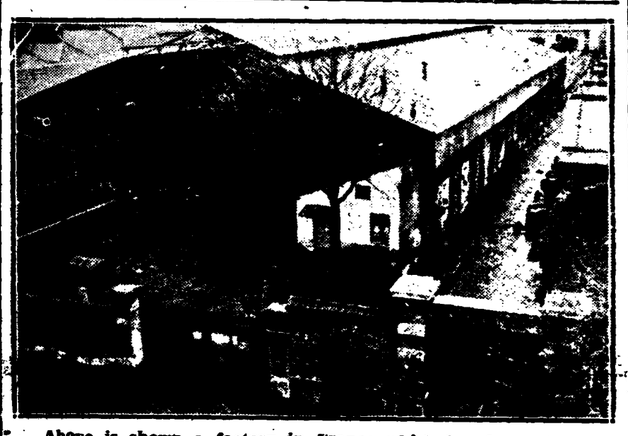
It is a very remarkable tribute to R. C. Money that his friends should have chosen to give his name, which would otherwise have been forgotten with the lapse of time, to a school intended to be moulded on his character.

What pleases me most in the record of the school is the evidence of the Inspectors of the consistently good tone. That is more valuable than academic proficiency, I am glad too that the relations of staff and boys are so good and that some of those who were boys are now members of the staff. I feel confident that this wholesome state of affairs is in no small degree due to the influence of the present Principal, whom I congratulate on the successful management of the school both indoors and out.

Hearty vote of thanks was passed by Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle.

The Governor was garlanded by two small boys of the school.

H. E. Lord Brabourne shaking hands with the teaching staff of Robert Money School, at the Centenary celebration of the school on Thursday.



Above is shown a factory in France which has been closed on account of a strike. Pickets may be seen guarding the factory.

Borivli Literary Association

(From A Correspondent)

A meeting was held in H.P. Mitra Samaj Hall, Borivli, on Sunday last at 5-10 P.M. in order to start a literary association.

A provisional Committee was appointed for propaganda to enlist the support of the generous public. Mr. Chandulal Vrajlal Shah, who is a poet and a literary-writer was elected as president. All querries should be directed to Mr. J. C. Gonaksha, the Secretary of the Provisional Committee.

New Delhi.—The Conference of Reforms Officers of Provincial Governments and the Government of India will be held here on Dec. 21 and 22 to discuss the question of revision of Statutes.

GENERAL RAIN IN WEST U. P.

Unsettled Conditions In Bay Of Bengal Move Westwards

POONA, Dec. 4.

Markedly unsettled conditions in the Bay of Bengal have moved westwards and lie this morning with Central region within 2 degrees of Latitude and 12 degrees North, Longitude 88 degrees East.

Nearly general rain has fallen in the West United Provinces with local rain in the East United Provinces, East and North Punjab and Kashmir. A Western disturbance is approaching the North-West Frontier.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Cawnpore, 1½ inches; Murree, 1; Sonamarg 3/4; and Lucknow, Manipuri, Bareilly, Muktesar, Sialkot, Bras and Simla ¼ inch each.

FORECAST

Rainfall will occur locally in Kashmir and in a few stations along and near the Punjab hills. Local thunders and rain will continue in the United Provinces while scattered showers are likely along the North-West Frontier. A few falls are also likely in the extreme south of the Peninsula and in Central India.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 4-12-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —034 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.3 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 71.6 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.6 degrees 1.2 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 71.9 degrees 2.3 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 78 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 6 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 101 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 13 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 4-12-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 79.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.15 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.95 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

CHALLENGE TO INDIA

All Important Question Is How To Combat Reforms Act

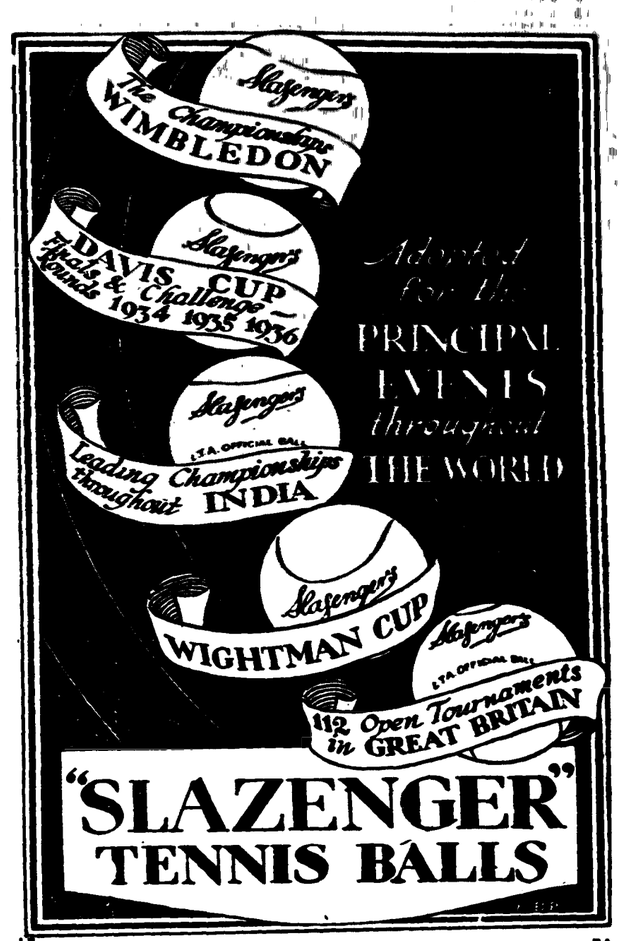
COONOOR, (By Mail).

Presiding over the Second Nilgiri Taluk Political Conference today Mr. Davud Shah, Editor, 'Darul-Islam' Madras said:

The one all-important question which should engage our unremitting attention to the exclusion of all other subjects is how best to combat the unwanted Reforms Act of 1935 passed in the teeth of popular opposition, how to win the provincial elections that are to take place in February next year, and how to capture all citadels of power by means of grim and relentless struggle to be waged inside the legislatures. You all know the nature of the truncated Reforms which are given to India. It is worse than the Montford Act which we rejected and boycotted all these sixteen years. While it is true that this Act is clothed with the forms of democracy, the real spirit and life of democracy is absent.

CHALLENGE TO INDIA.

Instead of bringing into existence constitutional governors and Governor-General whose duty it would be to obey the behosts of the elected members of popular legislatures, the Reforms Act of 1935 makes them pucca autocrats next in importance only to Hitlers and Mussolinis. The safeguards and the Governor's special rights by which he can override and ignore the legislatures are a challenge to the Congress, to the manhood of India and indeed to all those who have been so far asking for responsible government. Therefore the Congress has resolved to fight this Act and exhorts all Indians irrespective of caste, creed or colour, to join it in fighting this Act.—A. P.



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SLAZENGER'S OFFICIAL STOCKISTS
In INDIA and BURMA.

Q. *"What is the best remedy for Wasting Diseases?"*

ANGIER'S is the answer

Angier's Emulsion is widely and successfully used in the treatment of consumption and in all forms of ill-health in which there is loss of weight. Pleasant to take, it promotes appetite, aids digestion and builds up weight and strength.

In addition to its tonic properties, Angier's Emulsion exerts a pronounced soothing, healing action which makes it invaluable for inflammatory and catarrhal affections of the lungs or digestive organs. Angier's Emulsion is strongly recommended for consumption, scrofula, rickets, anæmia, and wasting bowel disorders. If you are run-down, nervous, depressed or convalescent after a serious illness, it is of paramount importance to take a tonic restorative that is recommended by the Medical Profession for building up health, strength and confidence. Angier's Emulsion has been such a remedy for over 40 years. Safe, reliable and efficient, it provides a true health-restoring treatment. It has won a splendid reputation throughout India.

The Most Palatable of all Emulsions.

A Doctor writes:—"I may say that Angier's Emulsion is not new to me. I was prescribing it freely 30 years ago when several pulmonary cases were under my care, and I still recommend it."
(Signed——M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.)

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT VICTORIA CROSS LANE, BYCULLA.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mansukhlal Hiralal & Co., Attorneys for the Vendors Sorab Behramji Warden, Hirjibhai Behramji Warden, Jamshedji Behramji Warden, and Pestonji Behramji Warden, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction in one lot on site on MONDAY, 21st December, 1936, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) the following very valuable landed properties on the premises.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece or parcel of free hold land by admeasurement 2081. 23 square yards or thereabouts bearing New Survey No. 2/3649 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1/576 of the Mazagaon, together with the meassuages, buildings standing thereon, assessed under "E" Ward, No. 7690, Street No. 10A and "E" Ward 7691 (1), Street No. 10 all which premises are situate at Victoria Third Cross Lane and are bounded on or towards the East by the said Victoria Third Cross Lane, on or towards the West by the property belonging to the late Sir Ratan Jamsetji Tata bearing New Survey No. 3651, on or towards the North by the property belonging to the representative of the late Sir Jacob Sassoon and on or towards the South by the property of the Vendors firstly described in the second schedule hereto.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land situated on the North side of Victoria Road and on West side of Victoria Third Cross Lane and by admeasurement 1779.45 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's Old No. 106, 107, Collector's New No. 16940, Old Survey No. 1/703 and 2/903, New Survey No. 1B/3749 and Cadastral Survey No. 1/576 of Mazagaon and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the North partly by the property of Vendors described in the First Schedule hereto and partly by the property in the tenure or occupation of the late Sir Ratan Jamsetji Tata bearing New Survey No. 3651, on or towards the South partly by the property of Vendors, Secondly described in the Schedule and partly by the property of the Administrators of the estate of the late Dinshaw Sorabji Warden, on or towards the East by Victoria Third Cross Lane aforesaid, and on or towards the West partly by the property of the Vendors described in the First Schedule hereto and partly by the property in the tenure or occupation of the late Sir Ratan Jamsetji Tata bearing New Survey No. 3651 together buildings standing thereon assessed by the Assessor under Ward and Street Numbers, namely:—

E Ward No.	Street No.	Name of Street
7689 (6)	4E	Victoria Road.
7689 (11)	4J	Do.
Part of 7690	10A	Victoria Third Cross Lane.
Part of 7691 (1)	10	Do.
7689 (3)	14	Do.
7691 (2)	14	Do.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land situate at the North side of Victoria Road (formerly known as Mount Road) containing by admeasurement 3635 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of the Administrators of the late Dinshaw Sorabji Warden, on or towards the West by the property of the late Sir Ratan Jamsetji Tata bearing New Survey No. 3651, on or towards the North by the property of the Vendors Firstly described in this Schedule and on or towards the South by the Victoria Road aforesaid and bearing along with other Land Collector's Old Nos. 106 and 107, Collector's New No. 16340, Old Survey No. 1/703 and 2/703, New Survey No 1B/3649 and Cadastral Survey No. 2/576 of the Mazagaon said premises are assessed under the following Ward and Street Numbers, namely:—

E Ward Nos.	Street Nos.	Name of Street.
7689 (2) (formerly part of 7689 (1-2)	16a formerly 16)	Victoria Third Cross Lane.
7689 (4) (formerly part of 7689 (4-5)	148-158 (formerly 140-146)	Victoria Road.
7689 (7)	4F	Do.
7689 (8)	4G	Do.
Part of 7689 (9)	4H	Do.
7689 (10)	4I	Do.

For full particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mansukhlal Hiralal & Co., Solicitors for the Vendors at their Office, Surya Mahal, No 5, Military Square Lane, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers.

"....TOPICAL COMMENT ON NATIONAL SENTIMENT ..... SHOULD BE OF INTEREST TO EVERY ONE ....."
—Art Critic of "Bombay Chronicle."

BOMBAY TALKIES'

Janma Bhoomi

Starring:

DEVIKA RANI

with

ASHOK KUMAR, KAMPTA PRASHAD, PRAMILA, PITHAWALA MUMTAZ ALI and SUNITA DEVI

FIFTH WEEK

at

OPERA HOUSE

AWAIT RELEASE OF BOMBAY TALKIES NEXT GREAT PICTURE...

IZZAT

Starring:

DEVIKA RANI

with

ASHOK KUMAR

GREAT TAMIL TALKIE

BAKTHA KUCHELA

with well-known stars

Miss S. D. SUBBULAKSHMI
Papanasam Sivan
BALA SARASWATHI
(Indian Shirley Temple)

at your favourite Theatre

PLAZA

Sunday, 6th Dec. at 10-30 a. m. Morning

Rates of admission from As. 4 to Re. 1-8.

THIRD GLORIOUS WEEK

YOU SHALL HAVE TO SEE—

This GREAT NEW THEATRES, LTD.'S Picture Again—even if you have seen once or twice.....

Applauded by PRESS and PUBLIC

MANZIL MANZIL

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Address To Sir Jadunath Sarkar

Sir Jadunath Sarkar, Kt., C.I.E. and Rao Saheb G. S. Sirdesai the two well-known Historians of India paid a flying visit to the Fort Office of the Pathare Kshatriya Historical Research Committee at 5-30 p.m. on Tuesday. Some of the leading members of the Committee and other guests were present. Mr. B. J. Mhatre, B. A. the Chairman of the Committee in according a hearty welcome to the honoured guests said:—

"I am greatly pleased to welcome the honoured guests Sir Jadunath Sarkar and Rao Saheb Sirdesai on behalf of the Pathare Kshatriya Historical Research Committee. Our Committee find it a difficult task to make those persons, who are supposed to possess Historical papers and documents, believe that they would serve the cause of the History of their caste, if they would hand over their papers and documents for Research work. People all over our country, I believe, are possessed of vain notions of sitting tight over their papers and documents of Historical importance and ultimately allowing them to be eaten by moths. Our Committee however have succeeded in publishing in the Magazine of the caste called 'Kshatra Vritta.' Certain documents relating to Raja Bimba, the Desai family of Malad (a village in Bombay Suburban District and once the White Hall of Pathare Kshatriyas) and letters of Peshwas relating to the Battle of Bassein in 1739. The only work of importance which my committee can be said to have done is the publication by Mr. G. G. Naik relating to the famous siege of Bassein which took place in 1739 and in which my community in general and the Naik family of Anjoor in particular took a leading part."

Sir Jadunath Sarkar made a brief and suitable reply to the address.

VISHNU DIGAMBAR MUSIC ACADEMY

(From A Correspondent)

The first anniversary of Vishnu Digambar Music Academy was celebrated on Sunday last, at Tilak Mandir, Vile Parle. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mayor, presided. Over 150 messages of greetings were received including those were from Lord Brabourne, Dr. Tagore, Mr. Chandavarkar, the Vice-Chancellor, and Mr. N. C. Kelkar. Nyaya Ratna Dhundiraj Shastri Vinod, the founder president of the Academy, explained in his speech the place of music in human life and briefly outlined the [illegible] work of Vishnu Digambar in the sphere of Hindu music. Mr. Sukthankar stressed the value of musical culture for every human being and Mr. Mehta in his interesting address paid a glowing tribute to Vishnu Digambar and expressed his satisfaction at the work of the Academy. The programme included excellent musical performances by the students of the Academy.

RELIEF TO FAMINE STRICKEN PEOPLE

(From A Correspondent)

DOHAD, Dec 2.

The Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee is active in providing relief to the famine stricken people of the Talukas of Dohad and Jhalod. It has opened three more cheap grain shops, thus bringing the total to fifteen. All these shops are managed by the Bhil Seva Mandal under the direct control of Sjt. Laxmidas M. Shreekant the president of the District Congress Committee and the Vice-President of the Bhil Seva Mandal. The three new shops have been opened on the relief works of Moti Handi Tank, Agawada Tank and Dhamrda Tank repair work.

Mr. Sukhdev Trivedi the Secretary of the Bhil Seva Mandal, Mr. Dahyabhai Naik, Life-member of the Mandal and Mr. Ganapatishanker Bhatt recently toured the famine stricken area and visited shops at Mirakhadi, Limdi, Katwara and opened the above three new shops. Mr. Dahyabhai Naik inspected some of the wells which are being deepened in the several villages.

It is reported that 5,000 persons are taking advantage of relief.

TWO BHANDARIS FOR BOMBAY ASSEMBLY

A meeting convened by the Committee appointed by the Bhandari community in connection with the coming elections was held on Sunday last, with Mr. R. V. Kambli in the chair, at Lawyer's Chamber, Picket Road, Bombay. Representatives of the Bhandari Students' Association, Hetkari Bhandari Mandal, Bhandari Education Society and other bodies were present.

It was unanimously resolved at the meeting that for the two out of the seven reserved seats, viz:—Bombay City North and Ratnagiri District South—Mr. A. N. Surve M.L.C. and Mr. R. B. S. K. Bole M.L.C. be adopted as the representatives of the Bhandari community in the coming elections to the Bombay Legislative Assembly.

Local sub-committees were appointed for carrying on propaganda, canvassing votes and other work incidental to the successful election of the two candidates set up. The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chair.

KASHMIR WOOLLENS IN GIRGAON KHADI SHOP

The Secretary, Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works, writes:—

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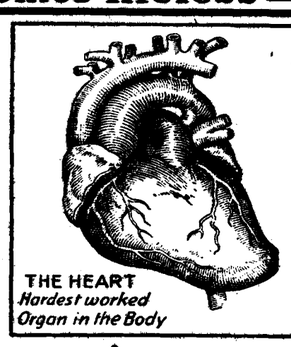

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During middle life, though often before, lime salt deposits in the Arteries render them narrow and brittle. This means that greater force is required to pump the blood through the narrow arteries, thus producing heavy pressure and extra work upon the heart valves. This disorder is known as High Blood Pressure and in simple language means that your Heart is protesting because the blood cannot flow through the Arteries in a normal easy manner.

Fallacies Concerning High Blood Pressure.

There is a widespread belief that High Blood Pressure is due to 'too much blood' or 'blood that is too rich.' Actually the quantity or quality of the blood has nothing to do with the 'pressure.' It is, therefore, unwise to deprive yourself of foods known to make blood or enrich blood if you are a victim of High Blood Pressure. The sensible treatment is, without question, a course of 'Phyllosan' Tablets.

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Early Reshuffle Of British Cabinet

Eden May Quit Foreign Office And Churchill May Be Back In War Office

LONDON, Nov. 20.
(By Air Mail).

A cabinet reshuffle as a direct consequence of the increasing tension in the European situation is envisaged early in the New Year.

An opportunity for this purpose will be afforded by the retirement of Lord Hailsham, Lord Chancellor, whose health seems to indicate no chance of early recovery. If Lord Hailsham is compelled due to reasons of health to relinquish the post of Lord Chancellorship, it is generally expected that Sir Thomas Inskip will have the first option of the Woolsack and which he will no doubt accept.

Then will arise the question of Sir Thomas Inskip's successor in the Ministry of the Department of Defence Co-ordination. Mr. Churchill is obviously the most aspiring and hopeful candidate. Together with Mr. Leopold Amery and Lord Winterton, he has been knocking at the door of the Cabinet for the last two years, but so far Mr. Baldwin has steadfastly refused to take him in.

CHURCHILL CHANGES TACTICS

Mr. Churchill on his part has now changed his method of "bullying" the party leaders. The method of alternating cajole and attack has failed. Mr. Churchill now adopts the straight forward line of telling the party that in this state of national emergency, he puts his services at his disposal. The greatest opponent which Mr. Churchill has got inside the Cabinet is Sir Samuel Hoare, who was never forgiven him for his attacks on the India Bill. Sir Samuel Hoare cannot take long distance point of view that Mr. Churchill's attacks have helped the Empire in its historical aspect. For Mr. Churchill's attacks have shaken the faith of the diehards in Sir Samuel Hoare and thus have made his position in the party difficult. Nevertheless, the chances of Mr. Churchill's entering the Cabinet early in the new year are considered hopeful.

EDEN BECOMES UNPOPULAR.

Other changes in the Cabinet are also expected, if the present campaign against several Ministers reach any considerable proportion, when the House meets after X'mas. Mr. Eden has become unpopular in quite unexpected sections of the House. The pro-League elements in all parties consider him much too weak. Inside the Cabinet, he is not trusted with any responsible decision. Outside the Cabinet but inside the Tory Party, his handling of the Spanish affair following on his failure in the Italo-Abyssinian crisis is mercilessly criticised. I do not think, he can be shelved out of the Cabinet but he can be "promoted" to some other post. But what other post is there for him to be moved up. Once again, he may be made Lord Privy Seal, with a seat in the Cabinet.—United Press.

The Maruti temple opening ceremony took place on Thursday morning. Picture shows the Purna Kumbha being brought by the Pujarini and others.

WHAT HAPPENED AT STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

Federation Secretary Clears Misunderstandings

LUCKNOW (By Mail).

Mr. Prem Narayan Bhargava, General Secretary, All-India Students' Federation has issued the following statement:—

A report published in certain Anglo-Indian papers regarding the elections of the office-bearers of the All-India Students' Federation is likely to create some misunderstanding. The elections of the General Secretary and the Joint Secretaries were held on All-India basis, the delegates of all the provinces voting together. There was a little disturbance when the election of the two representatives and a Convener from each Province was taken up. Some delegates demanded that the voting for this election should also be on All-India basis but the Chair gave a ruling that the voting should be province-wise, so that each group of Provincial delegates should be able to elect their own representatives with their own votes as was done at the last Lucknow Conference. This method of election was disputed by a few delegates from Allahabad and Lahore, and disagreeing with the ruling of the chair they walked out. There was no free fight or any ugly scene. Even those few staged the walk-out returned back to the hall to attend the last sitting and took part in the further deliberations of the Conference.

The statement that strange tactics were used to prevent certain delegates from voting by spreading the news of a sieze round the hall by the police is without any foundation.

Throughout the deliberations the delegates showed the best spirit of co-operation and comradeship and the walk-out by a few delegates, and there was no importance attached by the delegates who represented almost all the important centres of the students in India. In these circumstances to attach any importance to this minor incident is simply endangering the All-India Students' Federation in its very infancy.

The majority of the delegates regarded the ruling of the Chair perfectly legal. The walk-out was based on certain misunderstandings.

What Armaments Year-Book Contains

The twelfth volume of the "Armaments Year-book" was issued by the League of Nations Disarmament Section on October 24th. Its publication coincides with the renewed attention given by the Assembly of the League this year to the reduction and limitation of armaments. The Assembly described the armaments race, which followed upon the interruption of the work of the Disarmament Conference, as "a race towards grave and unknown dangers."

The 'Armaments Year-book' digests into a single volume and arranges on a comparative basis an immense body of data scattered through a very large number of official publications, for practically every country of the world. A detailed bibliography at the end of the volume gives the sources from which the information for each country has been drawn. The 'Year-book' is unique in character and indispensable to all persons, whether experts or laymen, who seek authoritative information drawn up on a comparative basis.

The volume contains information on the organisation of the army, navy and air force of sixty-four countries. Detailed information is also given as regards colonies and colonial forces.

As regards most of the countries, information is given up to June 1936. As regards effectives provided for in the budget and expenditure on national defence, figures for 1936 or 1936/37 have been given for the majority of countries.

A monograph is devoted to each country and is divided up into four chapters: I, Land Army; II, Air Force; III, Navy; IV, Expenditure on National Defence. As regards the Army, information is given under the following headings:

Main characteristics of the armed forces.

Organs of military command and administration.

Territorial military areas.

Organisation and composition of the army (higher units, arms and services).

Police forces, etc.

System of recruiting and period of service.

Cadres (recruiting, promotion)—Schools.

Preparatory military training and para-military instruction.

Passive defence against aero-chemical attacks. Civil and industrial mobilisation.

Army effectives.

The information given in connection with expenditure on national defence is of special interest this year, in view of the fact that budgetary limitation is one of the matters which may be taken up again by the Bureau of the Conference for the Reduction and Limitation of Armaments.

Two important annexes are contained in the volume: one gives the text of conventions and treaties concluded during more than a century, whether of a general or of a regional character, for the limitation of armaments, including the London Naval Treaty of 1936, and the Convention regarding the Regime of the Straits signed at Montreaux in July 1936; the other contains a series of statistical tables, including tables showing the chief characteristics of the armies, an analysi of the age composition of the male, population of the different countries, etc.

PUNJAB NOMINATIONS

JULLUNDUR, (By Mail).

The nomination papers of the following candidates have been accepted:—

Ludhiana-Ferozepore—Chaudhry Tilakram, Munilal Kalia (Congress), Rai Bahadur Dr. Mathandas, Socrajmal.

Eastern Town General Urban—Jagganath Agarwal, Kapildev, Daulatram Chana, Sudarchan (Congress) Jagannath Sayal.

Eastern Towns Mohammadan Urban—Sayed Attaullah Shah (Congress) Malik Barkat Ali, Ghulam Haider, Hamidulla Beg.

Kangra and Eastern Hoshairpur Mohammadan-Fateh Mohd, Fais Mohd. Khan, Abdul Azix.—United Press.

FASCIST OPPONENT FOR HOARE

India Record As Main Plank Of Attack

LONDON, Nov. 20.
(By Air Mail).

Sir Lionel Berkeley Haworth who retired from the Indian Political Department in 1929 has been adopted as prospective Fascist candidate (Mosley Party) for Chelsea in the next general election. The sitting member for the constituency is Sir Samuel Hoare, who has been holding the seat for a number of years with an overwhelming majority.

It is understood that Sir Berkeley Haworth will make Sir Samuel Hoare's India record as one of the main planks in his attacking programme. A very lively contest is accepted, though it is unlikely that there will be any appreciable change in Sir Samuel Hoare's majority.

After Mayfair, Chelsea is considered as one of the most Conservative constituencies and as residential quarter of rich plutocrats though its reputation as the haunt of London's Bohemians, creates altogether a misleading impression about its plutocratic and higher bourgeoisie residents.—United Press.

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Ethiopian Resistance Continues

Italians Start Vigorous Campaign

(From Our Own Correspondent)
DJIBOUTI, Nov. 18.

From the time the rains stopped the Italians have vigorously started operations to oust the Ethiopians and complete their victory. The columns operating near Gara, Mullatu, Hirna and Astee Taffari have been forced to take shelter in the forests and hills near Anniya and Arousi, but the Italian bombers are busy day and night in bombing them and throwing poison gas over them. But on the other side of Hawash all the Ethiopians have separated themselves and are operating everywhere when in small bands They attack everywhere when they get a chance, but cannot now come out in the open to fight any battle.

Through the help of Ras Hailou and Ras Siyyum the Italians have been able to reach near Gore and the Ethiopians are forced to disband and take cover, but wherever these Ethiopian bands operate they put up a sort of Government and collect duty on exports and imports. Because they did not get any arms, ammunition etc. through Soudan, they were forced to move for fear of being annihilated. But some of their best warrior chiefs like Ras Dassita and Derjaz Gabre Maram, Dedjaz Waldi Tadik are still in the field. The Italians are claiming another victory in which they say Dedjaz Balcha the redoubtable old chief of Menelik is killed. This old warrior has been true to his oath and despite all the Italian promises of wealth and rank he continued resistance with his army. If he has died on the field of honour he has got his heart's wish. Fighting for the sake of his motherland he fell as a hero. But the death of Dedjaz Balcha or Ras Imirrou's going to Uganda does not mean the end of Ethiopian resistance. They will continue their guerilla tactics for years but their task is hopeless until God in his mercy does something for this brave nation.

FORCED MILITARY SERVICE.

Many Ethiopians have given back arms only to be abused and spurned after they were disarmed. They are being informed from all platforms whenever there is an Italian feast that the Ethiopians are dead. Under such strong provocations if some one dares to protest he is at once clapped in prison. The jails are thus full of these brave men. All their houses and properties are taken away by force.

The Italians are now forcing all these Ethiopians and other tribes in military service. They call the chiefs of all the tribes and issue orders to them to bring so many hundreds of men from each tribe and woe betide to those who are unable to do so. Thus many of the Ethiopians enlist, learn parade and when sent out, run away with their rifles and join their brothers in the lurch.

The Italians are very careful about their casualties. No one ever sees these wounded, who usually pass at night and when they land at Djibouti, they are taken to the ship from one road, and the fresh Italian soldiers made to pass by the other. I saw a ship load of these wounded soldiers, there were more Somalis and Arabs and very few Italians.

Ras Hailou's entry in Gore is reported by the Italians themselves, but the report seems to be premature. Reuter's agent in Addis Ababa seems to have sent this report only on the information received from Italians. Any how the Ethiopians cause is becoming hopeless every day without any outside help.

The Italians have recruited some hundreds of thousands of Somalis and other tribesmen as soldiers and are very busy with this recruitment every day. They are also bringing new white soldiers from Italy who are forced by the French Government to pass unarmed through their territory After landing at Djibouti in civilian clothes they go as far as Danwanle, the frontier post and from there they are being supplied with arms. The Italians are claiming to have conquered the whole of Ethiopia: why should they require then hundreds of thousands of fresh troops?

INDIAN FESTIVAL OF LIGHTS IN LONDON

Members Of Different Faiths Participate In "Bombay House" & "Arya Bhawan" Functions

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON, Nov. 18.
(By Air Mail)

To folks at home the Diwali celebrations have come and gone but to us, in England, the celebrations commenced on Saturday and will conclude only on this Sunday.

In celebrating Diwali, to the Hindu community the news from Travancore has been auspicious. "Well done, Travancore" is the comment of an average Hindu who has read the proclamation of the Travancore Durbar throwing open Hindu temples to the so-called untouchables of the land. "We are starting the New Year very auspiciously", said, Dr. Pratul Bhandari, one of the leading members of the Hindu Association of Europe, of which Dr. K. M. Pardhy, the famous Hindu surgeon is the President. This Association celebrated the Hindu New Year by sending a message to the Maharajah of Travancore. The message says "Your welcome proclamation opening temples to all Hindus must be a matter of great rejoicing for progressive Hindus throughout India and abroad and in an inspiring lead to others in positions of influence and power. The Hindu Association of Europe congratulates you most sincerely and pray for an extensive and rapid acceptance and following of your enlightened action throughout the country."

DIWALI AT 'BOMBAY HOUSE'

Similar feeling was expressed by a number of Gujarati residents in London when they met at "Bombay House" in Swiss Cottage on Saturday night to celebrate the Hindu festival. Minus Chinese fire-works, we had a miniature Diwali festival at the "Bombay House" which is becoming a popular rendezvous for the Indian community here. Music, dance, drum-beating and a sumptuous feast kept the congregation together until late in the night. And when the folks woke up on Sunday morning, they realised they had to visit "Nilgiri House" another popular Hindu home in the same district, where Maharastrians dominate. It was a Diwali celebration organized by the Maharastra Mandal and whatever may be its shortcomings it has not failed to observe this Hindu festival over since its foundation in 1932. Over 100 guests, Hindus, Parsis, Muslims, their Christian guests dined together and cut jokes which were as sharp as the Chinese fire-works. So we did not miss the crackers. Hardly tea time was on us when we found in our pockets yet another invitation to celebrate the national festival at "Arya Bhavan" in Belsize Park, where Mr. Margabhai Patel was a host to over 200 of his countrymen. Mr. Mansukhlal Master, of the Scindia Steamships, walked in accompanied by his wife. The couple was followed by Dr. Pratul Bhandari, Prof. Rishi Ram, Dr. and Mrs. D. N. Dutt, Dr. and Mrs. Nanda, and a number of other Indian residents and their English friends. The latter were particularly delighted with the Garba dance of a group of Indian girls, Hindus, Jews, Parsis, and Muslims, who had earned a well-deserved applause on the previous day at the Caxton Hall. The Diwali Celebrations at 'Arya Bhavan" were concluded by a lecture by Professor Rishi Ram, of the Lahore Arya Samaj who is holding discourses on every Sunday evening, as part of the winter programme of the Hindu Association.

"FESTIVAL OF LIGHTS"

On Saturday afternoon, the World Fellowship of Faiths brought over 400 people together at the Caxton Hall to observe "Indian Festival of Lights," under the chairmanship of Mrs. Clarence Gasque. On the platform were Sir Abdul Qadir, Dr. Arnold Bake, Dr. Har Dayal. Mrs. Gasque, for the edification of her English audience, explained that the World Fellowship celebrates the Festival of Lights, because great Prince Ram returned after fourteen long years of exile. "His native people", she added, "celebrated his happy return by lights because he symbolised light of intelligence. Those who belong to the Fellowship should realise that it is a symbol of infinite intelligence. Let us therefore look upon this great Festival of Lights as the coming of the infinite intelligence, which comes into every realm of life. Let us all rejoice in the thought of the Indian festival. Let us send our thoughts out to India and see what they are doing at present in that land.

SOUTH INDIAN STORY

Another speaker, an Englishman wanted to think on that day of the youth of the whole world with a background of a great central idea of education. The speaker, who had stayed in the Southern parts of India for a many years gave a Tamil story to his listeners. He said a rich South Indian was on his deathbed, he called his two sons to his bedside and gave each of them some money. He asked them to spend the money on something that would fill up his whole house, and he who succeeds in doing that would inherit rest of his wealth. One boy went and brought back a cartload of straw, but did not succeed in filling the house. The other went and brought back a couple of candles. He lighted them and put one in each room. The house was filled in. The speaker said this boy understood his father better than the other boy, because he had the right soul. He rose above the material life. "I wish" the speaker concluded. "with all my heart and soul that Festival of Lights—the Diwali celebrations—will mean the idea of education to every one of us—that idea is the idea of oneness of humanity Mankind is one in spite of colour, costumes, environments, castes, creeds, and even Faiths. The history of mankind reveals religious wisdom.

FELLOWSHIP OF FAITHS.

Sir Abdul Qadir and Dr. Bake also addressed the meeting, the Moslem speaker was particularly gratified to take part in a Hindu Festival, which had brought together that afternoon members of different Faiths. He hoped that such a spirit of understanding would prevail from year to year so that they could with justification call themselves in terms of human beings. Dr. Bake delighted the gathering by reciting in Bengali some of the Poet Tagore's works.

However, the interesting part of the programme was the enactment of the short play "Shakuntala" by a group of Indian girls, under the guidance of Mr. Keki Darashaw, who has been responsible in producing many skits and tableaux, depicting Mother India and other Indian costumes.

On Sunday next our Diwali celebrations in London will come to a close after a dinner in a West End restaurant organised by over 12 Indian organisations. Sir Abdul Qadir will take the chair and the organisers are now in an enviable position since it seems every second Indian in London desires to attend the function though the management can only lay not more than 250 covers.

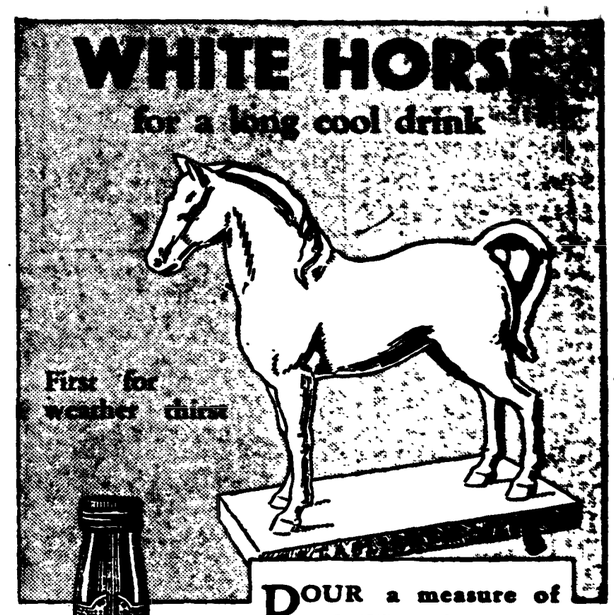
Russia's Arctic Strategy

BERLIN (By Air Mail.)

A sensation has been caused in political circles by disclosure of the amazing thoroughness of Russian development of the route through the Arctic ocean.

The Russians have covered the Polar regions with a radio network, which permits constant observation of meteorological conditions. Scores of 'planes are used for ice-patrol, powerful icebreakers accompany ships on their way to newly-established ports in the estuaries of the great Siberian rivers. Whole towns have sprung up and seagoing vessels are already loading large quantities of timber and other products carried by water from far inland.

It is estimated that in these towns, ports and stations 50,000 people are occupied. The Russians are determined to secure sea communication by the Northern route round Europe and Asia to the Pacific. This opens a vista of commercial intercourse with China and the East coast of North America. The Russian Government is, in fact, preparing the transfer of its principal naval base from the narrow Gulf of Finland to the port of Murmansk, near the frontier of Norway, where the sea is free from ice all the year round and no enemy can cut off communications with the Atlantic.



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G. Walsh, winner of the annual championship in the sports held by Christ Church High School.

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

A Storm In A Tea-Cup

(BY "LOOKER-ON.")

Despite all that has been written in the columns of the "Chronicle" in favour of abandonment of the communal Tournament, it is now practically certain that the Quadrangular will be staged at the Azad Maidan according to the programme arranged early in the season. The construction of the stands has already begun and other details for holding the Tournament are being gradually completed. Therefore, it is of no use now to hammer on the same point. I only hope that it will pass off without any untoward incident. At this stage I have to say only one word to the honorary secretary of the Quadrangular Committee and that is to see that the seating arrangements in the Press Tent are made with some idea to ease and comfort for the journalists who have to put in a lot of hard work during those days. I trust my friend, J. Birtwistle, will spare no pains in this direction.

A SPORTING DECISION.

I congratulate the Managing Committee of the Bombay Cricket Association on their sporting decision to participate in the ensuing Ranji Trophy Tournament this season. They had every reason to grumble about the financial aspect of the question. But no high ideal has ever been attained in this world without certain amount of sacrifice and pains. In order to set the Inter-provincial Tournament on a firm footing—not so much to win the All-India title which has practically become her own since the inception of the Tournament—this sacrifice was called for on the part of Bombay and the B.C.A. has done the right thing in the interest of the national tournament.

EXCELLENT CHOICE.

Bombay is down to meet the winners of the match between Sind and Nawanagar in the semi-final round of the Western Zone to be played at Poona on January 11, 12 and 13. The following fifteen players have been nominated by the B.C.A. from whom the actual team will be selected:—

L. P. Jai, B. K. Kalapesi, V. M. Merchant, D. D. Hindlekar, P. M. Kadri, C. N. Mehta, Dr. R. Havewalla, R. R. Wadkar, K. N. Divekar, W. M. Hansoti, N. F. Canteenwalla, M. Bhagwandas, J. B. Khot, J. B. Patel and D. S. Talpade.

I am glad to see that Jai, the victorious captain of the last two years, has been re-elected to that position. He is unquestionably the fittest man in Bombay to-day and I have no doubt that his selection has created a lot of confidence among the players. The appointment of B. K. Kalapesi as vice-Captain of the team is equally judicious. He is the prospective captain of the Parsis this year and his long experience in the Bombay Quadrangular is sure to stand him in good stead.

YOUNGSTERS TO THE FORE.

The list contains plenty of young blood and an excellent fund of experience. Several of them have already figured and made their mark in the Quadrangular and the rest are on the way to its fame. With the exception of R. J. Gharat who might have been in the list, I cannot think of any other player who has been unjustifiably left out. I am glad to see Dady Havewalla back again in the field after his suspension last year. I hope he has taken the lesson to heart and would observe discipline faithfully in future. The team selected from the above list will make a pretty solid combination—strong in every department of the game—and it will not be easy for any of the upcountry teams to lower Bombay's colours in the Ranji Trophy Tournament this season.

TAIRSEE'S BOMBSHELL.

Since writing the above, I came to know that Mr. L. R. Tairsee, President of the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana, has thrown a bombshell at the Quadrangular Committee. He has declared in no uncertain terms that the allocation of space at the Azad Maidan has been most inequitable to his Gymkhana. And unless this is rectified in a reasonable manner the Hindus would consider the advisability of withdrawing from the Tournament altogether. From enquiries I find that the Hindu Gymkhana has been allotted the same amount of space as was done last year or in previous years. They are not satisfied with it and want more. Of course this cannot be done without inflicting an injustice on other clubs and Gymkhanas. It must be remembered that the space at the Azad Maidan is limited and there are score of Clubs to be accommodated therein. I understand that the allotments were made with the concurrence and consent of the representatives of all the four Gymkhanas who form the Quadrangular Committee. I do not, therefore, see why the Hindu Gymkhana should make any bones about it.

NO INJUSTICE.

If they want to have more seats they could easily do so by dispensing with the sofas and having one class only for their members. Or, they may build one more storey above their usual stand to accommodate the "higher class" members or ladies and children, as is being done in the Grand Stand. But they should never encroach on the claims of others. I have heard it said repeatedly that a grave injustice is being done to the Hindu community as a whole by the reufsal of the authorities to grant more space to the P. J. Hindu Gymkhana. The fact is that the Hindu community as such enjoys the benefit of the Quadrangular in larger proportion than any other community in Bombay, excepting perhaps the Parsis.

THE REASON?

It is true the Parsi and Islam Gymkhanas get as much space as the Hindu Gymkhana. But this was arranged with a view to help these gymkhanas to meet their expenses in connection with the Quadrangular. If this agreement is done away with now, the Islam Gymkhana, the poorest of them, would find it impossible to meet the expenses for putting up their strongest side—which is not at all desirable in the interest of the Quadrangular itself. If this tournament is abolished, there will have no question of doing special favour to any of these Gymkhanas. They will have to fall in line with the rest. I understand the Hindu Gymkhana will hold a special general meeting on Sunday to-morrow to discuss this question. I hope wiser counsels will prevail and they will accept the allocation in a sporting manner and avoid thereby an unpleasant situation.

McMULLAN'S NEW POST

Famous International To Manage Notts County

Jimmy McMullan, the former Manchester City and Scottish international half-back, has been appointed manager of Notts County, in succession to Mr. Percy Smith, who resigned two months ago, and recently took over the managership of Bristol Rovers.

He was manager of Aston Villa from May, 1934, till October, 1935. Previously he was in charge at Oldham.

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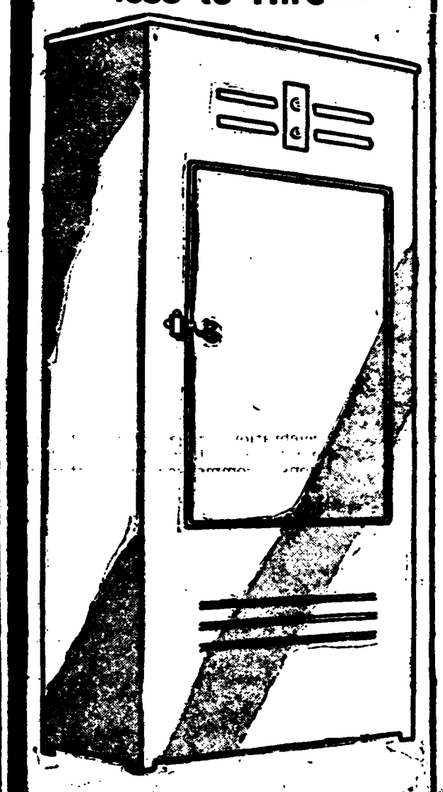

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Support The King

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have just read the "Bombay Chronicle" of 4th inst. and noted with delight that His Majesty the King Emperor, Edward intends marrying at last. It is a very long time, we the loyal subject of the King, have been waiting for such an auspicious occasion.

I do not understand why the British Cabinet do not agree to the King's proposal. I know and I am sure the Cabinet wants the King to have a good wife, in the other words they want "the good Queen of England and Empire", but the King likes to get married to Mrs. Wallis Warfield Simpson. If both love each other, then why should the public and Cabinet mind?

It is for the King, himself to decide and make up his mind what he is going to do. The King has to think this very seriously, as he has to live all his life with her.

The King is King and he knows what he is doing.

The King has been all these years a bachelor, why? He has waited to get a wife of his choice. Now he has found the right lady and he should marry her.

What fine joyful auspicious 1937 we are going to have?

Let us all wish His Majesty the King Emperor every success.—Yours, etc.

"A BRITISH SUBJECT."

Bombay, December 4.

Stock Exchange Enquiry

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—We the undersigned pure investors welcome the Government inquiry and suggest the following for the better working of the Stock Exchange, (Bombay):

(1) Cash basis for all shares like Calcutta and Madras Exchange.

(2) Dealing very strictly with defaulters and not so losely as is done now.

(3) No race-course basis of Stock Exchange but a Banking basis.—Yours, etc.,

CHAGAN SHAH,
(and twenty others).

Santa Cruz,
December 2.

Khan Bahadur Petigara

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A great police chief has at last retired from the city force after winning the highest praise and recognition from the Government and the Public alike. Next to the Commissioner of Police, Khan Bahadur Petigara has always been the most respected person in the Bombay Police, on account of his straightforward and fair dealing. Khan Bahadur Petigara was simplicity and good grace personified. Anyone who has come into the personal touch with Khan Bahadur Petigara must have found him to be a thorough gentleman of exemplary manners, possessing a very obliging nature and always alert in performing his duty honourably and creditably. His career as a police officer is very bright and deserved to be included and made mention of in the history of the Police Force with golden letters. Khan Bahadur Petigara is an asset of the Parsi community and by his long and faithful service of the Government he has proved to the officecials that if proper backing is given to the Parsis they have the grit and honesty in them to add further lustre to the post entrusted to their care.

The retirement of Khan Bahadur Petigara is an event both of joy and sorrow for the community to which he belong. He is a city police officer whom the Mohomedans love and the Hindus adore, the Congressmen respect and the loyalists like.

What can then the Parsis do for such a policeman on the eve of his retirement? No address full of praises would be an overestimate of the gentleman or his great achievements. Well, to me it seems that the highest honour for a Parsi gentleman or lady is to receive an address from the community, to be presented from the President of the Board of Punchayat Trustees before a very representative meeting of the Parsis, and the community do also take note of his or her achievements in his or her life time alone, in the Punchayat Records.

The second thing to note is that the community should now prepare a statistics of those who are already in the police service and look after their requirements. It should also encourage competent Parsi students to be trained at Nasik and make all possible attempts to move the Government in the matter of taking intelligent Parsis in the higher official grades.

The young men and women of the community also feel that now as Khan Bahadur Petigara has gone on leave preparatory to retirement his services should be requisitioned by the small Committee formed by Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawalla Kt., to ameliorate the conditions of the poorer sections of the community. I do feel that if Khan Bahadur Petigara is on the above-named small Committee many problems which defy solutions will be very tactfully solved and professional mendicancy will soon be uprooted. Our retiring police chief is noted for his generosity and large-heartedness, and hence the Parsi community will have entire confidence in his ripe judgment and a thorough and sympathetic consideration of each case which deserves any sort of help.

Before concluding this appreciative note of Khan Bahadur Petigara I also make a very humble but earnest suggestion to Government to allow Khan Bahadur Petigara to pilot His Majesty King Edward VIIIth's car on the advent of His Gracious Majesty's visit to India next year. This would mean a rare honour done by the Government in recognition of his meritorious services. A precedent of this nature already exists. When our late Majesty King George V visited India, a retired guard of the G. I. P. Mr. Bejonji Mistry, was given the charge of the train, by the G. I. P. officials.—Yours, etc.,

MANECKJI RUSTOMJI MANECKJI WADIA.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Harijans And Services

R. R. BHOLE requests Government to take more active steps to give proper representation to Harijans in the services.

Muslims And Assembly Elections

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The Muslim League Parliamentary Board is due to meet on 6th instant and I feel that will be good opportunity for the Board to restore the fallen prestige of the League by courageously rejecting "in toto" the selections made by the Working Committee and making its own selections in an impartial and delightful manner.

Mr. Jinnah must be aware that being the principal founder and creator of the Board he is naturally in a position to exert a great influence and, therefore, I should appeal to him not to allow this opportunity to slip by of undoing the harm which has been done by the Working Committee. In giving a lead to the Board to reject the Working Committee's selections, he will be responding to the public opinion which, as every one knows, has been considerably agitated on this very vital issue. His failure at this stage to stand by the community, which has relied on him, will definitely and justly forfeit their trust in the League, and he will have himself to blame if the prestige of the League dwindles to a low ebb.

Such a step might involve throwing overboard some of his colleagues but surely this personal sacrifice is not too heavy a price for the advantages which would accrue to the country and the community. Some of his allies are the very individuals who have all but destroyed the political reputation of the Mussalmans. Their reinstatement through the League is regarded generally a back-stair method to bring them back.

December 6th is the day of judgment and we will know by then whether the League as an instrument of service is a sincere and heroic attempt or only a make believe. With regard to the selection by the Board, I should urge that if the Board find that necessary number of worthy candidates have not applied, it should leave those constituencies unfilled, instead of putting up any one after the fashion of the Working Committee, in whose views, evidently public life does not seem to count and merits of the candidates are no considerations to be taken note of.—Yours, etc.

MIA MAHOMED AHMED UMER.

Bombay Andheri Road.
Mahim, Bombay.

II.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Now it is very well-knowm to the public and particularly to the Mussalman public that the selections of the Muslim League candidates were not made on grounds of pure merit. I ask the Working Committee clearly to inform the public what line was adopted. The Committee must frankly say yes or no to the question whether the selections were not made practically by six of its members who were all candidates themselves.

Selections have been made which instead of uniting the Muslims, have disunited the Muslim ranks and have forced respected and trusted leaders to keep away from the League. It is sure now that a strong opposition will be put up to the League all over the Presidency as in some other Provinces. It will interest people to know something of Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi's objections to the pledge. He objected to it in the Board's meeting, but his objection was over-ruled by a majority of 20 members. In spite of this and in complete disregard for the resolution of the Board, he gave a statement in "The Times", criticising the pledge. However, he applied to the Board, at first subject to the objection but later on he withheld his objections and signed the pledge in toto. On Saturday November 14, he refused to accept the same clause and tried to persuade Mr. Jinnah in several ways to accept his conditions. Mr. Jinnah did not accept. After the meeting was over a private meeting was held the same evening at the Council Hall where Sir Dehlavi resides and subsequently Sir A. Dehlavi decided to sign the pledge. Will Sir Alimahomed Khan Dehlavi say why he waived his conditions? What happens behind the screens, Mr. Jinnah does not seem to learn or know.—Yours, etc.,

MOHMED IBRAHIM M. JAFFER.
Maskati Building,
Mahomed Ali Road,
Bombay, December 4.

III

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I have been reading with interest the correspondence in your columns regarding the selection of candidates by the Working Committee of the Bombay Muslim League Parliamentary Board. I enclose the views expressed by the correspondents. Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi had originally objected to the pledge of the League and his objections were mentioned in the "Times of India". May I ask, then, why it was that he changed his view and signed the pledge?

It is rumoured that Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi may be appointed a Minister under the new Constitution. If he becomes a Minister, may I know who will lead the Muslim League Party in the Assembly? Will it be Mr. Mahomed S. Mitha, about whose qualification I need not say anything?

I agree with your correspondents that the selections made by the League are such as are not likely to induce confidence among the Muslim masses that their interests will be safe and I appeal to Mr. Jinnah whose object was to rally the progressive forces among Muslims to take suitable action to undo the harm done.—Yours, etc.,

INAM ALI IMDAD ALI.
Civil Lines, Poona.

Improving The Lot Of Journalists

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—No body can take exception to the resolutions passed by the Journalists' Association to improve the lot of working journalists in Bombay. They are not only pre-eminently reasonable but even moderate; and if innate justice were to make for the acceptance of any demand, these resolutions ought to be accepted forthwith by all concerned. Unfortunately for us, however, it is not so and hence unless earnest efforts are made to bring pressure—both moral and suasive—they would hardly be of any help to working journalists in their daily lives. In the interests of the profession of journalism itself, therefore, as much as in the interests of journalists, it is to be hoped that the Journalists' Association would not rest content with merely passing these resolutions but would follow them up with some sort of active work which would make for their acceptance in practice.—Yours, etc.,

SHANKERPRASAD S. NANAVATY.

Trial Match Impressions

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The Hindu representative team playing against Dr. Kanga's eleven last week-end failed to live up to expectations. When it is considered that except for four or five, the rest of the Hindu XI for the Quadrangulars will be chosen from amongst these players, it is very disappointing and makes one ponder if the Hindus have really got a side which can be seriously considered as probables for championship honours. Batting was mediocre against a type of bowling which can nowhere be classed along with the stuff they will have to face in the 1st round. Only two batsmen, Mr. Jai and Mr. Bannerjee played as though the bowling had no terrors for them, but the rest with the exception of Mr. Godambe and Mr. Wadkar, perhaps, did not play convincingly. In bowling, too, Godambe alone seemed to be able to keep the batsmen guessing.

I have an idea that the youngsters now playing in these trial matches have got a sort of opinion that their inclusion in these matches means nothing more serious than that they are there because an eleven has got to be collected. They are of opinion that whatever their showings, their claims will never be seriously considered at the time of selection.

Is that really the case? Are these trial matches merely whitewashes? And will no cognizance of the showings of the newcomers be taken, when the time comes up for selection? Are these then only trials of the old-timers? I hope not.

The fielding is listless. I don't mean to say it is bad but it is sort of a apathetic. I wish I could once again see the Hindus field as though they enjoyed it.—Yours etc.,

B. D. KASBEKAR.

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Origin Of Indo-Muslim Culture

German Orientalist Traces It To Influence Of Moghul Rule

"The beginnings of Moghul civilisation" was the subject of a lecture delivered by Dr. Hermann Goetz, conservator of the Kern Institute, on Wednesday evening. Dr. Goetz's interest in India is hereditary. His father was much interested in Eastern Art. Dr. Goetz was a research fellow of the University of Berlin, and for some years Curator Extraordinary of the Muhammedan Ethnographic Collections in the same City. He was also Secretary to the Board of editors of the Annual Bibliography of Indian Archaeology.

He has travelled extensively and visited the Muhammedan monuments in Spain, Northern Africa and Turkey. His researches in the history and art of India and the Muslim countries have been crystallised in various books and periodicals.

Wednesday's lecture is the first of a series of three lectures he is delivering on Moghul art and life. Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, presided. The second lecture on "Moghul life and Moghul Art in relation to each other" will be delivered tomorrow, (Saturday) evening when Father Heras of the St. Xavier's College will preside.

Dr. Goetz said that the most important heritage of the Moghul Empire to posterity was the old classical civilisation of India which was a new type of culture, the first manifestation of present day Indian life. The forces which produced this change towards, modern life must be sought in the continuous cultural influx into India sequel to repeated Muslim invasions.

FAITHFUL PICTURE

Research into the history of the material civilisation of the Indo-Muslim period, of its origins and the development of its characteristic forms as it has been transmitted to us in the shape of original objects and pictorial representations like that of Medieval Europe—the art of the Moghul and contemporary Rajput painters—is naive and gives us a faithful picture of the general culture of that period. It could safely be maintained that when critically examined, the paintings were able to bear the severest criticism.

Even certain conclusions as to the almost unknown 'external' side of 'Pathan' civilisation were possible by way of ethnological deduction, because much of it had been preserved in the life of the common people in the outlying districts.

AT ADVENT OF MOGHULS

The character of Indian civilisation, at the beginning of the Moghul period was based on a considerable layer of cultural elements to be traced back to early Aryan, partly even to pro-Aryan, times. In the Deccan these elements were still closely allied to the Hindu traditions of the Gupta Period and of the Middle Ages, but in the North they showed their own Rajput, i.e., a "primitivised" Indian character. Over this basis are found in the South, layers taken from the whole history of Mohammedan civilisation until the end of the Moghul times as well as later Arabian, Persian, Ottoman and European influences which were brought by the maritime trade over the Arabian Gulf. In the North, influences due to the Arabian civilisation of the Abbasid Empire are to be found among the lower castes and the Mohammedan dervishes; while others can be traced to Seljuks and the early and middle Timurid epoch among the Rajputs and Pathans.

MOGHUL TENDENCIES

Into this world the invasion of the Moghuls under Babar and Humayun, introduced a new and strong wave of Central Asiatic influences, the elements of which were derived from the late Timurid civilisation of Samarkand and Herat or the Persian civilisation of the time of the two Safavi Shahs, Ismail and Tahmasp I, which was itself but another offspring of the late Timurid culture. This wave of new forms of cultural life continued for quite a time and was not absorbed before the first two decades of the 17th century. Consistent with these Turkestani culture introduced during the reigns of Babur and Humayun, was pompous, though half nomadic, many of its characteristic features can be traced back to the influence of China transmitted by the Mongols of Chingizkhan or to Autochthonous Central Asian styles of life. The dress-fashions of the time are related to those in vogue in Europe and Byzantium during the 15th and 16th centuries, which also had been adopted from Central Asia. In furnishings too new Central Asian types derived from the nomadic camel chest acquire a place in Indian life beside the former old Indian furniture. At the same time the Central Asian "Yurt", introduced into the Mohammedan countries during the Mongol invasion, reached India and was there used until the end of the 16th century. Finally the Central Asian style has left its vestiges in early Moghul and even in provincial Rajput architecture, weapons, the metal and leather vessels of Sassanian and Far Eastern tradition, the Ming porcelain and its Near Eastern imitations.

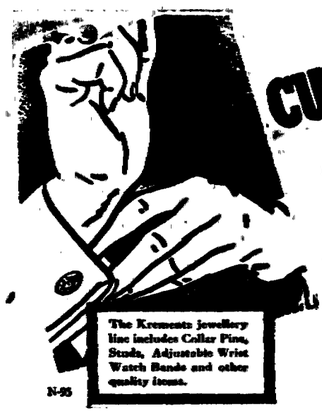
Akbar consolidated the Empire by a close alliance with the hitherto oppressed Rajputs, taking over the later Rajput and Pathan style of fashion, architecture etc. Only Akbar's Turkish wives and later the orthodox party around prince Salim remained centres of conservative Western predilections, but found themselves outdone by the Indians. Turkish female fashion was finally replaced by the later Rajput costume during the stay of Jehangir's court at Lahore. Some still remains or it have survived in the uniform of Zenana servants upto the early 19th century.

DURING SHAHAJAHAN'S REIGN

During the reign of Shahajahan, Mogul civilisation got its definite shape owing to the further influx of, on the one hand, Persian and on the other, Indian elements, either from the Deccan or from Gujerat and Bengal. The Persian element is to be seen in the Charbagh gardens and the innumerable Safavian imitations of Chinese porcelain. The increasing influence of the Deccan is manifested in the shape of the turban, the dresses, textile ornaments, carpet designs etc. The Hindu element is seen in the ornamental combined style of gardening, the Bangaldar roof, the crenellated arch and the vegetative column, the flag fans and fans made of peacock-feathers, all of which are of Ancient Indian pattern. This new culture was completed under the Emperors Jehangir and Shahajahan, and it became the civilisation of the Empire, the Moghul civilisation."

INDO-MUSLIM CULTURE.

The birth of Indo-Muslim civilisation can hardly be explained as a simple intermingling of several different civilisations. It was rather a sort of Indian imitation even falsification of Timurid, Safavian and European models, which finally developed according to its own, Indian law. The classical Moghul civilisation is thus almost entirely different from that of the 16th century. The creator of the Moghul Empire proper is Akbar, but Jehangir and Shahajahan are the creators of the Moghul civilisation. The ways and the manners of the migration of these cultural possessions are essentially the same as the historical highways—from Turkestan and Persia to Hindustan and then to the South. The time required for the Central Asian and Near Eastern cultural possessions varies on the whole between 50 and 100 years. Like the modern Indian languages the Moghul civilisation is new development inaugurated by a strong impulse from the cultures of Central Asia and Persia. Its roots, however, are to be sought in that part of Mediaeval Indian civilisation among the Rajputs and other peoples and castes of the North which had preserved its creative autochthonous powers after having shaken off all those vestiges of the classical Gupta tradition which, though carefully treasured, had been misunderstood since the decline of Southern influence in the North of India.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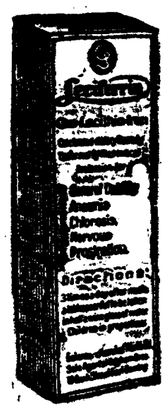

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Bombay, December 4.

P. and O. S. N. Coy.'s s.s. Narkunda of 9464 reg. tons, Capt. W. D. C. Smith, arrived on Thursday from London via Tangier, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Port Said and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

Turner Morrison and Coy.'s s.s. Akbar of 2479 reg. tons, Capt. J. Beattie, arrived from Mauritius with passengers and general cargo.

B. I. S. N. Coy.'s s.s. Vita of 1955 reg. tons, Capt. E. H. Brady, arrived from Karachi via Cutch-Mandvi, Port Okha and Porebunder with passengers and general cargo.

B. I. S. N. Coy.'s s.s. Bamora of 1870 reg. tons, Capt. W. F. Putt, arrived from Calcutta via Madras with general cargo.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, December 4.

B. I. S.N. Coy.'s s.s. Tapti of 2915 reg. tons, Capt. F. H. Escott, sailed for Kobe via Singapore and China, Japan Ports with local cargo.

N. Y. Kaisha's s.s. Mayebashi Maru of 4321 reg. tons, Capt. K. Mitsue, sailed for Kobe via Penang and Singapore with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

Turner Morrison and Coy.'s s.s. Pasha of 3196 reg. tons, Capt. T. H. B. Tettle, sailed for Calcutta via Calicut and Coast Ports with local cargo.

B. I. S. N. Coy.'s s.s. Varsova of 1955 reg. tons, Capt. A. Russell, sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

P. and O. S. N. Coy.'s s.s. Narkunda of 9464 reg. tons, Capt. W. D. C. Smith, sailed for Sydney via Colombo and Australian Ports with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING.

Bombay, December 4.

The following steamers entered for loading on 4-12-36:—

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ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, December 4.

3 Shunko Maru, 5027, Kobe, 8-12, O. S. Kaisha.
4 Ginyo Maru, 6128, Kobe, 12-12 N. Y. Kaisha.
6 Brauenfels, 4852, Karachi, 5-12, L. Edwards Ltd.
9 Halizones, 3137, Bhavnagar, 6-12, J. Finlay & Co.
12 Castalia 4171, Liverpool 7-12, Grahams T. Co.
13 Tiradentes, 2913, Colombo, 4-12, L. Edwards Ltd.
15 Tairea, 3756, Durban, 9-12, M. M. & Co.
16 City of Venice, 5492, Karachi, 9-12 K. Nixon and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Vita, 1955, Karachi, 5-12, M. M. and Co.
9 Subadar, 3397, Rangoon, 5-12, T. Morrison & Co.
10-11 Jalapalaka, 2630, Calcutta, 8-12, Scindia S. N. Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK

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F Alavi, 2161, Jeddah, 9-12 T. Morrison and Co.
Q Lalita, 283, N.F., N.F., Malabar Steamship Co.

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Tokiwa Maru, 16-12, N. Y. Kaisha.
Anyo Maru, 30-12, N. Y. Kaisha.
Mirzapore 6-12, P & O S N Co.
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Koshin Maru 25-12 O S Kaisha.
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FOR BASRA.

Bamora 9-12 M. M. and Co.
Varela, 10-12, M. M. and Coy.

FOR KARACHI

Vita 5-12 M. M. and Co.

FOR DURBAN.

Karanja 23-12 M M and Co.
Tairea, 9-12, M M and Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S.S. City of Venice	2-12-36
S.S. Ginyo Maru	2-12-36
S.S. Victoria	2-12-36
S.S. Brauenfels	3-12-36
S.S. Bhadravati	3-12-36
S.S. Dayavati	3-12-36

EXPORTS

Bombay, December 4.

S.S. Nowshera for Middlesbrough:—26 drums castor oil A. Hargovindas and Co.

For Ghent:—110 bales cotton The Bombay Company, Ltd; 110 bales cotton S. Karachi and Co.

For Hull:—180 bags soap stone powder Shaw Wallace and Co.; 500 bags gr. oil cake K. Prasad and Co., Ltd.; 1400 bags gr. oil cake F. H. Hassan.

For London:—2370 bags linseed The Cotton Agents, Ltd.; 65 barrells alum. scrap M. G. Abdul Husain and Co.; 77 drums castor oil A. Hargovindas and Co.; 14 bags henna powder D. Abraham and Sons; 21 bags hides I. I. Rahmatoola and Co.; 10 bales sheep skins F. Janmohamed; 13 bales skins F. Janmohamad; 13 bags bristles B. Phillips and Hayley, Ltd.; 9 bags cow hides P. E. Boyce and Sons.

For Antwerp:—55 bales cotton The Bombay Co., Ltd.; 62 bales cotton S. Karamshi and Co.

S.S. Bangalore for Sydney:—35 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros. and Co.

S.S. Castalia for Marseilles:—1280 bags groundnut seed M. Bhutta and Co.; 700 bags groundnut seed V. Shivji.

For Manchester:—592 bags linseed The Cotton Agents Ltd.; 37 bales cotton waste M. Narotamdas and Co.

For Glasgow:—30 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros., and Co.; 667 bags groundnut oil cake A. Comerbhoy.

For Liverpool:—99 bales wool Ralli Bros.; 47 bales wool V. Virchand; 500 bales ghatty masoor V. Shivji; 686 bags groundnut oil cake M. S. Kaisha; 37 bales cotton twist waste M. Narotamdas and Co.; 35 bales wool S. O. Hapenbhoy and Co.

S.S. Braunfels for Gothenburg:—28 bales cotton fly L. O. Vora.

For Oslo:—10 bales cotton fly L. O. Vora.

For Hamburg:—20 bales cotton fly L. O. Vora; 275 bales cotton waste B. Karsandas and Co.; 110 bales cotton N. Nagsee and Co.

S.S. Maloja for London:—75 bales lamb skins H. Abdullah Aminoff; 20 bales woollen carpets A. Wahab.

S.S. City of Venice for Liverpool:—12 bales wool A. I. Calcuttawalla and Co.; 75 bales cotton waste B. Karsandas and Co.

S.S. Shunko Maru for Osaka:—300 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co.; 200 bales cotton Langley and Co.; 500 bales cotton G. K. Kaisha.

For Kobe:—1100 bales cotton A. Khimji and Co.; 900 bales cotton N. Nagsee and Co.; 200 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co.; 100 bales cotton S. Karachi and Co.; 700 bales cotton Langley and Co.; 100 bales cotton S. R. Tulshan and Co.; 500 bales cotton A. Clayton and Co.

For Yokohama:—100 bales cotton Langley and Co.

For Los Angeles via Kobe:—50 bales cotton Langley and Co.

For Nagasaki:—200 bales cotton M. Amersey and Co.; 200 bales cotton G. K. Kaisha.

For Yokkaichi:—200 bales cotton G. K. Kaisha.

S.S. Ginyo Maru for Osaka:—180 bales cotton Volkart Bros.; 500 bales cotton N. Nagsee and Co.

For Kobe:—100 bales cotton V. Ladha and Co.; 80 bales cotton Volkart Bros.; 200 bales cotton A. Podar and Co.; 272 bales cotton The Swastik Gr. Trading Co.; 500 bales cotton R. Kanji and Co.; 1000 bales cotton N. Manekial and Co.

IMPORTS

Bombay, December 4.

S.S. Rotenfels, agents L. Edwards from Antwerp:—25 cases window glass; 1521 pcs. joists; 165 bundles steel bars; 40 pcs. wagon parts; 60 pcs. wheel for motor coaches; 191 loose steel tyres; 20 cases syrup; 400 bags whitine; 500 cases spring.

From Bremen:—20 bales cycle tubes; 25 rings motor covers.

From Hamburg:—180 kegs chlorate of potash.

From Fort Said:—60 casks sulphate of copper.

M.S. Akagesai Maru, agents M. B. Kaisha from Saigon:—106138 pcs. teak boards and scantlings.

From Kohsechang:—6456 bags Siam white rice.

S.S. British Trade, agents Anglo Iranian Oil Co., from Abadan:—1631.5 tons fuel oil.

S.S. British Judge, agents Anglo Iranian Oil Co., from Abadan:—10159.8 tons fuel oil.

S.S. Risaldar, agents T. M. and Co. from Calcutta:—6784 tons coal.

S.S. Gandara, agents M. M. and Co., from Melbourne:—36 nos. horses; 1 nos. cow.

From Brisbane:—219 nos. hares; 5 nos. cows.

From Gladstone:—157 nos. horses.

S.S. Comorin, agents M. M. and Co., from Charente:—688 cases brandy.

From Copenhagen:—10 cases oats; 10 cases cond. meat; 63 cases hams.

From London:—1061 nos. silver; 8 casks tallow.

S.S. Jalamani, agents Sc. St. Navigation Co., from Rangoon:—2000 bags rice; 1226 bags cotton seed; 164 cases coffee; 100 cases matches.

From Colombo:—445 bags copra.

S.S. Jalavehar, agents Sc. St. Navigation Co., from Bassein:—13098 bags rice.

From Rangoon:—9034 bags rice.

From Tuticorin:—12 bales agathe leaves; 160 bundles mats.

S.S. Subedar, agents T. M. and Co., from Ponani:—1452 bags cocoanuts; 105 bales coir yarn.

From Cochin:—149 bales paper.

From Moulmein:—1801 bags rice; 1268 bundles teak scantling; 3048 pcs. teak scantlings; 117 pcs. English planks; 62 pcs. English squares; 2814 pcs. English boards.

From Rangoon:—160 bags rice; 19 bales wool; 85 bales senna leaves.

From Cochin:—251 bundles coir ropes.

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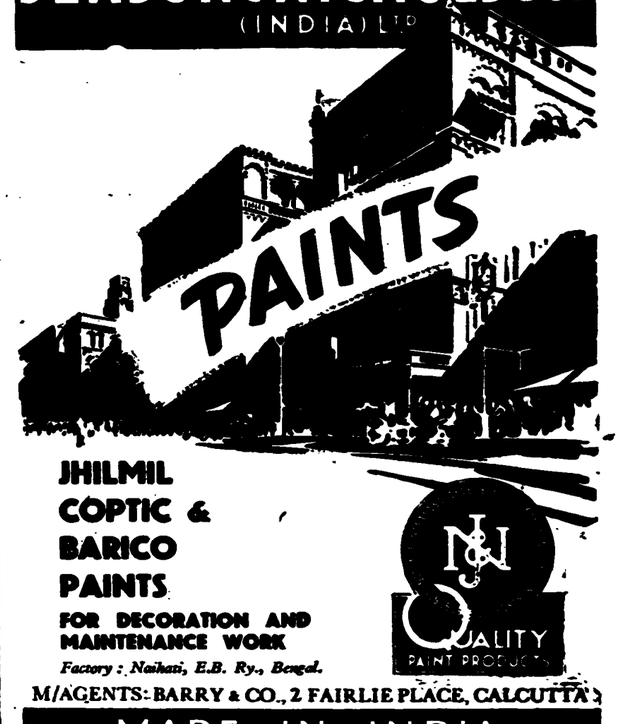

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THE BI NEEDS OF THE BAS

TRADE AND FINANCE

Temporary Demand For Money

FINANCING MOVEMENTS OF CROPS

Silver Shows Resistance

STEADY TONE IN SHARE BAZAR

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

Bombay, Dec. 4.

MONEY.

There was no change in the monetary situation during the period under report, barrying a temporary demand for call funds on Tuesday, when day-to-day loans were placed at as high as 1 per cent. Total tenders for this week's three months Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 2,16,25,000, of which Rs. 2 crores were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 0-13-11 per cent. An improvement of .0577 per cent on Treasury Bills tends to indicate that money is becoming more usable in financing movements of crops. Maturities were offset by renewals of Rs. 2 crores. The market received about Rs. 1.33 crores against the sale of £1 million sterling to Government. Government have repaid Rs. 1 crore to the Reserve Bank of India against Ways and Means Advances, which now stand at Rs. 1 crore. Fixed deposit rates are: 1 per cent for two to three months and 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 per cent for six months.

RESERVE BANK.

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended November 27, 1936, shows a decrease of Rs. 6.58 lakhs in the total notes issued against a corresponding decline of Rs. 6.45 lakhs in Rupee coin. Notes in circulation were down by Rs. 112.68 lakhs while those held in the Banking Department were up by Rs. 106.10 lakhs. Sterling securities were unchanged at 67.32 crores, whereas Rupee securities slightly decreased by Rs. 13 lakhs. Government Deposits, which include £55,600 on account of the High Commissioner, converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee, rose by Rs. 73.66 lakhs and Banks' Deposits by Rs. 21.15 lakhs. Balances held abroad have increased by Rs. 118.83 lakhs. Loans and Advances to the Government were reduced by Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 1 crore. Investments recorded an increase of Rs. 13 lakhs and Other Assets fell by Rs. 3.94 lakhs. The bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK.

The Imperial Bank of India statement as on November 27, 1936, shows an increase of Rs. 106.95 lakhs in the total cash balance of the bank, which now stands at Rs. 15.29 crores. Total Securities have risen in value by Rs. 15.01 lakhs. Loans and Bills discounted are down by Rs. 11.17 lakhs respectively. Cash Credits are up by Rs. 19.72 lakhs. Deposits on all accounts show an increase of Rs. 60.11 lakhs during the week. It is understood that the Imperial Bank of India advance rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was steady throughout the week, sellers of ready T. T. quoting 1s/ 6 7/64d and buyers 1s. 6 9/64d, occasional business being transacted at the middle rate. Forward deliveries from mid-December to mid-May 1937 were available at 1s. 6 1/8d. Sterling tenders to Government at 1s. 6 1/8d were larger by £7 1/2 million than last week, i.e. £47,200,000, of which approximately 2 per cent allotted.

The feature of the foreign exchanges in the London market was the weakness of the U.S.A. dollar. The sterling/dollar cross rate opening at dol 4.89 13/16 advanced to as high as dol 4.91 3/16 probably owing to continued liquidation of American securities by foreign holders. Towards the close the rate declined to dol 4.90 9/16. Fluctuations in the Fr. franc were confined to a narrow range of 3 cents, the highest and lowest rates being frs. 105.16 and 105.13 respectively. The discount on three months forward Fr. francs increased from frs. 1.120 to frs. 1.430. The belga and the guilder fluctuated between 28.97 1/2 and 29.07 and 9.01 1/4 and 9.02 3/4 respectively. The Italian lira is quoted at 93.18.

GOLD.

In sympathy with the weakness of the U.S.A. dollar the price of ready gold in the local market opening at Rs. 35-2-6 declined in mid-week to Rs. 35-1-3. With the incidence of the settlement the market witnessed shortage of ready gold, which was evident from the fact that the carry-over difference widened to as much as 1 anna 3 pies against the bear on Wednesday. The volume of business for export was small, and dealers were reluctant to increase their commitments. In London the price of gold opened at 141s. 11 1/2d and after advancing early in the week to 142s. declined to 141s. 7d. on Tuesday last, but closed at 141s 9 1/2d. Last week's shipment per s.s. "Viceroy of India" was worth Rs. 69.12 lakhs, making a total of Rs. 31.35 crores for the current year and Rs. 288.90 crores since September 1931. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 1 lakh of tolas, while the arrivals average about 10,000 tolas a day. The offtake averages about 2,000 tolas a day. The price of spot sovereigns declined from Rs. 22-4-9 to Rs. 22-3-9. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were Rs. 35-2-6 and Rs. 35-1-3 for ready and Rs. 35-2-6 and Rs. 35-0-6 for January 1, settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 65,220 in bar and coin.

SILVER.

Firmer advices from foreign centres coupled with reports of increased tension in the European political situation resulted in a steady rise in the quotation of ready silver in the local market, which advanced from the previous closing of Rs. 51-11 to as high as Rs. 53-3, on speculative buying. There was some profit-taking at the higher level, which resulted in a setback in the price to Rs. 52-2, but the market showed good resistance at the decline. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 22,000 bars, while the offtake averages about 40 bars a day. Yesterday's arrival per s.s. "Narkunda" is valued at £5,500. Silver to the amount of £40,600 is en route to Bombay. The highest and lowest rates in London were 21 5/16d and 21d for spot and two months forward; and those in the local market were Rs. 53-3 and 51-11 for ready and Rs. 53-5 and Rs. 51-13 for January 2, settlement. Total imports during week amounted to Rs. 5,910 in coin. The Shanghai dollar fluctuated between 1s. 2 9/16d and 1s. 2 17/32d.

SHARES.

Barring a temporary set-back midweek on tired liquidation and bear sales, the Stock Market presented a steady tone throughout the period under report. Towards the close prices hardened on general buying, and in most cases finished at the highest of the week. The varying reports regarding the political disturbances on the Continent of Europe were responsible for the fluctuations in the market. Cotton mill shares were outstandingly steady, and some of the leaders gained as much as 20 points. Steel shares were quite steady despite considerable liquidation with Ordys, closing at Rs. 220 beating all records of the present year. Defds. lagged behind a little and finished at Rs. 852-8. Cement shares were all in good demand, particularly Punjabs, which improved from Rs. 28-12 to Rs. 29-8 and Okhas moved up from Rs. 293-12 to Rs. 301-4. The public utility and other fixed interest bearing shares were easier in sympathy with gilt-edged. Tata Powers declined from Rs. 1630 to Rs. 1616-4; Tata Hydros from Rs. 190-10 to Rs. 189-6 and Andhra Valleys from Rs. 1705 to Rs. 1698-12. Among Bank shares, Reserve Bank shares, Reserve Banks dropped from Rs. 140 to Rs. 138-8 and other scrips were practically unchanged. The sugar shares were easy on the note of warning issued by the President at the Sugar Companies Conference held at Cawnpore of over production, and Belapurs as a consequence dropped from Rs. 203-12 to Rs. 195-10, but recovered and closed at Rs. 201-14. The Scindia Steam Navigation Co. Ltd. advised the shareholders in their circular dated December 1, 1936 that all the shares which the shareholders agreed to take under the "A" form have been allotted. As the total applications under the forms "A" and "B" exceeded the 400,000 shares offered to the shareholders, the allotments of the additional shares for which applications have been received on the "B" form, were under the consideration of the Board. Following the above announcement the shares of this company fluctuated wildly. The quotation after dropping from Rs. 19-7 to Rs. 18-12, improved and closed at Rs. 19-4. Bombay Burmas moved narrowly and maintained a quite steady tone.

GILT-EDGED.

The gilt-edged market was steady during the early part of the week, but following weak advices from London, prices dropped allround with sellers but few buyers towards the close. 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper fell sharply from Rs. 100-5 to as low as Rs. 98-8, but recovered and closed at Rs. 99. Other scrips were all marked down. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan declined from Rs. 115-9 to 114-14; 3 per cent 1951-54 loan from Rs. 103-15 to Rs. 103-6; 5 per cent 1945-55 (tax free) loan from Rs. 121-8 to Rs. 121-4; 3 per cent 1941 loan from Rs. 105-1 to Rs. 104-14 and 5 per ct. 1940-43 loan from Rs 111-15 to Rs 111-10 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 new loan closed at Rs. 100-14; 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan at Rs. 107-8 and 4 per cent 1943 bonds Rs. 111-14, 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan was on offer at Rs. 120-4, 5 per cent 1939-44 loan Rs. 106-13 and 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan at Rs. 107-7.

BOMBAY RICE CROP

The Department of Agriculture, Bombay has issued the following Second Memorandum of the Rice Crop of the Bombay Presidency (including Indian States) for the season 1936-37.—

Note.—On an average of the five years ending 1934-35 the area under Rice in the British Territory and Indian States included in this forecast has represented some 2.8 per cent. of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

The figures in this forecast relate to the Rice Crop sown between May and August 1936.

(Estimates up to 15th November 1936.)

Area.—The total reported and estimated area under the crop now stands as stated below:—

	Bombay Presidency. Acres.
British Districts	1,688,000
Indian States	453,000
Total	2,141,000

11.3 and 10.4 per cent. respectively below the final revised area of the last year and the average actual area during the preceding ten years. Decrease in area is general and may be attributed to the deficiency of rain at the time of sowing except in the Konkan where the early rains were generally adequate and the area remained almost stationary.

SEASON.

In the Konkan, sowing and transplantation of the early varieties were done in time under the favourable rain and weather conditions and the crop progressed satisfactorily till the time of harvest and gave almost normal yields. The late varieties, ready for harvest, were damaged in many places by continuous rains about the middle of November which by wetting the grain and straw, affected the quality of the grain and caused shedding. Part of the crop, that was already harvested and lying in the threshing yards, was also spoiled by these untimely rains. The crop in the Kanara district was attacked by "Kanne" pest (black smut) in some places. These factors are responsible for some reduction in the outturn of the late varieties of rice. In Gujarat the crop is practically a failure, except in the Surat district, as no transplantation could be done owing to drought conditions. In the Surat district the crop has fared well on the whole, but is likely to be damaged by the recent rains. In the Deccan, the crop suffered much during the growing period on account of prolonged drought. Good and general rainfall in September improved the condition to some extent, but the crop lost its original vigour and is expected to yield much below the normal. The matured crop is reported to have been somewhat damaged in many places by recent rains, which were received at the time of harvest. In the Karnatak, the early varieties suffered rather severely due to the absence or deficiency of rain in the middle of the season and may give poor yields. The late varieties, however, have fared better as they were benefitted by the October rains. Early crop has been harvested; while the late one is being harvested.

As a result of the seasonal condition described above, the outturn of the crop in the Konkan is estimated to range between 92 and 96 per cent of the normal in the Kolaba and Ratnagiri districts, while it may fall between 75 and 80 per cent. of the normal in the remaining parts of the Division. In Gujarat the crop, as already stated above, is almost a failure and may return only between 17 and 25 per cent. of the normal except in the Surat district where it is expected to yield about 67 per cent. of the normal. The outturn of the crop in the Deccan may range between 67 and 75 per cent. of the normal in the north, but it may vary from 12 to 67 per cent. of the normal in the South of the Division. The Karnatak crop is expected to return about 67 per cent. of the normal in the Belgaum district, about 48 per cent. of the normal in the Dharwar district and only 40 per cent. of the normal in the Bijapur district. The outturn of the crop in the Indian States should generally correspond to the yield likely to be secured in the neighbouring British tracts.

The total estimated outturn works out as shown below:—

	Bombay Presidency. Cwts.
Brtish Districts	13,000,000
Indian States	3,545,000
Total	16,545,000

20-0 and 23.7 per cent. respectively below the final revised outturn of the last year and the average estimated outturn of the actual area during the preceding ten years.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Dec. 3.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p. c. A	65
Columbia Gas	18
United Corpn.	7
American Tel. and Tel.	138
Western Union Telg.	88 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio Rly.	22
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly.	68
Erie Rly.	15
New York Central Rly.	42 3/4
Northern Pacific Rly.	26
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	12 1/2
Republican Steel	27
Thompson Product	20
Nat. Distillers	51
Gen. Amr. Transportation	73
United States Steel	75 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	48 1/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	61 1/4
General Motors	68 1/2
General Electric	51
Radio Corp.	12
Westinghouse Airbrake	46
Socony	15 1/2
Chase Bank	44 1/2
National City Bank	37 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	635
Amr. Car Foundry	54
Electric P. and Light 7 p.c. Pfd.	86

Market.—Improved slightly; steels firm. Think favourably of steels shares. National Distillers declared extra dividend of 75 cents. U.S. Steel Corp., working 67 per cent. Brokers loans down 4 million dollars.

Removal Of Linseed Price Peg

Bombay, Dec. 4.

The Argentine Govt. has removed price peg of Linseed and wheat.

YARN MARKET FIRM

Bombay, Dec. 2.

The yarn market has remained very steady during the whole past week with firm undertone. As regards Indian Yarns demand from consuming Districts has shown improvement. Increased inquiries have been received particularly in fine counts, and fairly good turnover has been reported, however the prices realised are hardly remunerative. Sales of cloth continue to be satisfactory and demand for yarns is expected to improve further. Prices of Japanese and Shanghai Yarns are very steady due to scarcity of ready goods and very high replacing costs. On the whole there has been an alround improvement and futures outlook appears to be very hopeful.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Due to sharp advance in prices of Japanese and Shanghai Yarns and scarcity of stocks prices of English Yarns have also advanced to the extent of one anna per lb. Demand for this class of yarns has shown further improvement. No fresh forward business has been reported on account of much higher prices quoted by Manchester Spinners.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

Market continues to be very strong and prices have advanced further both in cotton as well as in Mercerised Yarns. Prices of 2/46s mercerised have remained unchanged with a slightly easy tone due to fresh arrivals by incoming steamers. However, as the stocks are very limited, prices are not likely to undergo any decline. There has been sharp rise in prices of 2/42s and 2/84s with an advance of Rs. 0-0-6 per lb. in bleached and Rs. 0-1-0 per lb. in Grey Mercerised Yarns. As regards forward delivery, prices have remained more or less unchanged with a steady undertone. Japanese and Shanghai suppliers have been quoting very high prices and no fresh forward business of importance has been possible. Sampin has shown further advance whereas Exchange remains unchanged.

ART SILK YARNS.

Official prices of Italrayon Yarns have remained unchanged during the week. There has been a further arrival of small consignment from Italy. There are hardly any stocks in popular deniers and turnover in Italian qualities is, therefore, very small. As regards Japanese Yarns there has been further improvement in demand and prices have remained very steady. Stocks of Delustered as well as twofold yarns are very scanty whilst there has been a good demand for these yarns. As a result thereof, prices, of these yarns have advanced by 1/4 anna per lb. and are likely to advance further. As for forward shipments Japanese

CAWNPORE SUGAR QUOTATIONS

Cawnpore, Dec. 2.

	Rs. a. p.
Lohat Siding	7 9 0
Motihari	7 0 0
Champatiya	7 3 0
Narkatiya	6 14 0
New Savan	6 14 0
Sarayan	7 8 0
Sasamosa	6 12 0
Ghughly	6 14 0
Basti	7 4 0
Ram Kola	6 12 0
Luxmiganj	7 2 0
Padrauna	6 12 0
Padrauna Local	6 8 0
Pipraich	6 14 0
Siswa Bazar	6 12 0
Pursa	6 5 0
Sidholio	6 13 0
Bhatni	6 12 0
Bhawaan	7 6 0
Burwal	6 13 0
Jarwal Road	7 0 0
Khadda	6 11 0
Sakhari	7 9 0
Semapur	7 11 0
Khatkuiyan	6 12 0
Sitalpur	6 14 0
Capainganj	7 1 0
Baitalpur	6 12 0
Jhusi	7 1 0
Tamkohi	6 4 0
Harkua	6 12 0
Seohara	7 3 0
Dehri	7 4 0
Rampur	8 0 0
Pilibhit	7 1 0
Bareilly	7 3 0
Rosa	7 4 0
Gola	7 0 0
Hargaon	6 14 0
Naoly	7 4 0
Begamabad	7 6 0
Shamli	7 4 0
Bikramganj	6 13 0
Cawnpore	7 0 0
Gootaiya	7 1 0
Juggilal	7 1 0

Spinners are showing very firm attitude and replacing cost being higher no fresh forward business of importance has been possible. Future outlook seems to be very hopeful.

Our Mills do not report any important sales during the week under review. Demand from consuming districts has shown further improvement but prices offered being unremunerative no fresh transactions have been possible. The Mills are showing a firm attitude whilst buyers are unwilling to pay any higher prices at present. Taking into consideration continued increment in foreign yarns and gradual improvement in demand from the consuming districts we expect some rise in prices of Indian Yarns in course of next few days.

ANNUAL WHEAT CROP

Australian And Argentine Estimates

LAHORE, (By Mail).

A press note issued by the Director, Information Bureau, states: A cablegram received by the Director of Agriculture, Punjab, from the General Secretary, International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, Italy, places the estimate of the area under wheat in Australia during the current season at 12,579 thousand acres and yield at 3,634 thousand metric tons (or 3,577 thousand tons of 2,240 lbs each). It further places the estimate of area under wheat in Argentine at 17,503 thousand acres. The estimated area of the last year in Australia was 11,970 thousand acres and yield 3,810 thousand metric tons (or 3,750 thousand tons of 2,240 lbs each).

The estimate of area shown in Argentine last year was 14,285 thousand acres.—A.P.

New York Sugar

New York, Dec. 3.

March	2.83—4
May	2.84—5
July	2.86—4
September	2.87—4

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Dec. 4.

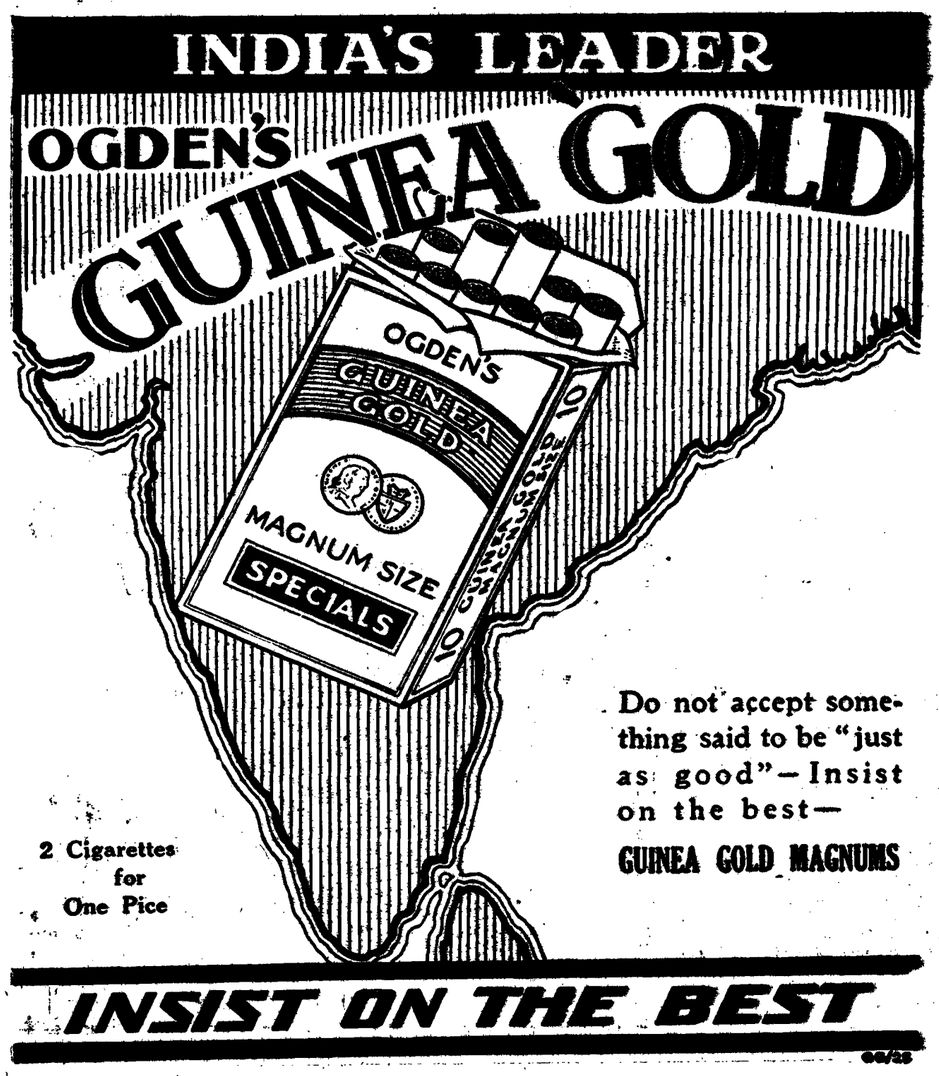
	Rs. a. p.
Java ready	13 5 0
December shipment	3 10 0
Jan-Mar. shipment	3 10 0
July-Sept. shipment	3 11 9
Kesar ready	12 4 0
Sarayu ready	12 2 0
Spot Java	F.A.30

Linseed & Wheat

Bombay, Dec. 4.

The local market was quiet but steady with scattered selling Liverpool wheat market was easy yesterday on Argentine advices. Quotations in the local market were as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Linseed May	7 4 0
Wheat January	3 7 3
Wheat May	3 5 6



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5. Women's Page.
6. Children's Page.
7. Sports Page.
8. Health Page.
9. Commercial Intelligence
10. Latest Telegrams.
11. Comic Tit-Bits.
12. Puzzles Page.

SPECIAL FEATURES

1. The Origin Of Coronations.
2. The Evil Eye.
3. Portraits And Snapshots.
4. De Valera, The Unique Dictator.
5. Madame Sun Yat Sen.
6. The Plagiarist.
7. Chiero The Seer.
8. Impressions Of New Turkey.

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Long Liquidation And Hedging In Cotton

Rally On Trade Buying

Sentiment Bullish But Speculators Cautious

BOMBAY, Dec. 4.

On Thursday the New York cotton futures failed to make any further improvement.

GENERAL SENTIMENT BULLISH

General sentiment continues bullish based on large consumption and statistical strength but speculators are cautious.

LIQUIDATION AND TRADE BUYING

During the early part of the day there was some long liquidation in December and hedge selling but later prices rallied on renewed trade buying and Wall-Street buying.

STRONG TECHNICAL POSITION

More stress is laid on strong statistical position and sound technical situation but in view of uncertainty over the next season's government control plans and disposal of loan holdings, we do not look for any run-away market but feel it safe to lean on the constructive side.

NEXT BUREAU REPORT

The next U. S. Cotton Bureau report will be issued on Tuesday the 8th inst. and the general belief is in favour of 12½ million bales.

The New York cotton futures market opened easy on Thursday and the market was less active. Prices declined during the early part of the session on lower Liverpool cables and December liquidation against 24 notices together with foreign hedge selling. But later rallied on trade buying and Wall-Street support and the tone of the market was very steady. It appears that strong statistical and fundamental situation is exherting influence over the market but in view of absence of any announcement regarding the future control, speculators are holding aloof.

There were more evidence of interest from outside in the market but buyers were still cautious while a similar resitancy in Wall-Street was mainly due to the fact the European complications were still a matter of concern though the American business picture was again inspiring. The Wall-Street market was also moderately active.

The New York cotton futures market opened at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 9 points with March 11.94 but prices steadily improved and March was quoted 12.05 which was the highest level. The market was irregular in the afternoon and the market closed at a rise of 2 points to a decline of 3 points. American spot cotton prices were one point up at 12.64c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet but steady and fluctuated within a narrow range and finally closed irregular at a rise of 3 points to a decline of one point. Spot cotton prices were raised 5 points at 12.55c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened quiet at a decline of 3 points. There was hedge selling and scattered long liquidation and the confidence was unsettled by constitutional crisis. London liquidation met with trade calling early in the afternoon and later the business was chiefly local. The market closed at a decline of 5 to 6 points. Middling American spot cotton prices were one point down at 6.81d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 2 points. At the close January March and May positions were 5.54.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was renewed selling in Egyptian cotton which in the absence of any support resulted in a decline of 16 to 22 points in Sakels futures and spot cotton was 12 points down at 10.99d. Uppers futures were 5 points lower with spot cotton 4 points down at 7.44d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was weak on increased selling. Sakels futures declined 39 to 40 points and Ashmouni futures were 14 to 19 points down.

MOVEMENT OF OUTSIDERS.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern state:—

Japanese and Exporters were moderate buyers of Oomras whilst jobbers and Bazaar operaters sold in sympathy with easier Sampin advices and heavy upcountry arrivals. Towards the close prices declined on selling by option dealers following easier Liverpool advices. The American market continues to display a steady tone due chiefly to good trade support.

In view however of the uncertainty over next season's Government control plans, the disposal of their holdings and the present spot price of 12.64, we doubt whether there will be any speculative buying movement. With very open weather since the compilation of the last Bureau there should be little change in the next report on Tuesday. Prior to the years when the price of American cotton was controlled by Government, prices have invariably declined during the month of December as farmers have been obliged to turn their crop into cash in order to meet their obligations. Though most private cables are bullish, we adhere to our opinion not to follow the advance, as we believe that with the turn of the year and free movement of outsiders, the American Government remembering last year's price fall will be very anxious to dispose of their holdings which must have deteriorated considerably.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. March highest 12.05+02 (1.49 p. m.) Lowest 11.94—09 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool March highest 6.59—03 Lowest 6.56—06.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received to-day the following cable advices from their foreign friends.

Liverpool:—"Although sentiment more bullish and good trade demand continue, don't think prices will advance much further.

New York:—"Rallied on renewed buying by trade following early liquidation. Good undertone".

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends;—

Liverpool:—Market temporarily unsettled by threatened constitutional crisis. Undertone continues healthy, however, as trade offtake fully equal to hedging.

New York:—Growing recognition of strong statistical position plus sound technical position being reflected in higher prices. Prefer buying. Cotton goods market—yarn market—strong.

New York:—Trade and Wall-Street buying offset by realising and hedging.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Dec. 3.

January	12.08+02
March	12.04+01
May	11.90—03
July	11.76—02
October	11.34+01
Middling Spot	12.64+01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, Dec. 3.

December	12.23+01
January	12.01+03
March	11.98—00
Middling Spot	12.55+05

11.00 A.M. RANGES

January	12.01
March	11.98

NOON CALL

March	11.96

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool Dec. 3.

December	6.58—06
January	6.57—05
February	6.57—05
March	6.57—05
April	6.55—05
May	6.54—05
June	6.51—05
July	6.49—05
August	6.33—06
September	6.27—06
October	6.22—06
November	6.18—06
December	6.18—06
Middling Spot	6.81—01

10.12 A.M. QUOTATIONS

January	6.59
March	6.58

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 4.

Following a small rise of one point in New York cotton futures and irregular price movement in Osaka Sampin, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 218/12 for Broach A/M, delivery and under scattered buying prices improved to Rs. 219/2. Business was restricted and the market was unsettled.

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 5 points and prices in the local were quoted Rs. 219/4. Later Liverpool was reported 3 points up and prices came down in the local market to Rs. 219. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A-M	219	0	0
Oomra D-J	197	12	0
Oomra March	197	8	0
Bengal D-J	160	8	0
Bengal March	161	0	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Dec 4

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	...	170	167	164	161
Punjab	...	170	167	164	161
Oomra No. 3	208	205	202	199	...
C P No. 1	223	220	217	214	...
C P No. 2	213	210	207	204	...
Khandesh	204	201	198	195	...

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, Dec 4

122 N Rajaram Pandarkoda 211
100 Langli and Co. Pulgaon 10 on
173 A Damodar Sindhi 13 on
146 Kotak and Co. Amraoti Kalipati 1 off
200 Dawn Mill Hansi 7 on
200 Narshi Nagshi Chuda 10 off
157 Viram Ladha Mandal 10 off
50 Raghavji Kanji Mulkapur 1 on
46 Japan T and Co Yeotmal 204
97 G G Kesha and Co Chandur 4 on
169 Toyo Maukwak Yeotmal 6 on
72 Ralli Bros Akot 3 on
154 Andarshan Cletan Bijainagar 174½

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 4.

Bengal Superfine	177/175
Bengal Fine	168/170
C.P. 1 Fine	212/217
C.P. 2 Fine	203/208
Arvi Fine	203/208
Ellichpur Fine	203/206
Berar Fine	198/203
Khamgaon Fine	196/203
Mulkapur Fine	196/202
Khandesh Fine	193/198
Jalna/Sailu Fine	196/201
Burwah Sanavad Fine 1935-36 crop.	202/205
Broach	214/219
Dholleras	204/209
Punjab/American	204/209
Sind N.T.	223/228
Punjab 289F.	238/243
Cambodia	249/254
Compta	209/219
Westerns	204/209
Miraj	204/209
Jagadia Ankleshwar	239/241
Surat	249.251
Navsari	257/259

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Dec 4

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Khandesh	1,199	10,673
Central India	1,887	18,324
Barsi and Nagar	382	16,771
Hyderabad Gaorani	294	3,094
Berar	4,355	68,702
Central Provinces	1,367	14,207
Total Oomras	9,140	131,771
Dholera ...	...	2,460
N W Provinces	74	1,927
Rajputana	57	3,389
Sind-Punjab	3,348	60,954
Broach ...	...	2,273
Coompta and Dharwar	47	6,300
Westerns-Northerns	264	5,335
Cocoanada ...	...	16
Tinnevelly and Cambodia ...	...	1,087
Persian ...	...	8
American	329	2,767
Egyptian and African	2,672	60,684
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	1
Total	15,931	278,872

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 26th Nov

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	889	56,158
Japan and China	7,610	155,963
Coast Ports	...	4,202
Up-country by Rail	...	46,375
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	16,895
Total	8,499	279,593

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, Dec. 3.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 48,000 bales.

Day's Exports to Great Britain 7,000 bales.

Day's Exports to the Continent 23,000 bales.

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool Dec. 3.

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS

January	10.08
March	10.08
May	10.08
July	10.04
September	10.04
F. G. F. Spot	10.99

INDIAN COTTON

BROACH	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.48
Fine (Good Staple)	5.63
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.78
OOMRA	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.52
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.67
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.82
BENGAL	
Good	4.31
Fully Good	4.41
Fine	4.53

LINSEED OIL
London, Dec. 3.

Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt. Dec. sellers	25/4 1/2
Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt. Jan-Apr. sellers	25/4 1/3

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Dec. 4.

Yesterday London gold prices improved one point at £7-1-9 1/2 and London-Paris Exchange rate was 3 points down at 105.13 dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.90 17/32. London silver market was quiet and prices declined 1/16d. to 21 1/4. Indian operators were buyers but China sold. Later there were offerings at 1/16d. lower than the fixed prices. New York spot silver prices were reduced 1/2 cent to 46 cents and Montreal futures were 40 to 85 points down. The local market was quiet with scattered selling. It is believed that local operators are heavily long in London market and the market is subject to readjustment.

GOLD—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready	35	2	3
Magsar	35	1	6
Posh	35	1	3

SILVER.—

Ready	52	2	0
Magsar	52	4	6
Posh	52	6	6

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Dec. 3.

December	46.35—40
March	46.50—85
May	46.75—70

London Silver Review

London, Dec. 2.

"Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co. state that the market varied only slightly until to-day when increased Indian buying and bear covering possibly stimulated by the advance in New York Silver prices raised quotations. The market responds more readily to any demand as offerings continue on a moderate scale, although China sales were more in evidence. The present level seems sufficiently high but at the same time there is yet indication that any selling pressure is sufficient to bring an important decline".—Reuter.

LONDON SILVER.
London, Dec. 3.

Spot	21 1/4
Forward	21 1/4

GOLD.
London, Dec. 3.

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£7-1-9 1/2

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Dec 4

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£43 12 6
Standard copper 3 months	£43 17 6
Electrolytic copper	£48 10 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	10.50 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	10.55 cents.
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 35 12 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 45 13 0
Tone: Steady.	

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 2nd December	1921 467,486
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	362,941
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	318,024
Decrease	55,083

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
July 136 May 150 at Cross Rate 4.90 17/32.

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1937 219—Liverpool May 6.54 Rs. 66 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1937 219—New York May 11.90 Rs. 50 3/4 at Cross Rate 4.90 17/32.

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Dec. 3.

Broach A/M, 1937 Op. 219 3/4; Highest. 219 3/4; Lowest 219; Closing 219.

Oomra D/J. Op. 199; Highest 199; Lowest 198; Closing 198.

Oomra March Op. 199; Highest 199; Lowest 198; Closing 198.

Bengal D/J. Op. 161; Highest 161; Lowest 160 1/4; Closing 160 1/4.

Bengal March Op. 161 1/2; Highest 161 1/2; Lowest 160 3/4; Closing 160 3/4

T/Mandi for Broach A/M. Settlement (21-12-36) Rs. 4 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 14 1/2.

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Dec. 4.

December	(244.00)	243.80—20
February	(228.80)	229.70+90
March	(224.00)	224.60+40
April	(220.00)	220.20+20
June	(218.60)	218.90+30

LONDON SEEDS.
London, Dec. 3.

Linseed La Plata Hull C. I. F. Dec. sellers	£11/5/0
Linseed Calcutta London C. I. F. Dec-Jan. sellers	£13/12/6
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. Dec-Jan. sellers	£13/17/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. Dec-Jan. sellers	£13/3/9
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. Dec-Jan. sellers	£14/1/3.

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, Dec. 3.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Jan-Feb. sellers	37/1 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan-Feb sellers	37/4 1/2
Wheat South Australian Jan-sellers	43

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, Dec. 3.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	3 1/2

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Dec 3

December	1-25 1/4c
May	1-20 7/8c
July	1-08 1/8c

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Dec 3.

December	104 1/2d.
March	97 5/8d.
May	96 1/8d.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Dec. 4.

B C RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D—	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 3/16
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	273
Banks selling T T	271
Banks buying T T	268 3/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	787
Banks buying T T	802
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77 1/4
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 7/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/2
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 5/8
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81 3/8
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	136 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 7/8
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 3rd instant	4.90 1/2
Japan/London 4th instant	1/2 1/32
Java/London 4th instant	8.97
Hongkong/London 4th instant	1/3
Shanghai/London 4th instant	1/2 9/16
London/Paris 3rd instant	105.13
London/Belgium 3rd instant	28.99 1/2
London/Switzerland 3rd instant	21.33 3/4
London/Berlin 3rd instant	12.18 1/2
London/Stockholm 3rd instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 3rd instant	4.90 9/16
London/Amsterdam 3rd instant	9.01 1/4
London/Italy 3rd instant	93.18
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Firm.	
Gold.	
2nd instant	£7-1-8 1/2
3rd instant	£7-1-9 1/2
Silver London Ready	
2nd instant	21 5/16
3rd instant	21 1/4
Silver London Forward	
2nd instant	21 5/16
3rd instant	21 1/4
Silver New York Ready.	
2nd instant	45
3rd instant	45
London Discounts 2 Mos	
2nd instant	5 8 p.c.
3rd instant	5,8 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos	
2nd instant	3 4 p.c.
3rd instant	3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	2 p.a.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.a.
Money—	
Call	3.4 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/8 p.a.
6 Mos.	1 p.a.
Tone:—Steady.	

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Dec. 3.

3 per cent	86
3 1/2 per cent	98
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	105 3/4
4 per cent 1948/53	109 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	118
5 per cent 1942/47	113
3 per cent 1949/52	101 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	106 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	105 5/8

Bank Of England Return

London, Dec. 3.

	This week.
Total Bullion	£249,200,000
Public Deposits	£ 10,600,000
(A) Other Deposits	£140,200,000
Government Securities	£ 82,400,000
(B) Other Securities	£ 28,600,000
Notes and Coin	£ 57,600,000
Notes in Circulation	£451,600,000
Radio of Reserve to Liabilities	38.18%
(A) Other Deposits include Bankers	£ 99,100,000
(B) Other Securities including Discounts and Advances	£ 8,500,000

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Dec. 3.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 3/4 per cent to 3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Dec. 3.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent nominal	£74 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£86
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£98
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£114 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£83 5/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£105 5/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£116 1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 1/4
Chartered Bank of India Australia and China	£15 7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£107
National Bank of India	£47 1/2
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LONDON EXCHANGE.
London, Dec. 3.

T. T. London on:—	
New York (Closing rate)	4.90 9/16
Paris	105.13
Berlin	12.18 1/2
Madrid	nominal 59.50
Amsterdam	9.01 1/4
Brussels	28.99 1/2
Milan	93.18
Berne	21.33 3/4
Prague	138.62

Constitutional Crisis In Britain Unsettles Exchange

Active Fluctuations In Securities

SUDDEN SELLING IN STEEL SHARES

BOMBAY: December 4.

Constitutional crisis impaired confidence in the local Share Bazar. There was rapid and active fluctuations in Government Securities.

FLUCTUATIONS IN SECURITIES.

3-1/2 per cent. Paper, which was quoted at Rs. 99-8 yesterday morning staged a big decline of rupee one to Rs. 98-8 with active selling. But confidence was restored to-day and prices rallied to Rs. 99-6 and closed at Rs. 99-3.

CONSIDERABLE ACTIVITY IN INDUSTRIALS.

Industrial shares displayed considerable activity and under active buying prices recorded a sharp improvement.

But towards the close there were unfounded rumours of resignation of the Cabinet, which influenced active selling and prices registered a sharp decline.

SUDDEN SELLINGS DEPRESS PRICES.

The market was very steady throughout the session, but sudden selling by professional Operators unnerved the market and at the close the market was unsettled. The local market is accustomed to unfounded rumours, but latest cable states that Mr. Baldwin will not resign.

Behind such rumours Professionals always misguide small Operators and the market becomes unsettled.

MILL SHARES ACTIVE.

Century Mill shares opened at Rs. 161 and after improving to Rs. 162 declined to Rs. 157. Bombay Dyeings opened at 786 and advanced to Rs. 792, but closed at Rs. 785.

CEMENTS RULE STEADY.

Indian Cements were steady at Rs. 518-12 and Bundis changed hands at Rs. 39-10. Shahabads were done at Rs. 496-12.

ACTIVITY IN HYDRO-ELECTRICS.

Andhra Shares opened at Rs. 1,697 and after improving to Rs. 1703 declined to Rs. 1695. Hydros were quiet at Rs. 189. Powers opened at Rs. 1612 and rose to Rs. 1621, but eased off to Rs. 1607.

HEAVY UNLOADING IN STEELS.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 850 and made way up to Rs. 861, but quietly gave way to Rs. 847. Ordinary shares were steadily moving up and after opening at Rs. 219 prices advanced to Rs. 231-4, but active unloading depressed prices to Rs. 219-4. Second Preference shares were steady at Rs. 178-8.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay: Dec. 4.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	280	10
250 Bombay Dyeing	785	0
100 Century	157	8
100 Century India (Rs. 4)	251	14
100 Coorla (nil)	141	4
250 David	60	0
250 Dawn	300	0
1 E.D. Sassoon (nil)	0-3-9	
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	111	14
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	217-	8
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1605	0
100 Indore (nil)	44	6
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	72	8
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	254	6
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	586	4
250 Madras United	11	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	850	0
250 Model	45	0
50 Mysore (Rs. 3)	95	0
200 New Great (nil)	174	5
100 Oosmanshahi (nil)	52	0
100 Phoenix (Rs. 10)	265	0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	48	0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	1855	0
50 Simplex (Rs. 1-2)	30	10
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	201	4
100 Swan (nil)	92	8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,238	12
1000 Western	737	8

BANKS.

50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	117	8
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	35	8
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1571	4
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	387	8
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	134	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4)	138	8
5 Union (As. 4)	5-11-0	

CEMENTS.

10 Bundi (Re. 1-6)	39	10
100 Coimbatore	184	6
75 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	137	8
160 Indian (Rs. 10-3	518	12
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 63-3-0	2270	0
100 Katni Ord. (Rs. 10)	362	8
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	296	4
10 Punjab (Rs. 12)	29	2
100 Shahabad (Rs. 133-8)	498	12
70 United (Rs. 2-8-3)	155	12

INSURANCE

80 Empire	576	4
15-100 Jupiter (Rs. 12)	16	6
15-17 New India (Rs. 1-4)	47	8
20 Mercantile	48	12
200 Oriental (125)	5470	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	8	1

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	168	12
1000 Andhra Valley (45)	1695	0
10 Ajmer (As 4)	14	8
50 Bombay Tram (3-8)	155	5
100 Bombay Suburban	215	0
10 Broach	13	8
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	285	0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	208	2
1000 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	1607	8
1000 Tata Power	1907	8

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	915	0
100 C. Province	99	8
100 Dhond Baramati	105	8
100 Gujarat	94	0
100 Mandra Bhon	102	0
100 Pachora Jamner	99	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	102	4
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	770	0

MININGS.

10 Shivrajpur (As. 8)	43	0
30 Tata Steel Def. (17-3-3)	847	8
75 Tata Steel Ord.	219	4

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock (Rs. 5)	261	4
50 Belapur Sugar		

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Dec. 4.

Century (160 10) 167 162 159 157
Bom. Dyeing (787 8) 786 792 780 785
Kohinoor (255) 255 258 257 254
Central India (255/10) 255 256 251
New Great (176/12) 178 174
Simplex (81/4) 80 81 80
Swadeshi (203/2) 202 203 201/6
Bundi (39/10) 39/10 39/12 39/10
I. Cement (518/12) 518 517 518/12
Punjab (29/8) 29 3
Shahabad (500) 500 498/12
Andhra (1690/12) 1697 1703 1702 1695
Tata Hydro (189/6) 190-6 190 189
Tata Power (1616/4) 1612 1621 1615 1607
Trans. Ord. (155/3) 155/5
T. Steel Dfd (852/8) 850 857 853 860
851 847
T. Steel Ord (219/8) 219 221/4 220/8
219/4
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (178/8) 178 8
Bellapur (201 14) 202 205 202
Jt. Steam (204/4) 202 8
B. Burma (544 6) 542 546 545 548 548 551

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec. 4.

2 3 4 per cent 1948/52 100/16
3 per cent 1951/54 103/8
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 106/16
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 99.6
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 107/8
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 111/12
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 114/15
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 120
3 per cent U P Bonds 99/12
5 per cent 1939/44 108/12
5 per cent 1940 43 Loan 111/10
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan 107/8

TAX FREES

5 per cent 1945 55 121/8
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan 113/8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 107/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 126/10

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 112/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974 113
5 per cent M Deb 1950 120/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 132/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 132/8

Note:—Market unsettled as a result of British cabinet deliberations over M. M. the King's affairs.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, Dec. 3.

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb. sellers 8 15/16

(Rs. 10 plus 2)	202	8
250 Bom. Steam (Rs. 15)	282	8
135 Bom. Burma (10)	541	4
50 Bom Burma Contributory (Rs. 4)	183	8
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5	13
50 B. Telephone (128) 1.8d.	140	0
100 I. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	140	0
100 I. Radio Gen. (12)	300	0
100 I. Radio ord (15)	822	8
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	625	0
15 Scindia (Re. 1)	19	5
30 Premier Const. (Re. 1-1)	90	12
25 Tata Oil (nil)	16	8

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1578	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	315	0
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	87	12
5 p.c. Central India	535	0
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	140	4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	13	10
7 p.c Tata Hydro	162	8
7½ p.c. Tata Power	1615	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	200	10
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	178	12
5½ p.c Tata Mill	9	8
7 p.c Vishnu (Last Dividend in Brackets)	677	8

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

Silver Quiet But Wheat And Rubber Firm

BOMBAY, Dec 4

On Friday cross rates ruled steady

GOOD UNDERTONE IN NEW YORK COTTON

New York cotton opened easy but thereafter quickly recovered on good mill activity. The undertone was good.

SILVER QUIET

London gold was unchanged but silver was quiet.

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat was firm on renewed purchases by Italy and better North American and Argentine cables. Rubber also was firm.

SECURITIES STEADY

The London Stock Exchange displayed better sentiment. Giltedged securities were steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

	New York, Dec 4
Previous closing	12.04
To-day's opening	12.03
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	12.04
Difference	nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

	Liverpool, Dec 4
Previous closing	6.57
To-day's opening	6.62
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	6.59
Difference	+.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 219

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec 4

Cotton showed some hesitancy early in the day owing to weakness of Liverpool cables but subsequently the sentiment took on brighter appearance owing to good mill activity which attracted considerable interest.

Operations in March began at 12.03 i.e. 1 point lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and some December liquidation but later the market developed steadier tendency on better trade demand and foreign buying which quickly brought March to 12.08 with a steady tendency.

New York cotton finally closed unchanged at 12.04 for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec 4

The following were the opening ranges:—

January (11.99/11.97) 12.05/12.05
March (11.96/11.95) 12.03 12.02
May (14.85/11.83) 11.92/11.91

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec 4

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American December (6.61) 6.61
American January (6.59) 6.60
Egyptian January (10.14) 10.15
Egyptian March (10.10) 10.16

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Dec 4

The market was closed at night.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Dec 4

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£229 buyers £229 1/4 sellers. Barely steady) £226 buyers £226 1/4 sellers. Easy

Lead (£22 5/8 buyers £22 11/16 sellers. Barely steady) £22 9/16 buyers £22 11/16 sellers. Steady

Electrolytic Copper (£47 3/4 to £48 1/2) £47 3/4 to £48 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay December January (£14 1/16 sellers) £14 sellers

Linseed Calcutta December January (£13 11/16 sellers) £13 11/16 sellers

Linseed La Plata December (£11 5/16 nominal) £11 3/8 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal January (£15 7/16 sellers) £15 3/8 sellers

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-1 1/2) 2-1 1/2

JUTE

New Crop December January (£18 3/4 value) £18 7/8 value

Dunlop January (£22 sellers) £22 sellers

Lightning January (£20 sellers) £20 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (8 13/16 buyers) 9 paid and value

Forward April June (8 15/16 paid and sellers) 9 1/16 paid and value

Produce Receipts

	Bombay, Dec 4	
Wheat	3,146	cwts.
Linseed	1,096	cwts.
Gingellyseed	2,090	cwts.
Poppyseed	306	cwts.
Groundnuts	20,902	cwts.
Castorseed	1,827	cwts.
Rice	13,830	cwts.
Myrabollams	2,278	cwts.
Cottonseed	20,646	cwts.
Mowraseed	168	cwts.
Gram	971	cwts.
Joowar	1,234	cwts.
Barley	47	cwts.
Bajree	3,893	cwts.
Indian sugar	10,691	cwts.
Coal	298	tons.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

	New York, Dec 4
Previous closing	4.90 17/32
To-day's opening	4.90 9/32
To-day's latest	4.90

(At the time of New York cotton closing.)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

	London, Dec 4
Previous closing	4.90 9/16
To-day's opening	4.90 7/16
To-day's closing	4.90 1/16
Difference	—.00 1/2

FRANC RATE.

	London, Dec 4
Previous closing	105.13
To-day's opening	105.15
To-day's closing	105.16
Difference	+.03

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec 4

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90 7/16 and kept steady around the opening level in the absence of any important enquiry.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.90 1/16

Franc opened at 105.15 and improving to 105.13 again reverted to 105.15 on lack of further support.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 105.16

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Dec 4

The following cable information was received from London to night.

"India bought. China sold. Small business. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

	London, Dec 4 Last Price.	To-day's Price.
Spot	21 1/4d.	21 3/16d.
Forward	21 1/4d.	21 3/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec 4

Gold per fine ounce (£7-1-9 1/2) £7-1-9 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Dec 4

3 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Dec 4 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1.6 1/8) 1.6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (7.936) 7.936
New York on Bombay (37.08) 37.06
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 1/8) 0.92 1/8
London on Milan (93.18) 93.15
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 9/16
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec 4

Chicago wheat opened very steady with December at 1,26. Prices continued to advance on more active enquiry from outside and local interests actuated by firmness of foreign markets.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec 4

Liverpool wheat opened strong with December at 106 1/4, March 99 and May 97 3/8. Trading was again very active to-day on renewed buying after yesterday's reactionary tendency with the result that prices rose sharply on encouraging north American and Argentine cables coupled with continued Italian purchases and renewal of confidence regarding the constitutional crisis.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec 4

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January	5 7 6
Wheat May 1937	5 5 9
Linseed May 1937	7 4 9

Wheat and Linseed quiet.

BROWN BOLD-LINSEED
May 1937 Delivery.

London, Dec 4

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.).

	Rs. a. p
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 4 0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 4 6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 4 6
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 4 6

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Dec 4

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec 4 3-30 p.m.

Markets generally displayed brighter sentiment, business showing signs of expansion. Industrials generally were steady to firm. Rubbers were firmer. Internationals and oils were undecided.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£63 3/4) £63 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 3/4) £106 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 1/4) £107 5/8
5 per cent Indian Loan (£116 1/2) £116 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 3/4) £114 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (17-3) 17-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 1/2) £4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 8 1/8) dol 8 1/8
Musical Industries (22-9) 22-9
Princhin Johnson (52-6) 51-0
Imperial Chemical (41-6) 41-6
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (10-10 1/2) 10-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (88-9) 88-9
Realisation 1930 (£93) £93
Dunlop Rubber (34-6) 34-6
Unilever Ordinary (39-3) 39-3
Ford Motors (32-9) 33-6
Cables and Wireless (£5 7/8) £5 7/8
British American Tobacco (127-6) 128-1 1/2
Carreas A (£11 1/2) £11 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£17 3/8) £180
P and O S N Company Deferred (32-6) 31-10 1/2
Distillers (116-10 1/2) 116-6
Bredford Dyers (8-9) 8-9
British Celanese (9-1 1/2) 9-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (52-0) 52-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (54-0) 55-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (8-9) 8-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (33-7 1/2) 34-0
Inter Nickels (£62 1/4) £63
Bengal Iron and Steel (10-9) 10-9
Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Dec 4 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£98 1/4) £98 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£118) £118
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£109 1/2) £109 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£113) £113
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Anstralian Loan 1945-75 (£109 7/8) £109 5/8

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (45-9) 45-0
Empire of India Ceylon (27-6) 27-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (37-3) 37-3
Gula Kelampong (41-3) 41-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (37-9) 38-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

MINING SHARES

Nandy (61-3) 61-3
Burma Corporation (14-1 1/2) 14-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£19) £19
East Rand Prourietors (75-6) 75-0
Rand Imam (£9 1/8) £9

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 3/4) £15 3/4
Gedule New (£10 3/4) £10 3/4
New Modders (38-1 1/2) 38-1 1/2
Sub Nigel (£13 1/8) £13 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (43-1 1/2) 41-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (51-3) 51-3
Anglo Iranian (90-7 1/2) 90-7 1/2
Burma Oil (100-7 1/2) 100-7 1/2
Musical Eagle (28-3) 28-9
Shell Transport (£115 5/8) £116 3/8
Royal Dutch (£43 5/8) £43 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£66 3/4) £66 3/4
L and S Ordinary (£30 7/8) £31 1/8
L N E R Defd (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
Southern Dutch (£24 1/2) £24 1/2
London Paris 5 per cent (£135) £135 1/8
London 'C' Stock (£94) £94

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Dec 4

The following were the opening rates:
General Motor (dol 68 3/4) dol 68 3/4
Anaconda Copper (dol 48 1/4) dol 48 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 74 3/4) dol 75 3/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 147 ex div) dol 143

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Dec 4 6-0 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	52 4 0
Silver 1st settlement	52 6 0
Silver 2nd settlement	52 9 0
Gold ready	35 1 6
Gold 1st settlement	35 1 9
Gold 2nd settlement	35 1 9
Sovereigns	22 3 6

STOCK EXCHANGE QUIETLY FIRM

Discount Rate Improves Sharply

(SPECIAL CABLE)
LONDON, Dec 4

Stock Exchange: The undertone was quietly firm and price movements were definitely upward until final stages when precautionary lightening of commitments prior to the week-end brought back the majority around overnight levels. Rubbers reflected continued advance in the price of the commodity on excellent general trade demand. Other commodities were quiet apart from wheat which was very firm in sympathy with overseas together with good home and continental demand.

Money Market: Following the seasonal rise in the average rate of Treasury Bills, the discount rate improved sharply.

Wall Street was steady at first but narrowly irregular later.

JUTE SHARES UNCHANGED

Coals Unchanged And Teas Steady

CALCUTTA, Dec 4

Jutes ruled steady and unchanged. Coals were unchanged. Teas continued steady. Miscellaneous section was featureless. Government securities were slightly better. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three per cent Government paper 89/10 small lot, three and half per cent Government paper 99/2, three per cent loan 1951/54 103/5, five per cent loan 1945/55 121/4 small lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1561, Reserve Bank 136

Railways: Darjeeling Himalayan pref 113

Cottons: Elgin Mills 115/4 cum div, Dunbar 129, Kesoram 3/14, Kesoram pref 134/8 New Victoria 1/5

Coals: Aldih 3/3, Bhalgora 2/5, Hurriladih 13/8, Nasira 7/14, Parasea 1/8, Sendra 13 small odd lot, South Karanpura 6/7, Amalgamated 23/12, Equitable 35/8, Katras Jherriah 21/10, New Beerbhoom 14/2, Raneegunge 31/2, Searsole 3/6, Talcher 2/4

Jutes: Adamjee ordy 13/2 ex div, Agarpara 23, Adamjee pref 134 ex div, Auckland 196 small lot, Alliance 268/8, Bally 204 small lot, Barnagore 150/8 cum div, Birla 20/9, Champdany 173 small lot, Dalhousie 332, Delta pref 129, Fort William 274, Howrah 54/2, India 335, Kamarhatty 581, Kanknarrah 442/8, Lansdowne 168, Megna 32, New Central 329 small lot, Northbrook 44/4, Orient 186, Reliance 74/8, Calcutta Jute 22/4, Clive 26/12 small lot, Empire 32/8 small lot, Gourepore 662 small lot, National 23/14, Nuddea 48/8, Presidency 4/4 small lot, Standard 293.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 9/13, Consolidated Tin 8/2, Indian Copper 3/13, Karanpura Development 12/8, Tavoy Tin 4/4, Bengal Aerating Gas 75, Lister Antiseptic pref 103, Bengal (reserve), Bengal Telephone pref 14/10, Bengal Telephone ordy 21/12, Jhansi electric 11, Mirzapore electric 6/2, Dacca electric 23, Jubbulpore electric 15, Indian Iron and Steel 17/5, Indian Steel and Wire Products defd 85, Kumardhubi Engineering ordy 3/13, Marshalls 3/9, Steel Products 4/1, Associated Hotel pref 103, Calcutta Safe Deposit 1.15, premium, Indian Rubber Manfg 17/8, Indian Cables 11/2, Indian Wood Products 23/7, Orient Paper 1/9, disc., Orient paper pref 9 disc, Titaghur paper 22/11, Titaghur paper defd 10, Bengal Assam Steamship 250, Calcutta Landing and Shipping 15/4 small lot, India General Navigation 111/8

Sugars: Basti 207, South Behar 20/10, Rohtas 21/2, Balrampore 15, Samastipore 8/2

Teas: East India 11/2, Hasimara 48/4, Sapoi 9/6, Chundeecherra 42/4, Gungaram 304 small lot.

Debentures: Three and quarter per cent Rangoon Municipal 99/10 small lot, three and quarter 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 101/12 small lot, six per cent Shree Gopal paper 102/2.

Rubbers: Corelli 1.95 small odd lot, Pajam 2.42 1/2 cum div, Tapah 2.42 1/2 cts cum div.—A. P.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, Dec 4

To-day's closing quotations:

Cotton Sind January	19	1	3
March	19	0	3
Punjab January	17	1	9
March	17	2	3
American January	23	4	6
March	23	4	9
Tone steady, but quiet.			
Wheat January	30	4	9
March	30	14	0
July	28	5	0
December	29	14	6
Tone steady.			
Toria February	37	6	0
March	38	5	9
December	38	11	6
Gram January	21	12	0
July	21	13	0
December	21	9	0
Cottonseeds January	16	11	0
March	16	14	3

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Dec 4

The local market was quiet with exporters selling which was absorbed by scattered buying small operators. London groundnuts were 5 shilling down but Copra remained firm at £20. In the local market prices opened at Rs 42-11-0 and declined to Rs. 42/6. Castorseed market opened at Rs. 37-9 and improved to Rs. 37-11-6 but later declined to Rs. 37-6. Only local crushers were buyers and export business is difficult. Cottonseed market was steady on buying Berar merchants under the belief that some export houses were buying in upcountry markets. Prices opened at Rs. 19-7 and improved to Rs. 19-10-6 and later were left at Rs. 19-8-6. Arrivals are large and expect heavy tenders against January contract. To-day's closing quotations were as under:

	Rs. a. p.
Groundnut February	42 2 6
Castorseed May	37 6 0
Cottonseed January	16 8 6

ACCIDENT TO JAIPUR RULER

Thrown Off Pony During Polo Practice

JAIPUR, Dec. 4.

His Highness the Maharaja of Jaipur met with an accident during polo practice resulting in several injuries. But no fracture of bones has been caused.

The Maharaja has been advised to take complete rest for some time. The accident occurred when the Maharaja's pony collided with another and rolled down upon the Maharaja who had fallen on the ground.

The accident may interfere with the Maharaja's polo programme at Calcutta.—A. P.

BOMBAY'S NEW L.C.P.S.

Out of 236 students who appeared at the Final I.C.P.S. Examination held in November 1936, the following 71 have passed:—

T. A. Avachat, A. R. Bapat, V. P. Bapat, A. G. Bhatt, S. S. Bhirdi, J. K. Chacko, H. B. Chawla, P. D. Daftary, N. V. Dalal, S. M. Damle, J. L. Datta, E. Edith David (Miss), M. V. Deacon, G. S. Deodhar (Mrs.), S. N. Deodhar, M. J. Desai, N. M. Deshpande, V. S. Deshpande, M. DeSouza (Miss), K. P. Dhakappa, R. V. Dhond, Edmund Dias, N. J. Gavaskar (Miss), J. W. Gone, K. H. Growar, H. S. Gupta, P. S. Gupte, L. M. Huja, K. V. Joshi, V. V. Kanetkar, N. D. Kangen, S. S. Kulkarni, V. R. Kulkarni, R. S. Latkar, C. M. Lavingia, R. C. Mankand, B. P. Mathur, M. Mengi, J. F. Merchant (Miss), L. D. Mirchandani, B. M. Narsinghani, N. S. Paghadiwala, K. G. Pandit (Miss), S. L. Paranjpe, N. M. Parikh, R. N. Parikh, G. S. Pendse, S. N. Phadnis, H. I. Raisinghani, V. B. Rege, N. K. Sahasrabudhe, S. S. Sant (Miss), S. K. Sathe, K. K. Save (Miss), I. C. Shah, N. P. Shah, R. H. Shah, V. H. Shah, F. S. Shaikh, V. G. Shirahatti, G. S. Shrikhande, S. J. Shukla, D. L. Soman, N. C. Soman, H. P. Soni, N. R. Thomas, H. S. Trehan, S. R. Trivedi (Miss), G. M. Vaidya, K. H. Varia (Miss), and R. K. Vaze.

Dawodi Bohras And Muslim League

The following letter has been addressed to the President, All-India Muslim League's Parliamentary Board for Bombay Presidency:

We take pleasure in addressing to your goodself and through you to the Muslim League, a few lines in connection with the Wakf Act, which is a matter of vital importance and interests to us, the Cuslim Bohras and followers of His Holiness, the Motta Mullajee Saheb. Will your goodself or the League be pleased to enlighten us on the following questions, if our co-operation in the League is desired and valued:

1. Is the Muslim League, which is established for the protection of Muslim interests, prepared to guarantee to us that all possible efforts will be made to get the Wakf Act withdrawn or at least get the Mullajee Saheb exempted from its operation?

2. Will the Muslim League abstain from co-operation with those, who may be expected to oppose the withdrawal of the Wakf Act or the exemption of the Mullajee Saheb from its operations?

3. Outside the Legislatures, will the Muslim League give us its moral and sympathetic support by sending delegates separately or jointly with us to H. E. the Governor or if required to H. E. the Viceroy for making a strong representation for either the complete withdrawal of the Wakf Act or at least the exemption of the Mullajee Saheb from its operations?

On hearing from your goodself and from the Muslim League, We, the Muslim Bohras will decide either to support or not to support the candidates, set up by the Muslim League.

The letter is signed by Taherbhai Abdullabhbai, Shamsuddin Cumruddin, Mahomed Ali Abdeali, Ghulam Hussain Alibhai and Fakhruddin Hasanali.

Sikhs And Muslims In Village Clash

LAHORE, Dec. 4.

The report of a minor riot between parties of Sikhs and Muslims has been received from the village Dhirke in the jurisdiction of the Lahore district.

It is alleged that the Sikhs objected to the Imam of a village mosque calling Muslims to prayers and while the Imam was proceeding to the mosque for the purpose of 'Azan' was stopped and beaten by five Sikhs. Later, two Muslims and two Sikhs joined an altercation resulting in a fight in which others joined. Three Muslims were seriously injured.

The police arrived at the spot, arrested several Sikhs and are making investigation. — United Press.

CONVENTIONS ARE NOT AT ROOT OF OPPOSITION

Real Objection Lies In Lady Being Divorced Twice

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The "Times" in an editorial says let there be no misunderstanding about the character of the objection to such a marriage as the King has been understood to contemplate.

It has been diligently put about in other countries and repeated here that the root of it lies in some old-fashioned conventional dislike to the marriage of the King with a commoner or an American. Nothing could possibly be further from the truth.

If His Majesty had been fortunate in winning the affections of one of his subjects then the whole nation would have shared his happiness. There are also many daughters of America whom he might have married with similar approval and rejoicing.

One objection—and it is an overwhelming objection—to the marriage is that the lady in question already has two divorced husbands living.

KING ASKED FOR SPECIAL ACT

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The Parliamentary Correspondent of the "Times", remarking that there is a common impression that the King intimated to the Cabinet his intention to marry and that they intervened with objections to his choice, says that a more accurate version is that the King expressed his desire to contract such a marriage as would require special act of Parliament, that he himself had taken the initiative of asking whether such a measure could be passed and the Ministers replied that it was impossible.

Thus the theory that the Ministers themselves interfered with the Sovereign's private affairs is untenable.

LORDS REMAIN UNPERTURBED

LONDON, December 4.

The "Times" says at a time of much public anxiety it is satisfactory to note the calm and confident spirit in which the House of Lords last night completed the parliamentary task of approving documents necessary for the coming constitutional changes in India and Burma.

The spirit of unanimity was confirmed by Lord Rankeillour's reaffirmation of the goodwill of those Conservatives who saw in the great Bill the last year of grave dangers.

The congratulatory spirit of the whole proceedings may be extended to the announcement of Sir Maurice Gwyer's appointment.

To many Indian public men who know and admire that great public servant the appointment will be an earnest of the Government's intention to give India under the new regime of Britain's best.

AUSTRALIA WILL SUPPORT BALDWIN

CANBERRA, Dec. 4

The Cabinet, it is understood, has informally agreed that if the necessity arose the Commonwealth would give the fullest support to any action that the British Government decided was necessary to meet the situation.

Mr. Lyons, the Prime Minister, refused to discuss the position, stating that it was inadvisable to ask questions at this stage.

Monday's meeting of the Coronation Committee has been postponed indefinitely in view of the atmosphere of uncertainty and apprehension.—Reuter.

CAN'T STRIKE BLOW AT ROYALTY

OTTAWA, Dec. 4.

"The Vancouver Sun," in a leader says:—

"Without regard to the behaviour of the man himself, we cannot afford to strike a blow at royalty and consequently a blow at Governmental Authority by denying the right of man, who happens to be King, to exercise his royal functions and prerogatives as he chooses."—Reuter's Special.

ANDREWS FOR WARDHA

CALCUTTA, Dec. 4.

Rev. C. F. Andrews who came here last night from Santiniketan left for Wardha to-night. He stops at Wardha for three days whereafter he proceeds to Ahmedabad and then to Bombay.

At Bombay he gives a radio talk on December 11 next on educational ideals in Australia and India. He sails for England on December 123 by s. s. "Naldera."

Rev. Andrews gave a radio talk to-day on Indians in Fiji.—United Press.

NEW DELHI DUMBFOUNDED

Officials Keep Mum: Non-Officials Sympathise With King

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Dec. 4.

New Delhi was dumbfounded at the receipt of the news of London crisis over the King's marriage plans.

The official circles have little comments to offer as they appear to be too shocked and surprised for it is well known that the Government of India have had for sometime under consideration plans for Delhi Coronation which is now threatened materially to be affected by the present constitutional crisis.

Among non-official circles there is spontaneous sympathy for the King who is prepared to break the barriers of royalty and tradition in choosing his Queen.

In the course of a long editorial comment the "Statesman" says, "the King will have sympathies of all his people in this crisis of his life. Nevertheless the Prime Minister is unquestionably right if, as we are led to suppose he has frankly told His Majesty that the Empire would not willingly accept as Queen Empress a foreign lady, even though one of our English-speaking American cousins who is not of royal lineage or of exalted rank and nobility.

Belief in monarchy implies belief in lineage."

The paper adds that three courses are open to the King: First to renounce altogether the project which he has apparently openly entertained and in which it must be supposed his affections are engaged; secondly to abdicate rather than to forego the marriage on equal terms, a possibility which the whole Empire would, on the eve of the Coronation year contemplate with the utmost dismay; thirdly, to contract a morganatic marriage by which his lawful wife would not be the Queen of England nor share in rank nor children born of the marriage stand in the line of succession.

The "Hindustan Times" without questioning the right of the people of England and the Dominions to say whom they shall have as Queen points out that as powers of a constitutional monarch in a democracy like Great Britain are limited and the influence which he can exercise on matters of public policy are still more limited.

It therefore asks why benefit of this limitation should not be given to the King, allowing him greater liberty in choosing his Queen.

SCAVENGERS' CHAWL PRITIBHOJAN

Interesting Programme Arranged

A Pritibhojan was celebrated at the Municipal Scavengers' Chawls at Mahalaxmi recently. Mrs. Hansa Mehta presided. The other guests included Miss Wilson, Mrs. Durgabai Khote, Miss Bacchuben Lotwala, Mrs. Shalinitai Tulpule, Dr. Khandwala, Dr. Matthews, Mr. A. H. Gadre, Mr. K. F. Nariman, etc.

A small interesting programme was arranged which included, among other items, a Garba dance and a comic dialogue on the urgency of Reform in Hinduism. The menu offered to the guests was the labourer's daily food, prepared on the spot by Harijan women volunteers belonging to the chawl.

About five hundred people had assembled, most of them Municipal scavengers both Gujarati and Marathi from various chawls in the city, from Pelton Road, Umarkhadi, Arthur Road, Prabhadevi. An able batch of volunteers had come, belonging to the Depressed Classes Education League, from their welfare centre at Chandanwadi.

HINDI FOR S. S. L. C. EXAMINATION

Recognised Among Compulsory Subjects

MADRAS, (By Mail).

Orders have been just issued by the Government allowing candidates for the S.S.L.C. examination to take Hindi in the 'A' or compulsory group of subjects, in cases where the candidate's mother tongue is not one of the South Indian vernaculars.

At present under the Secondary School Leaving Certificate scheme, Hindi has been included only in the 'C' or the optional group.

It will be recalled that North Indian residents have been making repeated representations to the authorities on the subject and that recently a deputation headed by Mr. F. Byramshaw waited on the Director of Public Instruction.—United Press.

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JUPITER
AND
INSURANCE
go hand in hand.
J1

REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1936

JUPITER
GENERAL
is doing all classes of
INSURANCE Business.
J2

King's Delightful Unconventionalities

STORY OF "NAHLIN'S" CRUISE

From An American Source

The miniature ocean liner the Dol. 1,350,000 yacht "Nahlin," chartered by King Edward VIII of Great Britain for a Mediterranean pleasure cruise, sailed recently for Southern waters.

The property of Lady Yule, richest widow in the United Kingdom, the 'Nahlin' is a thing of beauty unsurpassed. With a tonnage of 1,574, a crew of 50 under young Capt. N. P. Doyle, the yacht had "limited accommodations" for the King's guest.

There were eight snug staterooms, whose comfort was matched by their privacy, each with bath. Gymnasium with electric horse that wouldn't throw a royal mount, drawing room, dining room, smoking room, special dance floor, and collapsible canvas swimming pool for deck use—how could the popular monarch's guests complain of anything lacking on this jaunty, informal voyage?

They couldn't. Nor did they. At least none of the ship-newsmen overheard any protests from Lord and Lady Mountbatten, the former Prince of Wales' oldest friends; dignified Lord and Lady Brownlow, state Lady Cunard, Lord Sefton, the Earl of Dudley, or—least of all—from that beautiful, enigmatic American matron, Mrs. Ernest Simpson, nee Wallis Warfield of Baltimore, Mayfair, the Riviera and other picturesque points of civilization.

Wallis Guest Of Honour

Of these eight favoured pals of the King, Mrs. Simpson undoubtedly was in a position to criticise the *Nahlin's* accommodations, if criticism was indicated. For quite frankly the magnetic Wallis was Edward's honour guest. If the yacht had been a moored mansion instead of a speedy floating palace, Wallis Simpson would have been thought—by everyone—as its proper hostess.

Her quarters on board had just a shade of luxury and remoteness denied the Mount-battens, the Brownloys and the rest.

Mr. Earnest Aldrich Simpson

King Made No Bones

King Edward made no bones about his preoccupation with the American beauty. With one boyish blow—reminiscent of his grandfather, sprightly old King Edward VII—he struck precedent aside by twitching the censorship from Court news and permitting the publication of his dancing partners' names. And "Wally" Simpson's glamorous name led all the rest.

Wallis Warfield Simpson, former Baltimore debutante, to... and King Edward VIII of England bottom snapped together during a recent Mediterranean Cruise

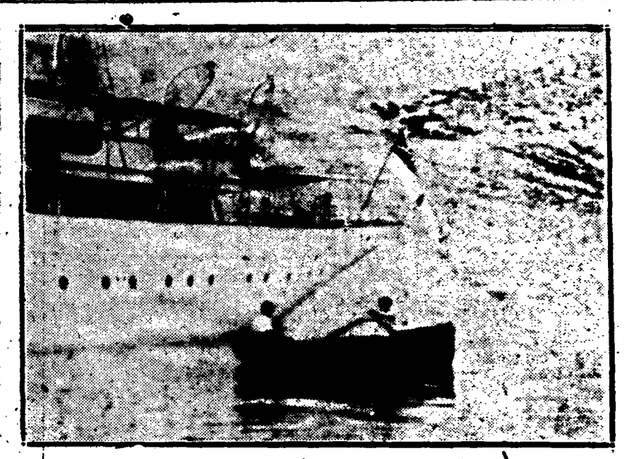
Then people read that Mrs. Simpson had been dining with the King; had entertained him at her chic town house in Bryanston Square, specially redecorated for her by the Americanborn Lady Mendil, one of Edward's older women friends; was seen wearing a frock that precisely matched the tint of Edward's tie; had kept him waiting in beauty-parlour anterooms while she had a "facial"; had bought dolls and other trifles with him at Biarritz; had acted as German interpreter for him in Budapest shops; and—final honour, so it seemed—had let him, with his own royal hands, carry her luggage for her in the open streets while the populace gaped. It was an unprecedented honour, ooh for Mrs. Simpson and for the King, too; for, Mrs. Simpson has never been casual about the bestowal of her social favours.

On one lovely day, however, these two charming people attained a new high in open friendliness. Aboard the glittering *Nahlin* anchored momentarily in the blue Adriatic, the informally-clad King and the lady from Baltimore tested their skill as golfers on deck while pop-eyed Balkan natives on shore dived and dived again to retrieve the little white balls that were being driven into the sea by misdirected strokes. They gasped even more than when the King personally, rowed Mrs. Simpson around the yacht.

But, indeed, the whole itinerary of the King's 1936 pleasure cruise was marked by just such delightfull unconventionalities. (Now back in London at important theatrical first-nights, things were necessarily different. But then, about that time the King was being reported engaged to this European princess or that one. While the King was on his merry cruise on the "Nahlin", two eligible princesses who were on the list of his possible brides announced engagements to others.)

On their strolls on the Dalmatian coast, photographers had little difficulty snapping Edward surrounded by his guests, with Mrs. Simpson, demure, smiling and charmingly self-confident, in the group's centre. Indeed, when one officious attendant of the royal party confiscated a camera that was aimed at the royal vacationers, the King retrieved it and returned it to the photographer. The crowds they frequently attracted seemed to include Edward's guest of honour in their enthusiasm.

An intimate sketch of Mrs. Simpson made by a friend while she and the King were on their Mediterranean trip.



In a Skiff for two: The King and Mrs. Simpson during the Mediterranean Cruise.

CONGRESS TERMS TO HARIJANS

Mahatma Advises Madras Leader To Be Open In His Dealings

MADRAS, December 4.

Replying to Mr. Satyamurti, President of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee, who forwarded to Mahatma Gandhi, the terms he offered to the local Harijan leaders for adopting Harijans as Congress candidates in the primary elections for Scheduled Classes seats, Mahatma Gandhi says:—

WHY CONFIDENTIAL

"The terms offered by you appear to me to be reasonable, but the uplift of Harijans is an equivocal expression. The Congress is pledged to the removal of untouchability, root and branch. It is a part of the original programme. I do hope the primary elections will be uncontested. Why should your terms be confidential? I would advise absolutely open dealings in a question in which the vast mass of people are affected."

THE TERMS

Mr. Satyamurti's terms include the freedom of action for Harijan Congress members in matters affecting their community, should any difference arise between them and the Congress Party, and also Harijan members will be free to act in matters requiring the help of the Government for the relief and uplift of Harijans despite any party rules to the contrary. The Congress Party will have the uplift of Harijans as an integral part of their programme and no plan of non-co-operation or the boycott of the legislature undertaken by the Congress need bind Harijan members if they do not agree to

Blind-folded, leaning almost nonchalantly against a tree a young man suspected of espionage on behalf of the rebels, meets his end before a Government firing squad in a shady Madrid park.

Caveeshar To Tour Tamil Nad

CALICUT, December 3.

It is learnt that Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar will tour in Malabar and Tamil Nad for about a fortnight after the election in Punjab are over in the month of January.—United Press.

CONGRESS MESSAGE TO PEASANTS

Jedhe And Gadgil Finish Tour In Kolaba Dt.

MAHAD, Dec. 3.

Messrs. Jedhe and Gadgil completed their tour of Kolaba District. During their tour, they addressed over 30 meetings and thousands of peasants heard the Congress message. The tour has been very successful. Election campaign is now in full swing.

A large section of Khots is definitely behind the Congress. At Mahad a few reactionaries made unsuccessful attempt to obstruct Mr. Jedhe while speaking.

POST & TELEGRAPH OFFICE AT TILAK-NAGAR

TILAK NAGAR, December 4.

Mr. G. A. Deshpande, Secretary of the Reception Committee of the Faizpur Congress Session anuounces that, as a Post and Telegraph Office has been opened at Tilak Nagar from December 1, all communications either by post or telegram should be addressed to Tilak Nagar direct.

It may be noted, he says, that the telegraph time is fixed from seven hours in the morning to twenty hours in the evening.—United Press.

CONGRESS ASSURED OF PEASANT SUPPORT

DAPOLI, Dec. 4.

Accompanied by Messrs. Pawar and Agharker, Congress candidates Messrs. N. V. Gadgil and Jedhe toured Dapoli, northern Taluka of Ratnagiri. They addressed several peasant meetings. Congress is assured of solid support.

Messrs. Gadgil and Jedhe are leaving for Poona to-night.—United Press.

What Disqualifies Candidates

MADRAS, Dec. 2.

In connection with the disqualification of candidates seeking elections to the New Provincial Legislatures, the Government have drawn the attention of the Returning Officers to the fact that disqualification was imposed by Section 69 (1) (e) of the Government of India Act, 1935, only if a sentence of not less than two years' imprisonment was passed in a single conviction. They have further pointed out that the Returning Officers should dispose of nomination papers with reference to this interpretation so far as this practical head of disqualification is concerned.—United Press.

ROY'S HEALTH IMPROVES

Ready To Start Work As A Congressman

PATNA, (By Mail).

Mr. Charles Mascarenhas, of Bombay, who had a long interview with Mr. M. N. Roy at Allahabad told a "United Press" representative that Mr. Roy was improving in health.

He was wearing Khaddar, said Mr. Mascarenhas, and was determined to take active part in Congress immediately. He was expecting to be elected to the A.I.C.C. by the U. P. Congress Committee and expressed his willingness to serve on the Working Committee, if he was called upon. Mr. Roy said that he was keen on the unification of all the Socialist elements in the country on the common line strengthening the Congress and transforming it into the organ of anti-imperialist struggle through and through.—United Press.

ROY LEAVES FOR CAWNPORE

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 4.

Mr. M. N. Roy left for Cawnpore this morning, from where he goes to Lucknow to attend the meeting of the U.P. Delegates to the Faizpur Congress.

From Lucknow he is planning to go to Bombay, where he will consult doctors regarding his health.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is expected to go to Lucknow tomorrow.—A. P.

DR. NORMAN WRIGHT WILL TOUR SOUTH INDIA

BARODA, December 4.

Doctor Norman C. Wright, Director of Hannah Dairy Research Institute, Kirkhill Ayrshire in Great Britain and Foreign Expert adviser in dairying, in a letter to the Australian Dairy Company of Baroda, states that he was most interested to visit Australian Dairy Company at Baroda and see methods employed in the production of butter and thoroughly enjoyed his inspection of the premises.

Dr. Wright will visit Poona and will be there up to Sixth December, and then will visit Bangalore, Mysore, Madras, Coimbatore and Ootacamund, reaching Ootacamund on December 20.—United Press.

Tamil Nadu Congress Presidentship

MADRAS, Dec. 2.

The Secretaries, Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, write:

Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, having expressed his inability to accept the presidentship of the Tamil Nadu Provincial Conference, under Clause 4 of Rule 43, Mr. I. Vedaratnam Pillai has been recommended as the President of the Tamil Nadu Provincial Conference to be held at Vellore.—A. P.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Clever One*

CLIFTON, TAKE THIS EMPTY GUN — THE SERGEANT WILL TAKE THE PART OF HALE — NOW SHOW US EXACTLY WHAT HAPPENED!
HALE AND I STRUGGLED — THEN EVERYTHING WENT BLACK!
TAKE A LOOK AT HIS HEAD CORONER!
HMM — CLIFTON WAS KNOCKED OUT BY A BLUNT WEAPON — AND HE WAS HIT FROM BEHIND NOT FROM THE FRONT!
SO WHAT? — HE SHOT HALE AND TURNED — THEN HALE HIT HIM AND FELL AFTERWARDS, THAT'S ALL!
THAT'S NOT ALL, SERGEANT! — TAKE A LOOK AT THE WOUND IN HALE'S BODY!

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